



Standards

Category 1 - Customer Payments and Cheques

For Standards MT November 2018

Message Reference Guide

Standards Release Guide

This reference guide contains the category 1 message text standards, including a detailed description of the scope, the format specifications, the rules, the guidelines, and the field specifications of each message type.

22 December 2017

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Introduction

Summary of Changes

Added Message Types

None

Removed Message Types

None

Modified Message Types

MT 101 on page 8

MT 102 on page 48

MT 102 STP on page 95

MT 103 on page 137

MT 103 REMIT on page 174

MT 103 STP on page 212

MT 110 on page 247

Category 1 Message Types

The following table lists all message types defined in category 1.

For each message type, there is a short description, an indicator whether the message type is signed (Y/N), the maximum message length on input (2,000 or 10,000 characters), whether the use of the message requires registration with SWIFT for use in a message user group (Y) or not (N) and whether value date ordering (VDO) can be requested for the message (Y/N). Value date ordering criteria are described in the *Standards MT General Information*.

MT	MT Name	Purpose	Signed ⁽¹⁾	Max. Length	MUG	VDO
101	Request For Transfer	Requests to debit a customer's account held at the receiver or at another institution	Y	10,000	Y	Y
102	Multiple Customer Credit Transfer	Conveys multiple payment instructions between financial institutions	Y	10,000	Y	Y
102 STP	Multiple Customer Credit Transfer	Conveys multiple payment instructions between financial institutions	Y	10,000	Y	Y
103	Single Customer Credit Transfer	Instructs a funds transfer	Y	10,000	N	Y
103 STP	Single Customer Credit Transfer	Instructs a funds transfer	Y	10,000	N	Y
103 REMIT	Single Customer Credit Transfer	Instructs a funds transfer	Y	10,000	Y	Y
104	Direct Debit and Request for Debit Transfer	Conveys direct debit instructions or requests for direct debits between financial institutions	Y	10,000	Y	Y
105	EDIFACT Envelope	An envelope which conveys a 2k EDIFACT message	Y	2,000	Y	N
107	General Direct Debit	To order the debit of a debtor's account and to collect payment from this account	Y	10,000	Y	Y
110	Advice of Cheque	Advises or confirms the issuance of a cheque to the drawee bank	Y	2,000	N	Y
111	Request for Stop Payment of a Cheque	Requests the drawee bank to stop payment of a cheque	Y	2,000	N	Y

MT	MT Name	Purpose	Signed ⁽¹⁾	Max. Length	MUG	VDO
112	Status of a Request for Stop Payment of a Cheque	Indicates action(s) taken in attempting to stop payment of a cheque	Y	2,000	N	Y
190	Advice of Charges, Interest and Other Adjustments	Advises an account owner of charges, interest and other adjustments	Y	2,000	N	N
191	Request for Payment of Charges, Interest and Other Expenses	Requests payment of charges, interest or other expenses	Y	2,000	N	N
192	Request for Cancellation	Requests the Receiver to consider cancellation of the message identified in the request	Y	2,000	N	N
195	Queries	Requests information relating to a previous message or amendment to a previous message	Y	2,000	N	N
196	Answers	Responds to an MT 195 Query or MT 192 Request for Cancellation or other message where no specific message type has been provided for a response	Y	2,000	N	N
198	Proprietary Message	Contains formats defined and agreed to between users and for those messages not yet live	Y	10,000	N	N
199	Free Format Message	Contains information for which no other message type has been defined	Y	2,000	N	N

(1) A Relationship Management Application (RMA) authorisation is required in order to sign a message.

Note: A Message User Group (MUG), for the purposes of this book, is a group of users who have voluntarily agreed to support the specified message type and have registered with SWIFT to send or receive the specified message type. These messages are indicated in the preceding table in the column MUG.

Registration is free of charge. To register to use one or more message types, submit a registration request (**Order Message User Group**) through the forms available on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > Ordering > Order Products and Services > Message User Group (MUG).

To withdraw from a MUG, use the **Terminate your MUG subscription** request. These forms are available at www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > Ordering > Terminate and deactivate > Message User Group (MUG).

To get the list of other members of a particular MUG, send an MT 999 to the Customer Implementation team (SWHQBEBBOS).

Euro - Impact on Category Message Standards

See the *Standards MT General Information* for full details of the Euro-Related Information (ERI) and the impact on Standards MT message types.

MT 101 Request for Transfer

Note: The use of this message type requires Message User Group (MUG) registration.

MT 101 Scope

This message is:

- sent by a financial institution on behalf of a non-financial institution account owner, to an account servicing financial institution or to a forwarding financial institution for further transmission to the account servicing institution.
- sent by a non-financial institution account owner, or a party authorised by the account owner, to an account servicing financial institution or to a forwarding financial institution for further transmission to the account servicing institution.

It is used to move funds from the ordering customer's account(s) serviced at the receiving financial institution or at the account servicing institution, or from an account(s) owned by the ordering customer which the instructing customer has explicit authority to debit, for example, a subsidiary account.

The MT 101 can be used to order the movement of funds:

- between ordering customer accounts, or
- in favour of a third party, either domestically or internationally.

For use of messages in the corporate to bank environment, see the MT message implementation guide for corporate customers available on www.swift.com.

MT 101 Format Specifications

The MT 101 consists of two sequences:

- Sequence A General Information is a single occurrence mandatory sequence and contains information to be applied to all individual transactions detailed in sequence B.
- Sequence B Transaction Details is a repetitive sequence; each occurrence provides details of one individual transaction. Fields which appear in both sequences are mutually exclusive.

MT 101 Request for Transfer

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
Mandatory Sequence A General Information				
M	20	Sender's Reference	16x	1
O	21R	Customer Specified Reference	16x	2
M	28D	Message Index/Total	5n/5n	3
O	50a	Instructing Party	C or L	4
O	50a	Ordering Customer	F, G, or H	5

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
O	52a	Account Servicing Institution	A or C	6
O	51A	Sending Institution	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	7
M	30	Requested Execution Date	6!n	8
O	25	Authorisation	35x	9
End of Sequence A General Information				
-----> Mandatory Repetitive Sequence B Transaction Details				
M	21	Transaction Reference	16x	10
O	21F	F/X Deal Reference	16x	11
----->				
O	23E	Instruction Code	4!c[/30x]	12

M	32B	Currency/Transaction Amount	3!a15d	13
O	50a	Instructing Party	C or L	14
O	50a	Ordering Customer	F, G, or H	15
O	52a	Account Servicing Institution	A or C	16
O	56a	Intermediary	A, C, or D	17
O	57a	Account With Institution	A, C, or D	18
M	59a	Beneficiary	No letter option, A, or F	19
O	70	Remittance Information	4*35x	20
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	21
O	33B	Currency/Original Ordered Amount	3!a15d	22
M	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	23
O	25A	Charges Account	/34x	24
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	25
----- End of Sequence B Transaction Details				
M = Mandatory, O = Optional - Network Validated Rules may apply				

MT 101 Network Validated Rules

- C1** If an exchange rate is given in field 36, the corresponding forex deal must be referenced in field 21F (Error code(s): D54).

Sequence B if field 36 is ...	Sequence B then field 21F is ...
Present	Mandatory
Not present	Optional

- C2** In each occurrence of sequence B, if field 33B is present and 'amount' in field 32B is not equal to zero, then field 36 must be present, otherwise field 36 is not allowed (Error code(s): D60).

Within the same occurrence of sequence B		
If field 33B is ...	And amount in field 32B is ...	Then field 36 is ...
Present	Equal to zero	Not allowed
	Not equal to zero	Mandatory
Not present	Not applicable	Not allowed

- C3** If there is only one debit account, the ordering customer must be identified in field 50a (option F, G or H) in sequence A. Conversely, if multiple debit accounts are used, they must be identified for every transaction in field 50a (option F, G or H) of sequence B.

Consequently, field 50a (option F, G or H), must be present in either sequence A (index 5) or in each occurrence of sequence B (index 15), but must never be present in both sequences, nor be absent from both sequences (Error code(s): D61).

Sequence A if field 50a (option F, G or H) is ...	In every occurrence of sequence B then field 50a (option F, G or H) is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Mandatory

- C4** Field 50a (option C or L), may be present in either sequence A (index 4), or in one or more occurrences of sequence B (index 14), but must not be present in both sequences A and B (Error code(s): D62).

Sequence A if field 50a (option C or L) is ...	Sequence B then field 50a (option C or L) is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional in any occurrence

- C5** If field 33B is present in sequence B, its currency code must be different from the currency code in field 32B in the same occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D68).

Examples:

Valid	Invalid
:32B:USD1000, :33B:CHF1200,	:32B:USD1000,00 :33B:USD1000,
:32B:CHF1200, :33B:USD1000,	:32B:CHF1200, :33B:CHF1000,00

- C6** Field 52a may be present in either sequence A or in one or more occurrences of sequence B, but must not be present in both sequences (Error code(s): D64).

Sequence A if field 52a is ...	Sequence B then field 52a is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional

- C7** If field 56a is present, field 57a must also be present (Error code(s): D65).

If field 56a is ...	Then field 57a is ...
Present	Mandatory
Not present	Optional

- C8** If field 21R is present in sequence A, then in each occurrence of sequence B, the currency code in fields 32B must be the same (Error code(s): D98).

- C9** In each occurrence of sequence B, the presence of fields 33B and 21F is dependent on the presence and value of fields 32B and 23E as follows (Error code(s): E54).

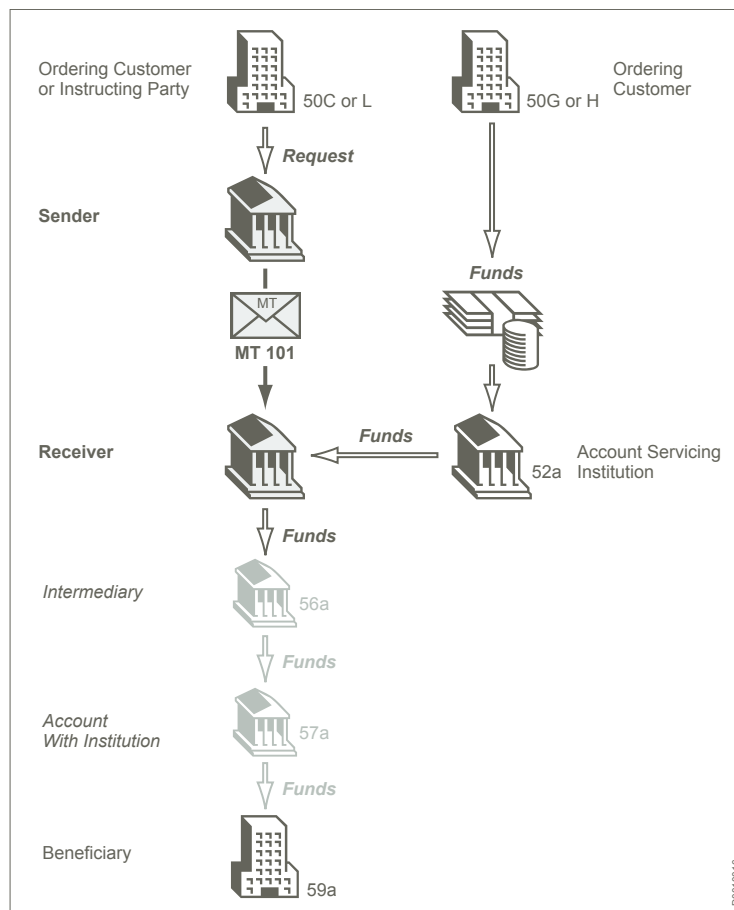
Within the same occurrence of sequence B			
If amount in field 32B is ...	And field 23E is ...	Then field 33B is ...	And field 21F is ...
Equal to zero	Present and code is equal to EQUI	Mandatory	Optional
	Present and code is not equal to EQUI	Not allowed	Not allowed
	Not present	Not allowed	Not allowed
Not equal to zero	Not applicable	Optional	Optional

MT 101 Usage Rules

- If field 21R is present in sequence A, and field 28D indicates that more than one message is chained for this request for transfer instruction, the currency code must be the same for all occurrences of field 32B in sequence B of all chained messages.
- In case of an equivalent amount transfer, identified with the code EQUI in field 23E, the transaction amount in field 32B must equal zero.

- In case of sweeping, topping or zero balancing operations, identified with a code in field 23E, the transaction amount in field 32B can equal zero.
- In case field 28D indicates that messages are chained, all messages belonging to the same chain must have exactly the same sender's reference in field 20.
- In case field 28D indicates that messages are chained, sequence A must be repeated and be identical for all messages belonging to the same chain.
- When the currency of the settlement amount is in euro and it is necessary to indicate the equivalent in National Currency Denomination, the following guideline applies:
 - field 32B contains the euro amount, to be executed by the receiver;
 - field 33B contains the currency and value of the instructed amount that is the NCD amount, equivalent to field 32B;
 - field 36 (due to network validated rule 2) contains the fixed conversion rate between the euro and the National Denomination Currency amounts;
 - field 21F (due to network validated rule 1) contains the value "NONREF".

The complete chain of parties and the transaction flow is illustrated by the following figure:



The parties mentioned in the chain are not necessarily different entities. The first column of the table below shows the parties that can be omitted in an MT 101. The second column specifies the party which assumes the role of the party in the first column, when it is not present:

If the following party is missing ...	Its function is assumed by ...
Instructing party	Ordering customer
Account servicing institution	Receiver
Intermediary	Account with institution
Account with institution	Receiver

MT 101 Field Specifications

1. Field 20: Sender's Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference assigned by the Sender to unambiguously identify the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '//'
(Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

The reference must be unique for each message (or chain of messages) and is part of the message identification and transaction identification which is to be used in related queries, cancellations, etc.

2. Field 21R: Customer Specified Reference

FORMAT

Option R 16x

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference to the entire message assigned by either the:

- instructing party, when present or

- ordering customer, when the instructing party is not present.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '//'
(Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

When this field is present, the ordering customer requests a single debit entry for the sum of the amounts of all transactions in the instruction, even if this instruction is chained in several messages. If the field is not used, all debit items are posted individually.

3. Field 28D: Message Index/Total

FORMAT

Option D	5n/5n	(Message Index)(Total)
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PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field chains different messages by specifying the sequence number in the total number of messages.

USAGE RULES

Both the message index and the total number of messages allow the receiver to check that all transactions to be executed have been received.

4. Field 50a: Instructing Party

FORMAT

Option C	4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Identifier Code)
Option L	35x	(Party Identifier)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the customer which is authorised by the account owner/account servicing institution to order all the transactions in the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a non-financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45,E57).

USAGE RULES

This field must only be used when the instructing customer is not also the account owner.

5. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option G	/34x 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option H	/34x 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the account owner whose account is to be debited with all transactions in sequence B.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.

DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.
5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.

8	Additional Information	<p>The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.
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NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a non-financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45,E57).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code(Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.
 - to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

Both the account number of the ordering customer at the Receiver or at the account servicing institution and the name and address or the non-financial institution BIC of the ordering customer must be present.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

6. Field 52a: Account Servicing Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C6) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the account servicing institution - when other than the Receiver - which services the account of the account owner to be debited. This is applicable even if field 50a Ordering Customer contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code

BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The coded information contained in field 52a should be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

Option A is the preferred option.

If the account servicing institution cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, option C should be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

7. Field 51A: Sending Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
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PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the Sender of the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Field 51A is only valid in FileAct (Error code(s): D63).

USAGE RULES

At least the first eight characters of the Identifier Code in this field must be identical to the originator of this FileAct message.

The content of field 20 Sender's Reference together with the content of this field provides the message identification which is to be used in the case of queries, cancellations, etc.

8. Field 30: Requested Execution Date

FORMAT

6!n	(Date)
-----	--------

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the date on which all subsequent transactions should be initiated by the executing bank.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

USAGE RULES

This is the date on which the ordering customer's account(s) is (are) to be debited.

9. Field 25: Authorisation

FORMAT

35x

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies additional security provisions, for example, a digital signature, between the ordering customer/instructing party and the account servicing financial institution.

USAGE RULES

The purpose of this field is to allow the account servicing institution to confirm that the account owner did indeed authorise this instruction. The account owner and the account servicing institution will agree on the mechanism for providing this security information, for example, the account servicing institution may provide the account owner with an electronic device that generates a new security code each time the account owner requests a new payment .

10. Field 21: Transaction Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field contains the unique reference for the individual transaction contained in a particular occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

In transaction specific queries, cancellations, etc., the Sender's reference together with the content of this field provides the transaction identification.

11. Field 21F: F/X Deal Reference

FORMAT

Option F 16x

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C1 and C9) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the foreign exchange contract reference between the ordering customer and the account servicing financial institution.

CODES

The following code may be used:

NONREF There is no underlying foreign exchange deal to this transaction

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

12. Field 23E: Instruction Code

FORMAT

Option E 4!c[/30x] (Instruction Code)(Additional Information)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies instructions to be used between the ordering customer and the account servicer.

CODES

Instruction Code must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T47):

CHQB	Cheque	Pay beneficiary customer by cheque only. The optional account number line in field 59a must not be used.
CMSW	Sweep the account	This transaction contains a cash management instruction, requesting to sweep the account of the ordering customer.
CMTO	Top the account	This transaction contains a cash management instruction, requesting to top the account of the ordering customer above a certain floor amount. The floor amount, if not pre-agreed by the parties involved, may be specified after the code.
CMZB	Zero balance the account	This transaction contains a cash management instruction, requesting to zero balance the account of the ordering customer.
CORT	Corporate Trade	Payment is made in settlement of a trade, for example, foreign exchange deal, securities transaction.
EQUI	Equivalent Amount	This transaction contains an instruction requesting to pay the beneficiary customer an amount in one currency, equivalent to an instructed amount in a different currency.
INTC	Intra-Company Payment	A payment between two companies belonging to the same group.
NETS	Net Settlement System	This transaction contains a payment that should be settled via a net settlement system, if available.
OTHR	Other	Used for bilaterally agreed codes/information. The actual bilateral code/information needs to be specified in Additional Information.
PHON	Telephone	This transaction requires the beneficiary to be contacted by telephone and should be followed by the appropriate telephone number. This code is meant for the last financial institution in the chain.
REPA	Related Payment	Payment has a related e-Payments reference.
RTGS	RTGS Payment	This transaction contains a payment that should be settled via a real time gross settlement system, if available.
URGP	Urgent Payment	This transaction contains a time-sensitive payment which should be executed in an expeditious manner.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Additional Information is only allowed when Instruction Code consists of one of the following codes: CMTO, PHON, OTHR and REPA (Error code(s): D66).

In each occurrence of sequence B: when this field is repeated, the same code word must not be present more than once with the exception of OTHR. The code word OTHR may be repeated (Error code(s): E46).

In each occurrence of sequence B: when this field is used more than once, the following combinations are not allowed (Error code(s): D67).

CHQB	with	CMSW
CHQB	with	CMTO
CHQB	with	CMZB
CHQB	with	CORT
CHQB	with	NETS
CHQB	with	PHON
CHQB	with	REPA
CHQB	with	RTGS
CHQB	with	URGP
CMSW	with	CMTO
CMSW	with	CMZB
CMTO	with	CMZB
CORT	with	CMSW
CORT	with	CMTO
CORT	with	CMZB
CORT	with	REPA
EQUI	with	CMSW
EQUI	with	CMTO
EQUI	with	CMZB
NETS	with	RTGS

For example:

Valid	Invalid
:23E:URGP	:23E:CHQB
:23E:CORT	:23E:URGP
	:23E:NETS
	:23E:RTGS

USAGE RULES

Code REPA indicates that the payment is the result of an initiation performed via an e-payments product between the customers. This code is intended for the beneficiary's bank who should act according to the specifications of the e-payments product.

The use of EQUI is subject to agreements between the ordering customer and beneficiary customer and between the ordering customer and his account servicing institution.

To facilitate the receiving bank's processing when multiple codes are used, the codes must appear in the following order:

- instructions for the receiver of the message (CMSW, CMTO, CMZB, INTC, REPA, CORT, URGP)
- codes impacting the routing or composition of the resulting payment message (NETS, RTGS)
- codes containing instructions for one of the following parties in the transaction chain (CHQB, PHON)
- information codes (OTHR)

13. Field 32B: Currency/Transaction Amount

FORMAT

Option B	3!a15d	(Currency)(Amount)
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PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and the amount of the subsequent transfer to be executed by the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

USAGE RULES

The amount is subject to deduction of the Receiver's/beneficiary bank's charges if field 71A is BEN or SHA.

14. Field 50a: Instructing Party

FORMAT

Option C	4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Identifier Code)
Option L	35x	(Party Identifier)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field identifies the customer which is authorised by the account owner/account servicing institution to order the transactions in this particular occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a non-financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45,E57).

USAGE RULES

This field must only be used when the instructing customer is not also the account owner.

15. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option G	/34x 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option H	/34x 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field identifies the ordering customer which is the account owner ordering the transaction in the same occurrence of the sequence.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.
5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.

8	Additional Information	<p>The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.
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NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a non-financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45,E57).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.
 - to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

Both the account number of the ordering customer at the Receiver or at the account servicing institution and the name and address or the non-financial institution BIC of the ordering customer must be present.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address), if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

16. Field 52a: Account Servicing Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C6) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the account servicing institution - when other than the Receiver - which services the account of the account owner to be debited. This is applicable even if field 50a Ordering Customer contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code

BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The coded information contained in field 52a should be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

Option A is the preferred option.

If the account servicing institution cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, option C should be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

17. Field 56a: Intermediary

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a][//34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)
Option D	[/1!a][//34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution through which the transaction must pass to reach the account with institution.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code

ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C or D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)

SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)
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NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The intermediary may be a branch or affiliate of the Receiver or the account with institution, or an entirely different financial institution.

When one of the codes //FW (with or without the 9-digit number), //AU, //CP or //IN is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56a and 57a of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

Option A is the preferred option.

If the intermediary cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, option C should be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

Option D must only be used in exceptional circumstances: when the party cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, when there is a need to be able to specify a name and address, for example, due to regulatory considerations or when there is a bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver permitting its use.

When qualified by a clearing system code or an account number, the use of option D will enable the automated processing of the instruction(s) by the Receiver.

18. Field 57a: Account With Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C7) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution which services the account for the beneficiary customer. This is applicable even if field 59a contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C or D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong

IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When field 57a is not present, it means that the Receiver is also the account with institution.

When one of the codes //FW (with or without the 9-digit number), //AU, //CP or //IN is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56a and 57a of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

Option A is the preferred option.

If the account with institution cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, option C should be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

Option D must only be used in exceptional circumstances: when the party cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, when there is a need to be able to specify a name and address, for example, due to regulatory considerations or when there is a bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver permitting its use.

When qualified by a clearing system code or an account number, the use of option D will enable the automated processing of the instruction(s) by the Receiver.

19. Field 59a: Beneficiary

FORMAT

No letter option	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)
Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	[/34x] 4*(!n/33x)	(Account) (Number/Name and Address Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field identifies the beneficiary of the subsequent operation from the particular occurrence of sequence B.

CODES

In option F, Number/Name and Address Details must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Beneficiary Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the beneficiary customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide for example, street name and number, building name or post office box number).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence, as provided by the ordering customer.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, for subfields (Number)(Name and Address Details):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).

- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

USAGE RULES

At least the name or BIC of the beneficiary customer is mandatory.

If the account number of the beneficiary customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F:

- line numbers may be repeated
- if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in the additional details

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

20. Field 70: Remittance Information

FORMAT

4*35x (Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies details of the individual transactions which are to be transmitted to the beneficiary customer.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used, placed between slashes:

INV	Invoice	Invoice (followed by the date, reference and details of the invoice).
IPI	International Payment Instruction	Unique reference identifying a related International Payment Instruction (followed by up to 20 characters).
RFB	Reference for Beneficiary	Reference for the beneficiary customer (followed by up to 16 characters).
ROC	Reference of Customer	Ordering customer's reference.
TSU	Trade Services Utility transaction	The code placed between slashes (/) must be followed by the TSU transaction identifier, a slash (/), the invoice number, a slash (/) and the amount paid.

USAGE RULES

For clearing purposes, the Sender must check with the Receiver regarding length restrictions of field 70.

The information specified in this field is intended only for the beneficiary customer, that is, this information only needs to be conveyed by the Receiver.

Multiple references can be used, if separated with a double slash, '/'. Code must not be repeated between two references of the same kind.

For STP purposes, when an ISO 11649 Creditor Reference is present in this field it must be on the first line, without any characters preceding it, and it must be the only information on that line.

21. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B	3*35x	(Narrative)
----------	-------	-------------

In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of the Receiver or the Sender/originating customer.

CODES

When the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

BENEFRES	Residence of the beneficiary customer.
ORDERRES	Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field.

22. Field 33B: Currency/Original Ordered Amount

FORMAT

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C9) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the original currency and amount as specified by the ordering customer.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field is used when the currency and amount are different from those specified in field 32B.

23. Field 71A: Details of Charges

FORMAT

Option A 3!a (Code)

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the applicable charges for the subsequent transfer of funds.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges, including the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer's account, for the subsequent credit transfer(s) are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	All transaction charges for the subsequent credit transfer are to be borne by the ordering customer.

SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.
-----	----------------	--

USAGE RULES

These charge codes cover potential charges associated with the sending of subsequent MTs 102, 103. Charges for sending the MT 101 should be handled outside of this message type.

24. Field 25A: Charges Account

FORMAT

Option A	/34x	(Account)
----------	------	-----------

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the ordering customer's account number to which applicable transaction charges should be separately applied.

USAGE RULES

When used, the account number must be different from the account number specified in field 50a Ordering Customer.

25. Field 36: Exchange Rate

FORMAT

12d	(Rate)
-----	--------

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C2) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

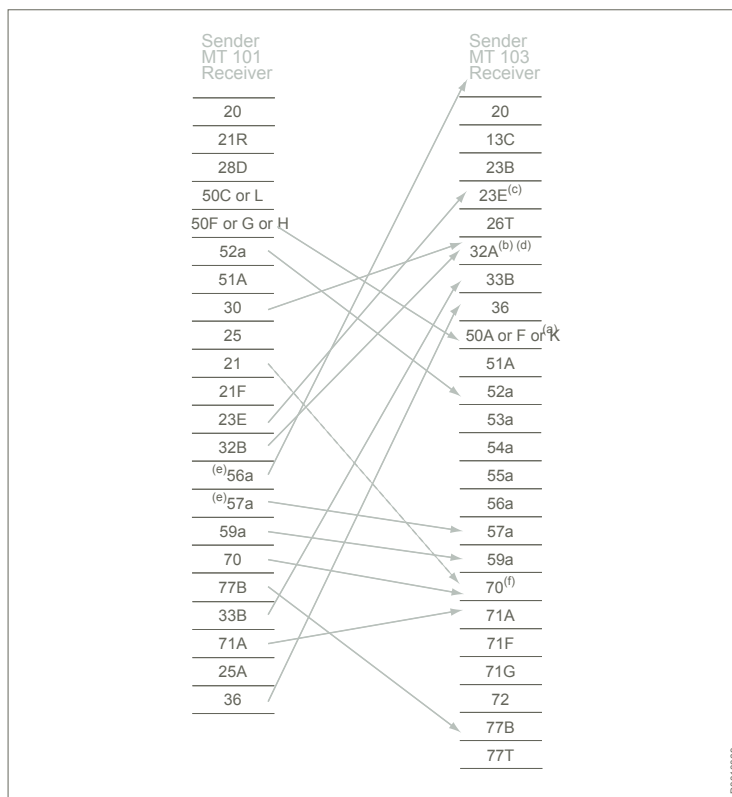
This field specifies the exchange rate applied by the ordering customer/instructing party when converting the original ordered amount to the transaction amount.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40,T43).

MT 101 Mapping

The following illustrates the mapping of a single-transaction MT 101 onto an equivalent MT 103:



National and Banking practices may differ from the mapping shown above.

Mapping onto an MT 103 core is shown for illustration purposes. A multiple MT 101 could also be mapped onto an MT 102 or onto several MTs 103. Mapping onto an MT 103 STP may require more constraints.

Note:

- Fields 20, 21R, 28D, 51A, 25, 21F and 25A should not be mapped onto the MT 103.
- See **(a)** in the figure above.
If both field 50a Instructing Party (50C or L) and field 50a Ordering Customer (50F, G or H) are present in the MT 101 then, per default, 50a Ordering Customer should be mapped onto the subsequent MT 103.
- See **(b)** in the figure above.
Field 30 of the MT 101 is used to construct subfield 1 of field 32A of the MT 103. Whenever relevant, the Interbank Settlement Date of the MT 103 takes into account the instruction codes present in field 23E of the MT 101 (for example RTGS).
- See **(c)** in the figure above.
As a general rule, field 23E of the MT 101 is mapped to field 23E of the MT 103. However codes CMSW, CMTO, CMZB, NETS and URGP are intended for the receiver of the message and no mapping to the MT 103 is required, except in the case of codes CMSW, CMTO and CMZB where the beneficiary account is not with the receiver of the MT 101. In this case these codes must be mapped to field 70 of the MT 103. Code EQUI is not mapped to a field of the MT103, but its presence in the MT 101 will result in the presence of fields 32A, 33B and 36 in the MT 103.

Note:

Some codes require specific mapping action at the executing institution, for example:

- RTGS mapped from the MT 101 to the MT 103 may require the payment to be executed via an RTGS system or code //RT to be added in field 57a of the MT 103

- CHQB in the MT 101 will lead to the issuance of a cheque by the executing institution when fields 56a and 57a are not present or by specified correspondent when fields 56a and/or 57a are present
- PHON in the MT 101 should be mapped to PHOB in the MT 103
- See **(d)** in the figure above.
When present, field 33B of the MT 101 is mapped onto field 33B of the MT 103. If field 33B is not present in the MT 101, field 32B of the MT 101 is mapped onto field 33B of the MT 103. In all other cases, field 32B of the MT 101 is used to build subfields 2 and 3 of field 32A of the MT 103.
Note:
Charges for the processing of the MT 101 are to be accounted for separately and posted to the account mentioned in field 25A of the MT 101, when present. Below charges relate to the processing of the MT 103 only.
 - If field 71A of the MT 101 contains SHA, field 32B of the MT 101 is mapped to subfields 2 and 3 of field 32A of the MT 103.
 - If field 71A of the MT 101 contains OUR and charges are known, charges for the entire transaction are added to field 32B of the MT 101 and mapped in field 32A of the MT 103. In this case, field 71G of the MT 103 may be present.
 - If field 71A of the MT 101 contains OUR and charges are not known, field 32B of the MT 101 is mapped onto field 32A of the MT 103 and field 71G is not present (in this case, the executing institution will be charged back by the next party(ies) in the transaction chain).
 - If field 71A contains BEN, charges of the executing bank are deducted from field 32B from the received MT 101. The result is mapped onto field 32A of the MT 103. In this case, charges of the executing bank will be quoted into field 71F of the MT 103.
- See **(e)** in the figure above.
Fields 56a and 57a:
 - If both fields 56a and 57a are not present in the MT 101, the MT 101 triggers a book transfer at the executing institution or issuance of a cheque.
 - If both fields 56a and 57a are present, field 56a maps to the Receiver of the MT 103 and field 57a is mapped in field 57a of the MT 103.
 - If only field 57a is present in the MT 101, field 57a is mapped onto Receiver of the MT 103.
- See **(f)** in the figure above.
It is not mandatory to map field 21 of the MT 101 in the MT 103. However, if desired, it should be mapped onto field 70 of the MT 103 as follows: :70:/ROC/value.

MT 101 Operating Procedures

This message requires the implementation of special procedures, with its use governed by at least the following two bilateral agreements:

- Between the account servicing financial institution and the ordering customer.
- Between the sending financial institution and the ordering customer.

Depending on local market practice, additional bilateral agreements may be required, for example:

- Between the sending financial institution and the receiving financial institution.
- Between the account servicing financial institution and the instructing party.

Institutions are recommended to use the MT 101 Operational Rules and Checklist as a guide for establishing their agreements. These bilateral agreements cover the responsibilities/liabilities of the parties of the request for transfer, the transaction amount limits, etc.

MT 101 Operational Rules & Checklist

This section provides a checklist for MT 101 payments. It is strongly recommended that these guidelines be used by financial institutions as a basis for establishing bilateral or multilateral agreements for the processing of request for transfer payments, that is payments transmitted by MT 101 via FIN, or FileAct.

It is also recommended that all items listed be covered in the bilateral or multilateral agreements. In order to further facilitate the set up of these agreements, common procedures have been defined which financial institutions, if they wish, may override.

The checklist is not intended to provide an exhaustive list of items, nor does SWIFT claim any responsibility for it.

Bilateral Agreements, General Overview

Bilateral Agreement 1

Amends an existing agreement between the receiving financial institution and the ordering customer.

This agreement establishes the receiving financial institution's authorisation to accept and act upon ordering customer requested payment instructions received from the sending financial institution. Responsibility of effecting the actual movement of funds is an obligation of the receiving financial institution.

Bilateral Agreement 2

Amends an existing (electronic payments link) agreement between the sending financial institution and the ordering customer.

This agreement must clarify the obligations of the sending financial institution, including ensuring the integrity of the message received from the ordering customer, and the monitoring of the delivery of the message to the receiving financial institution.

The agreement should also state that the liability of the sending financial institution is limited to the delivery of this message to the SWIFT network in a timely manner. In other words the sending financial institution is not liable for the actual payment.

Bilateral Agreement 3

Establishes a bilateral agreement between financial institutions exchanging request for transfer messages.

This agreement, if necessary, should further clarify the inter-bank responsibilities of the financial institutions involved in the request for transfer payment flow.

Bilateral Agreement 4

Establishes a bilateral agreement between the account servicing financial institution and the instructing party/ordering customer.

This agreement, when used, allows the account owner to authorise the account servicing financial institution to effect the transfers ordered by the ordering customer or instructing party.

Transaction Amount Limits

When financial institutions agree to define amount limits on the individual transactions, their limits should be specified per currency.

When the agreement allows for transactions above amounts to which specific requirements apply, for example regulatory reporting requirements, these requirements and their associated formatting should also be specified in the agreement.

Charging Options and Amounts

There are three charging options as defined for use in the MT 101, that is OUR, SHA, BEN.

These charges can be an exact amount or formula (percentage). The charges cover the guarantee and processing of transactions which the Receiver provides to the Sender, up to the transactions posting to the Beneficiary's account, or execution of payment to the beneficiary's account with institution. The pricing of incidental bank-customer services, for example the method of advice for daily/weekly/monthly statements, and their subsequent charging, which may differ from institution to institution, are not considered to be part of the charges.

Charges due to	Charges per message ⁽¹⁾	Charges per transaction ⁽¹⁾

(1) *formula or exact amount*

Dates & Time Frames

The sending financial institution and the receiving financial institution should agree on the time frame needed by the Receiver to execute the payments accepted in its country. This time frame starts as of an agreed upon cut-off time for receipt of incoming messages by the Receiver.

Messages received before the Receiver's cut-off time, will be settled on a pre-agreed upon day which is X number of days following the day of receipt D. For messages received after the Receiver's cut-off time, the settlement time frame will be based on D+1.

D will also be the basis for calculating the requested execution date, that is the date on which the ordering customer account is to be debited.

	Currency 1	Currency 2
Receiver's cut-off time		
Settlement time frame	D (+)	D (+)
Execution time frame for on/us payments (until funds are on account of Beneficiary)	D (+)	D (+)

	Currency 1	Currency 2
Execution time frame for not on/us payments (until funds are on the account of Beneficiary)	D (+)	D (+)

Explanation

D = Date of acceptance and receipt, meaning the message is received by Receiver before their cut-off time;

-or-

D = Date of receipt, and, D + 1 = date of acceptance, meaning the message was received after the Receiver's cut-off time on D.

Level of Controls/Checks and Acceptance of Messages/Transactions

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will take as a basis for their controls/checks all current security aspects of FIN or FileAct as well as the MT 101 message syntax and semantics as defined in the MT 101 message specifications.

In order to achieve straight-through processing of the MT 101s exchanged, financial institutions should define checks and controls related to the bilaterally agreed items.

Unless otherwise agreed/required, transactions passing the checks and controls are considered accepted and therefore irrevocable, that is to be posted to the ordering customer account at the Receiver. In FileAct, the positive acknowledgement sent by the Receiver confirms acceptance of the message received. In FIN, no specific message is required.

If transactions do not pass the checks/controls, they will be rejected (see section 5 below).

Checks and controls performed by the Receiver, including error codes prior to the execution of the transactions:

Checks/Controls	Yes/No	Error code
Transaction amount		
Requested execution date		
Validity of sending financial institution		
Account number/validity of ordering customer		
Currency present		
Account number/identification of beneficiary		
Remittance data (Length/Code)		
Instructing code		
Account balance		
Credit limit		

Checks/Controls	Yes/No	Error code
Other		

Rejects/Returns of Messages/Transactions

For rejects due to a communication failure between the Sender and the Receiver, the existing FIN and FileAct rules apply.

Unless otherwise agreed, messages properly received but failing to pass the checks as defined in section 4 (see above) will be rejected by the Receiver without further processing.

When advising of the transaction/message rejection in FIN, financial institutions are recommended to use either the MT 195, or another message type which follow the SWIFT payment reject guidelines. In FileAct, financial institutions are recommended to use the negative acknowledgement to advise of the rejection.

The reject advice should contain, at a minimum, the reference of the rejected transaction/message and the corresponding error code(s). The parties should bilaterally agree the maximum delay acceptable for the Receiver to notify the sending financial institution, as well as possible related charges.

Unless otherwise agreed, the notification that is returned to the Sender exempts the Receiver from processing the message. The sending financial institution will, after correction, resubmit the transaction/message.

The return of a rejected transaction/message to the sending financial institution after the transaction/message has been posted to an account of the ordering customer at the Receiver, will cause a settlement. Unless otherwise agreed, this settlement will adhere to the following rules:

- it should be in the same currency as the original transaction currency
- it should take place at a bilaterally agreed value date
- the original ordered transaction amount should remain unchanged
- the settlement should take place via the same account relationship(s)
- normal banking practice prevails.

All subscribers should agree on a maximum number of working days after receipt of the MT 101 for rejecting/returning a transaction/message, and on the associated charges to be applied.

The following chart provides details regarding the transaction/message reject/return:

	Reject	Return
Maximum delay from moment of receipt to advice of the reject/return to Sender		
Charges due to the reject/return		

A **Reject** occurs when the message and/or transaction has not yet been booked, that is, accounting has not yet taken place.

A **Return** occurs when the message and/or transaction has already been booked, that is, accounting has already taken place.

Cancellations

Unless otherwise agreed or required by law, messages properly received and accepted are to be considered as irrevocable. Cancellation therefore should be the exception.

If, however, cancellations are accepted in the bilateral agreement, the following details should be agreed upon:

	Details
Acceptable delay for the ordering customer to request cancellation of message	
Acceptable delay for acceptance and response by the Receiver to such a request	
Charges due to the Receiver as a result of such a request	

It is recommended that request for cancellations be sent by MT 192 and responded to by MT 196.

MT 102 Multiple Customer Credit Transfer

Note: The use of this message type requires Message User Group (MUG) registration.

MT 102 Scope

This message is sent by or on behalf of the financial institution of the ordering customer(s) to another financial institution for payment to the beneficiary customer.

It requests the Receiver to credit the beneficiary customer(s) directly or indirectly through a clearing mechanism or another financial institution, or to issue a cheque to the beneficiary.

This message is used to convey multiple payment instructions between financial institutions for clean payments. Its use is subject to bilateral/multilateral agreements between Sender and Receiver.

Amongst other things, these bilateral agreements cover the transaction amount limits, the currencies accepted and their settlement. The multiple payments checklist included below is recommended as a guide for institutions in the setup of their agreements.

MT 102 Format Specifications

The MT 102 consists of three sequences:

- Sequence A General Information is a single occurrence sequence and contains information which applies to all individual transactions described in sequence B.
- Sequence B Transaction Details is a repetitive sequence. Each occurrence is used to provide details of one individual transaction.
- Sequence C Settlement Details is a single occurrence sequence and contains information about the settlement.

MT 102 Multiple Customer Credit Transfer

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
Mandatory Sequence A General Information				
M	20	File Reference	16x	1
M	23	Bank Operation Code	16x	2
O	51A	Sending Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	3
O	50a	Ordering Customer	A, F, or K	4
O	52a	Ordering Institution	A, B, or C	5
O	26T	Transaction Type Code	3!c	6
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	7
O	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	8

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	9
End of Sequence A General Information				
-----> Mandatory Repetitive Sequence B Transaction Details				
M	21	Transaction Reference	16x	10
M	32B	Transaction Amount	3!a15d	11
O	50a	Ordering Customer	A, F, or K	12
O	52a	Ordering Institution	A, B, or C	13
O	57a	Account With Institution	A or C	14
M	59a	Beneficiary Customer	No letter option, A, or F	15
O	70	Remittance Information	4*35x	16
O	26T	Transaction Type Code	3!c	17
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	18
O	33B	Currency/Instructed Amount	3!a15d	19
O	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	20
----->				
O	71F	Sender's Charges	3!a15d	21

O	71G	Receiver's Charges	3!a15d	22
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	23
----- End of Sequence B Transaction Details				
Mandatory Sequence C Settlement Details				
M	32A	Value Date, Currency Code, Amount	6!n3!a15d	24
O	19	Sum of Amounts	17d	25
O	71G	Sum of Receiver's Charges	3!a15d	26
----->				
O	13C	Time Indication	/8c/4!n1!x4!n	27

O	53a	Sender's Correspondent	A or C	28
O	54A	Receiver's Correspondent	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	29
O	72	Sender to Receiver Information	6*35x	30
End of Sequence C Settlement Details				
M = Mandatory, O = Optional - Network Validated Rules may apply				

MT 102 Network Validated Rules

- C1** If field 19 is present in sequence C, it must equal the sum of the amounts in all occurrences of field 32B (Error code(s): C01).
- C2** The currency code in the fields 71G, 32B and 32A must be the same for all occurrences of these fields in the message (Error code(s): C02).
- C3** Field 50a must be present either in sequence A or in each occurrence of sequence B, but it must never be present in both sequences, nor be absent from both sequences (Error code(s): D17).

If 50a in sequence A is ...	Then 50a in each sequence B is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Mandatory

- C4** Field 71A must be present either in sequence A or in each occurrence of sequence B, but it must never be present in both sequences, nor be absent from both sequences (Error code(s): D20).

Sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 71A is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Mandatory

- C5** If a field 52a, 26T or 77B is present in sequence A, that field must not be present in any occurrence of sequence B. When a field 52a, 26T or 77B is present in any occurrence of sequence B, that field must not be present in sequence A (Error code(s): D18).

Sequence A if field 52a is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 52a is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional

Sequence A if field 26T is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 26T is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional

Sequence A if field 77B is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 77B is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional

- C6** Field 36 (sequence A or sequence B) must be present in the message if there is any sequence B which contains a field 33B with a currency code different from the currency code in field 32B; in all other cases, field 36 is not allowed in the message.

When a field 36 (sequence A or sequence B) is required, EITHER field 36 must be present in sequence A and not in any sequence B, OR it must be present in every sequence B which contains fields 32B and 33B with different currency codes and must not be present in sequence A or any other sequence B (Error code(s): D22).

Sequence A	Sequence B	
If field 36 is present	Then in minimum one occurrence of sequence B field 33B must be present and currency codes in fields 32B and 33B must be different	And field 36 is not allowed in any occurrence of sequence B

Sequence A	In each occurrence of sequence B		
If field 36 is ...	If field 33B is ...	And currency codes in fields 32B and 33B are ...	Then field 36 is ...
Not present	Present	Equal	Not allowed
		Not equal	Mandatory
	Not present	Not applicable	Not allowed

- C7** If field 23 contains the code CHQB, the Account Number must not be present in field 59a. In all other cases, it is mandatory (Error code(s): D93).

If 23 contains ...	Account Number line of 59a ...
CHQB	Not allowed
Other	Mandatory

Examples:

Valid	Invalid
:23:CHQB (CrLf)	:23:CHQB (CrLf)
:59:xxxxx (CrLf)	:59:/xxxxx (CrLf)
	xxxxx (CrLf)
:23:CREDIT (CrLf)	:23:CREDIT (CrLf)
:59:/xxxxx (CrLf)	:59:xxxxx (CrLf)
xxxxx (CrLf)	xxxxx (CrLf)
:23:CRTST (CrLf)	:23:CRTST (CrLf)
:59:/xxxxx (CrLf)	:59:xxxxx (CrLf)
xxxxx (CrLf)	xxxxx (CrLf)

- C8** If the country codes of the Sender's and the Receiver's BICs are within the following list: AD, AT, BE, BG, BV, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GF, GI, GP, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MQ, MT, NL, NO, PL, PM, PT, RE, RO, SE, SI, SJ, SK, SM, TF and VA, then field 33B is mandatory in each occurrence of sequence B, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D49).

If country code of Sender's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And country code of Receiver's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 33B is ...
Yes	Yes	Mandatory
Yes	No	Optional
No	Yes	Optional
No	No	Optional

Note: See Rule C10

- C9** If field 71A in sequence A contains OUR, then field 71F is not allowed and field 71G is optional in any occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): E13).

In sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
OUR	Not allowed	Optional

If field 71A in sequence B contains OUR, then field 71F is not allowed and field 71G is optional in the same occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): E13).

In sequence B if field 71A is ...	In the same occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
OUR	Not allowed	Optional

Note: See rule C4 (rule C4 takes precedence over rule C9)

If field 71A in sequence A contains SHA, then fields 71F are optional and field 71G is not allowed in any occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D50).

In sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
SHA	Optional	Not allowed

If field 71A in sequence B contains SHA, then fields 71F are optional and field 71G is not allowed in the same occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D50).

In sequence B if field 71A is ...	In the same occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
SHA	Optional	Not allowed

Note: See rule C4 (rule C4 takes precedence over rule C9)

If field 71A in sequence A contains BEN, then at least one occurrence of field 71F is mandatory in each occurrence of sequence B and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): E15).

In sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
BEN	Mandatory	Not allowed

If field 71A in sequence B contains BEN, then at least one occurrence of field 71F is mandatory in the same occurrence of sequence B and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): E15).

In sequence B if field 71A is ...	In the same occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
BEN	Mandatory	Not allowed

Note: See rules C4 (rule C4 takes precedence over rule C9)

- C10** If either field 71F (at least one occurrence) or field 71G are present in an occurrence of sequence B, then field 33B is mandatory in the same occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D51).

In each occurrence of sequence B		
If field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...	Then field 33B is ...
Present	Present	Rejected ⁽¹⁾
Present	Not present	Mandatory
Not present	Present	Mandatory
Not present	Not present	Optional

(1) both fields 71F and 71G present is not a valid combination, see rule C9.

- C11** If field 71G is present in an occurrence of sequence B, then field 71G is mandatory in the sequence C (Error code(s): D79).

If in any occurrence of sequence B field 71G is ...	In sequence C then field 71G is ...
Present	Mandatory

MT 102 Usage Rules

- If a registered user receives an MT 102 without bilateral agreement with the Sender, the Receiver should query the message according to normal banking practice.
- When sending the MT 102 via FileAct, institutions must use the payment-related profile.

Usage Rules for Amount Related Fields

There is a relationship between the amount related fields 33B, 32B, 36, 71G, 71F, 19 and 32A which may be logically expressed in the following formulas:

- For each occurrence of sequence B, the instructed amount in field 33B, adjusted with the exchange rate in field 36, minus the Sender's charges in field(s) 71F, equals the transaction amount in field 32B.

- The sum of all transaction amounts in fields 32B, equals the total amount in field 19.
- The sum of all Receiver's charges in fields 71G of sequence B, equals the total Receiver's charges of field 71G in sequence C.
- The total amount in field 19 (or the sum of all transaction amounts in fields 32B), plus the total Receiver's charges in field 71G of sequence C, equals the interbank settled amount in field 32A.

Presence of the fields mentioned above is subject to the conditional field rules C5, C6, C8, C9, C10 and C11. If a field is not present, that field must not be taken into account in the formula. If field 71F is present more than once, all occurrences of that field must be taken into account in the formula.

Sequence A if field 71A is ...	Sequence B		
	then field 32B is ...	field 71F is ...	and field 71G is ...
OUR	Net amount to be credited to the Beneficiary. Charges have been prepaid by the ordering customer.	Not allowed	Optional
SHA	Amount as instructed by the originator, for example, invoice amount. Receiver will deduct its own charges.	Optional	Not allowed
BEN	Amount as instructed by the originator, after sending bank has deducted its charges. Receiver will deduct its charges.	At least one occurrence mandatory	Not allowed

Sequence A if field 71A is ...	Sequence C		
	then field 19 is ...	field 32A is ...	and field 71G is ...
OUR	Sum of field(s) 32B of sequence B	Settlement Amount equals field 19 plus field 71G of sequence C	Sum of fields 71G of sequences B
SHA	Not used	Settlement Amount equals Sum of field(s) 32B of sequence B	Not allowed
BEN	Not used	Settlement Amount equals Sum of field(s) 32B of sequence B	Not allowed

Examples Transaction A

- Pay the equivalent of EUR1000,00 in GBP to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom

- The exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Ordering bank's (sending bank's) transaction charge is EUR 5 (=GBP 3,1)
- Beneficiary bank's (receiving bank's) transaction charge is GBP 4 (=EUR 6,45)

Example A1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account

Original ordered amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit amount	EUR	1011,45

B. MT 102 extract:

	Field Tag	Content	
Sequence B	32B	GBP	619,99
	33B	EUR	1000,00
	71A		OUR
	71G	GBP	4,00
	36		0,61999
Sequence C	19	GBP	619,99
	32A	GBP	623,99
	71G	GBP	4,00

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 623,99, that is, field 32A, sequence C.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Credit Amount	GBP	619,99
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Example A2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Original ordered amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1005,00

B. MT 102 extract:

	Field Tag	Content	
Sequence B	32B	GBP	619,99
	33B	EUR	1000,00
	71A		SHA
	36		0,61999
Sequence C	32A	GBP	619,99

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 619,99, that is, field 32A, sequence C.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Interbank Settlement Amount	GBP	619,99
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit Amount	GBP	615,99

Example A3: Charging option is BEN

A. Amount debited to the ordering customer's account:

Original ordered amount =	EUR	1000,00
Debit amount		

B. MT 102 extract:

	Field Tag	Content	
Sequence B	32B	GBP	616,89
	33B	EUR	1000,00
	71A		BEN
	71F	GBP	3,10
	36		0,61999
Sequence C	32A	GBP	616,89

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 616,89, that is, field 32A, sequence C.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Equivalent of ordered amount	GBP	619,99
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,10
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	612,89

Examples Transaction B

- Pay GBP 1000,00 to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom
- The exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Ordering bank's (sending bank's) transaction charge is EUR 5 (=GBP 3,1)
- Beneficiary bank's (receiving bank's) transaction charge is GBP 4 (=EUR 6,45)
- The ordering customer has an account in euro
- Sender and Receiver's BIC are within the EU-country list

Example B1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited to the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR account	
Equivalent of ordered amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit amount	EUR	1624,38

B. MT 102 extract

	Field Tag	Content	
Sequence B	32B	GBP	1000,00
	33B	GBP	1000,00
	71A		OUR
	71G	GBP	4,00
Sequence C	19	GBP	1000,00
	32A	GBP	1004,00
	71G	GBP	4,00

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP1004,00, that is, field 32A, sequence C.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Original ordered amount =	GBP	1000,00
Credit amount		

Example B2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited to the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of ordered amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1617,93

B. MT 102 extract:

	Field Tag	Content	
Sequence B	32B	GBP	1000,00
	33B	GBP	1000,00
	71A		SHA
Sequence C	32A	GBP	1000,00

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 1000,00, that is, field 32A, sequence C.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Amount in 32A	GBP	1000,00
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	996,00

Example B3: Charging option is BEN

A. Amount debited to the ordering customer's account:

Debit on:	EUR account
Equivalent of ordered amount = Debit amount	EUR 1612,93

B. MT 102 extract:

	Field Tag	Content	
Sequence B	32B	GBP	996,90
	33B	GBP	1000,00
	71A		BEN
	71F	GBP	3,10
Sequence C	32A	GBP	996,90

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 996,90, that is, field 32A, sequence C.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Original ordered amount	GBP	1000,00
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,10
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	992,90

Note: The beneficiary is also advised of the Sender's charges of GBP 3,10.

MT 102 Field Specifications

1. Field 20: File Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference assigned by the Sender to unambiguously identify the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

This reference must be quoted in any related confirmation or statement, for example, MT 900 Confirmation of Debit and/or 950 Statement Message.

The file reference must be unique for each file and is part of the file identification and transaction identification which is used in case of queries, cancellations etc.

2. Field 23: Bank Operation Code

FORMAT

16x

Must be formatted as:

6a

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the type of operation.

CODES

One of the following codes, or bilaterally agreed codes of maximum 6 alphabetic, upper case characters, should be used:

CHQB	Cheque	Pay beneficiary customer by cheque only. The optional account number line in field 59a must not be used.
CREDIT	Credit transfer(s)	This message contains credit transfer(s) to be processed according to the pre-established bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver.
CRTST	Test credit transfer	This message contains credit transfers for test purpose(s).
SPAY	SWIFTPay	This message contains credit transfer(s) to be processed according to the SWIFTPay Service Level.

USAGE RULES

As tests in FIN should be done in Test & Training, the code CRTST is only valid when sent by a Test & Training destination.

3. Field 51A: Sending Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
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PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the Sender of the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Field 51A is only valid in FileAct (Error code(s): D63).

USAGE RULES

The content of field 20, File Reference, together with the content of this field provides the message identification which is to be used in case of file related queries, cancellations etc.

In FileAct, at least the first eight characters of the financial institution BIC in this field must be identical to the originator of the FileAct message.

4. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the customer ordering all transactions described in sequence B.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.

EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.
5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.
8	Additional Information	The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.
 - to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the ordering customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

5. Field 52a: Ordering Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution, when different from the Sender, which instructed the Sender to transmit all transactions described in sequence B. This is applicable even if field(s) 50a contain(s) an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong

IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms,

Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Option A is the preferred option.

If the ordering institution cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, option C should be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash ("/").

Option B is to be used to identify a branch of the Sender when that branch has neither a financial institution BIC nor a clearing system code or when its clearing system code is meaningless for the Receiver.

6. Field 26T: Transaction Type Code

FORMAT

Option T 3!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the nature of, purpose of and/or reason for all transactions described in sequence B, for example, salaries, pensions or dividends.

USAGE RULES

Codes from the EUROSTAT list "Code List for Balance of Payments Collection Systems" may be used in this field.

The information given is intended both for regulatory and statutory requirements and/or to provide information to the beneficiary customer on the nature of the transaction.

7. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B 3*35x (Narrative)

In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of the Receiver or the Sender.

CODES

When the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ("/"):

BENEFRES	Residence of the beneficiary customer.
ORDERRES	Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field and is valid for all transactions described in sequence B.

8. Field 71A: Details of Charges**FORMAT**

Option A 3!a (Code)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the charges for all transactions described in sequence B.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	All transaction charges are to be borne by the ordering customer.
SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.

9. Field 36: Exchange Rate**FORMAT**

12d (Rate)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C6) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the exchange rate used to convert all instructed amounts specified in field 33B in sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field must be present, when a currency conversion has been performed on the Sender's side.

10. Field 21: Transaction Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the unambiguous reference for the individual transaction contained in a particular occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

In transaction related queries, cancellations etc., the content of field 20 File Reference together with the content of this field provides the transaction identification.

11. Field 32B: Transaction Amount

FORMAT

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the individual transaction amount remitted by the Sender to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

USAGE RULES

This amount will, taking into account the charging option, be the basis for the Receiver to calculate the amount to be credited to the beneficiary.

Depending on the charging option specified in field 71A, the content of field 32B is as follows:

- If field 71A is OUR, the net amount to be credited to the beneficiary, as charges have been prepaid by the ordering customer.
- If field 71A is SHA, the amount as instructed by the originator, for example, invoice amount, of which the Receiver will deduct its own charges.
- If field 71A is BEN, the amount as instructed by the originator minus the Senders' charges, and from which amount the Receiver will deduct its charges.

12. Field 50a: Ordering Customer**FORMAT**

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
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Lines 2-5 (subfield
Name and Address) 1!n/33x

(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field identifies the customer ordering the transaction in this occurrence of the sequence.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).

3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.
5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash '/', the issuer of the number, a slash '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the national identity number.
8	Additional Information	The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).

- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.
 - to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the ordering customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

13. Field 52a: Ordering Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution, when other than the Sender, which instructed the Sender to transmit the transaction. This is applicable even if field(s) 50a contain(s) an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code

CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Option A is the preferred option.

If the ordering institution cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, option C should be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

Option B is to be used to identify a branch of the Sender when that branch has neither a financial institution BIC nor a clearing system code or when its clearing system code is meaningless for the Receiver.

14. Field 57a: Account With Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution which services the account for the beneficiary customer identified in the same sequence. This is applicable even if field 59a contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
ZA	6!n	South African National Clearing Code

CODES

In option C, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code

CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)
ZA	6!n	South African National Clearing Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When field 57a is not present, it means that the Receiver is also the account with institution.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 57a.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 57a.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. If it is used with option A, it must not be followed by any other information. If it is used with option C, it may be followed by another domestic clearing code.

Option A is the preferred option.

If the account with institution cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, option C should be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

15. Field 59a: Beneficiary Customer

FORMAT

No letter option	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)
Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	[/34x] 4*(!n/33x)	(Account) (Number/Name and Address Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer to which the transaction amount should be transmitted.

CODES

In option F, Number/Name and Address Details must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Beneficiary Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the beneficiary customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide for example, street name and number, building name or post office box number).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence, as provided by the ordering customer.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, for subfields (Number)(Name and Address Details):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order(Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3(Error code(s): T56).

- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code(Error code(s): T73).

USAGE RULES

At least the name or the BIC of the beneficiary customer is mandatory.

If a non-financial institution BIC is specified, it must be meaningful for the financial institution that services the account for the beneficiary customer.

If the account number of the beneficiary customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F:

- line numbers may be repeated
- if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in the additional details

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

16. Field 70: Remittance Information

FORMAT

4*35x (Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies details of the individual transaction which are to be transmitted to the beneficiary customer.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used, placed between slashes ("/"):

INV	Invoice	Invoice (followed by the date, reference and details of the invoice).
IPI	International Payment Instruction	Unique reference identifying a related International Payment Instruction (followed by up to 20 characters).
RFB	Reference for Beneficiary	Reference for the beneficiary customer (followed by up to 16 characters).
ROC	Reference of Customer	Ordering customer's reference.

TSU	Trade Services Utility transaction	The code placed between slashes (/) must be followed by the TSU transaction identifier, a slash (/), the invoice number, a slash (/) and the amount paid.
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USAGE RULES

This field must not contain information to be acted upon by the Receiver.

Due to clearing restrictions, which vary significantly from country to country, the Sender must agree to the maximum usable length of this field with the Receiver.

For STP purposes, when an ISO 11649 Creditor Reference is present in this field it must be on the first line, without any characters preceding it, and it must be the only information on that line.

17. Field 26T: Transaction Type Code

FORMAT

Option T	3!c	(Type)
----------	-----	--------

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field identifies the nature of, purpose of, and/or reason for the individual transaction, for example, salary, pension or dividend.

USAGE RULES

The information given is intended both for regulatory and statutory requirements and/or to provide information to the beneficiary customer on the nature of the transaction.

Codes from the EUROSTAT list "Code List for Balance of Payments Collection Systems" may be used in this field.

18. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B	3*35x	(Narrative)
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In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of the Receiver or the Sender.

CODES

When the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ("/"):

BENEFRES	Residence of the beneficiary customer.
ORDERRES	Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field.

19. Field 33B: Currency/Instructed Amount

FORMAT

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C8 and C10) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the instruction. This amount is provided for information purposes and has to be transported unchanged through the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

If field 33B is present in the message received, it has to be forwarded unchanged to the next party.

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

If the transaction is within the scope of the EC Directive on cross border credit transfers, this amount is the original ordered amount as instructed by the ordering customer. Otherwise, it is the amount that the sending bank was instructed to pay.

As a consequence, if there are no Sender's or Receiver's charges and no currency conversion or exchange took place, field 32B equals 33B, if present.

20. Field 71A: Details of Charges

FORMAT

Option A 3!a (Code)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the charges for the transaction in the same occurrence of sequence B.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	The transaction charges are to be borne by the ordering customer.
SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.

21. Field 71F: Sender's Charges

FORMAT

Option F 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C9) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges deducted by the Sender and by previous banks in the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

These fields are conveyed for transparency reasons.

The net amount after deduction of the Sender's charges will be quoted as the transaction amount in field 32B.

This field may be repeated to specify to the Receiver the currency and amount of charges taken by preceding banks in the transaction chain. Charges should be indicated in the order in which they have been deducted from the transaction amount, that is, the first occurrence of this field specifies the charges of the first bank in the transaction chain that deducted charges; the last occurrence always gives the Sender's charges.

22. Field 71G: Receiver's Charges

FORMAT

Option G 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C9) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges due to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

The Receiver's charges are to be conveyed to the Receiver, not for transparency but for accounting reasons, that is, to facilitate bookkeeping and to calculate or verify the total Receiver's charges amount stipulated in sequence C.

23. Field 36: Exchange Rate

FORMAT

12d (Rate)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C6) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the exchange rate used to convert the instructed amount specified in field 33B in the same occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field must be present when a currency conversion has been performed on the Sender's side.

24. Field 32A: Value Date, Currency Code, Amount

FORMAT

Option A 6!n3!a15d (Date)(Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies the value date, the currency and the settlement amount. The settlement amount is the amount to be booked/reconciled at interbank level.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYYYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

USAGE RULES

Where field 71A indicates OUR payments, this field contains the sum of the amounts specified in the fields 19 and 71G.

Where field 71A indicates SHA or BEN payments, this field contains the total of all fields 32B.

25. Field 19: Sum of Amounts

FORMAT

17d (Amount)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies the sum of all amounts appearing in field 32B in each occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the currency specified in field 32A (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field is only to be used where the sum of amounts is different from the settlement amount specified in field 32A, that is, when one or more transactions in sequence B contains the charging option OUR in field 71A.

26. Field 71G: Sum of Receiver's Charges

FORMAT

Option G 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C11) in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and accumulated amount of the transaction charges due to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

Amount must not equal zero (Error code(s): D57).

USAGE RULES

Where field 71A indicates OUR payments either in sequence A, or in one or more occurrences of sequence B, this field identifies the sum of the charges due, which has been prepaid and included in the interbank settlement amount.

For transparency or accounting reasons, this field is not to be used when field 71A, either in sequence A or in all occurrences of sequence B, indicates BEN or SHA payments.

27. Field 13C: Time Indication

FORMAT

Option C /8c/4!n1!x4!n (Code)(Time indication)(Sign)(Time offset)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies one or several time indication(s) related to the processing of the payment instruction.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

CLSTIME	CLS Time	The time by which the funding payment must be credited, with confirmation, to the CLS Bank's account at the central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
RNCTIME	Receive Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was credited at the receiving central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
SNDTIME	Send Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was debited at the sending central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).

CODES

One of the following codes must be used in Sign (Error code(s): T15):

+	Plus	The + sign.
-	Minus	The - sign.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Time indication must be a valid time expressed as HHMM (Error code(s): T38).

Time offset is expressed as HHMM, where the hour component, that is, 'HH', must be in the range of 00 through 13, and the minute component, that is, 'MM' must be in the range of 00 through 59. Any 'HH' or 'MM' component outside of these range checks will be disallowed (Error code(s): T16).

USAGE RULES

The time zone in which Time is expressed is to be identified by means of the offset against the UTC (Coordinated Universal Time - ISO 8601).

28. Field 53a: Sender's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Account)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

Where required, this field specifies the account or branch of the Sender or another financial institution through which the Sender will reimburse the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Absence of this field implies that the bilaterally agreed account is to be used for settlement.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option C must be used where only an account number is to be specified.

In those cases where there are multiple direct account relationships, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver, and one of these accounts is to be used for reimbursement, the account to be credited or debited must be indicated in field 53a.

If there is no direct account relationship, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver (or branch of the Receiver when specified in field 54A), then field 53a must be present.

When field 53a is present and contains a branch of the Sender, the need for a cover message is dependent on the currency of the transaction, the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver and the contents of field 54A, if present.

A branch of the Receiver may appear in field 53a if the financial institution providing reimbursement is both the Sender's correspondent and a branch of the Receiver, and the Sender intends to send a cover message to the branch of the Receiver. In this case, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 53a.

In all other cases, when field 53a is present, a cover message, that is, MT 202/203 or equivalent non-SWIFT must be sent to the financial institution identified in field 53a.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54A is, in all cases, dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and the Receiver relative to that currency.

29. Field 54A: Receiver's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
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PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

Where required, this field specifies the branch of the Receiver or another financial institution at which the funds will be made available to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The absence of fields 53a and 54A implies that the single direct account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver, in the currency of the transfer, will be used.

In those cases where field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver, and is not preceded by field 53a, or field 53a contains an account of the Sender serviced by the Receiver's branch, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch.

If field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver and field 53a contains a branch of the Sender, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch or will be paid by its branch, depending on the currency of the transfer and the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver.

In all other cases where field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 54A.

A branch of the Sender must not appear in field 54A.

If the branch of the Sender or other financial institution specified in field 53a is also the account servicer for the Receiver, field 54A must not be present.

Field 54A containing the name of a financial institution other than the Receiver's branch must be preceded by field 53a; the Receiver will be paid by the financial institution in field 54A.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54A is in all cases dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

30. Field 72: Sender to Receiver Information

FORMAT

6*35x (Narrative Structured Format)

The following line formats must be used:

Line 1	/8c/[additional information]	(Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-6	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)
	or	or
	[/8c/[additional information]]	(Code)(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies additional information for the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

If the first six characters in line 1 contain the character string /REJT/ or /RETN/, then it is mandatory to follow the *Payments Reject/Return Guidelines* described in the *Standards MT Usage Guidelines*(Error code(s): T80).

USAGE RULES

This field may be used to provide additional information to the Receiver where no other field is available. In view of the possible delay of execution and/or rejection of the transaction(s), field 72 may only be used after bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver and in encoded form.

MT 102 Checklist

This document provides a checklist which is strongly recommended to be used by financial institutions as a basis for setting up bilateral or multilateral agreements for the processing of crossborder customer payments, that is, Credit Transfers transmitted by MT 102 via FIN or FileAct.

It is recommended that all items listed be covered in the bilateral or multilateral agreements. In order to further facilitate the set up of these agreements, common procedures have been defined which financial institutions, if they wish, may override.

The checklist is not intended to provide an exhaustive list of items nor does SWIFT claim any responsibility for it.

Currencies Accepted, their Transaction Amount Limit and Settlement

Currencies Accepted

Unless otherwise agreed, multiple payment transactions are either expressed in the currency of the sending or the receiving country. If financial institutions wish to accept third currencies this should be bilaterally agreed.

Transaction Amount Limit

If financial institutions agree to define amount limits to the individual transactions, they should specify them per currency.

If the agreement allows for transactions above amounts to which specific requirements apply, for example, regulatory reporting requirements, these requirements and their formatting should be specified as well in the agreement.

Settlement

Unless otherwise agreed, direct account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver will be used for the booking of the transactions exchanged. However if they wish, financial institutions may also bilaterally agree to include third reimbursement parties in the settlement.

Whatever the agreement, transactions contained in a same message will be booked in one single entry.

For each currency accepted, the amount limit, the account number(s) used for settlement, if other than the normal one(s), and/or the third reimbursement party(ies) involved, if any, can be indicated in the chart below:

Currencies accepted	Transaction amount limit	Settlement account	Third reimbursement institutions(s) if any

Charges

Charging Options and Amounts

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will accept the charging options as defined and allowed for in the MT 102. If financial institutions wish to accept only one option, this should be bilaterally agreed.

Financial institutions which accept the OUR option should agree on and specify the transaction charges in the receiving country for 'on us' and if applicable 'not on us' payments.

These transaction charges can be an exact amount or formula (percentage) and cover the guarantee and processing of transactions which the Receiver provides to the Sender until the execution in the receiving country up to the posting to the beneficiary's account. The pricing of bank-customer services, for example, for the method of advice - for daily/weekly/monthly statement for instance, being different from institution to institution are considered not to be part of the

charges.

Charges due to:	Type of payment: on us/not on us	Charges per message: formula or exact amount	Charges per transaction: formula or exact amount

The above charges are preferably set for each trimester, if necessary semester. Changes to these charges should be announced one month before the end of the term.

The messages sent as from that implementation date, will be subject to the new tariffs of the Receiver.

Charges Specifications in the MT 102

Unless otherwise agreed, the pre-agreed charges will be included in the MTs 102 exchanged, as appropriate, for information and control purposes and this in a consistent manner.

Unless otherwise agreed, charges will always be expressed in the same currency as the transaction amount(s) and settlement amount of the message.

In case the charges amounts, due to the above rule, are quoted in a currency different to the one specified in the bilateral agreement, the exchange rate should be quoted in the message exchanged.

Settlement Procedure for Charges

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will separately indicate in the MT 102 the sum of charges due to the Sender and/or to the Receiver, as appropriate.

The amount settled between financial institutions with the value date specified includes at a minimum the sum of all transaction amounts. Whether the sum of charges due to the Sender and/or Receiver will also be included in the settlement amount, will depend on the agreed settlement procedure for charges. Regarding this procedure, financial institutions can agree that:

Charges are settled with same value date as the sum of all transaction amounts and booked together	
Charges are settled with same value date as the sum of all transaction amounts but booked separately	
Charges are settled periodically (once ...)	
Other	

Only when using the first or second option, the settlement amount will include the sum of charges.

Data Transmission and Bulking Criteria

Unless otherwise agreed, credit transfer transactions contained in the same MT 102 should be grouped as follows:

- operations with same bank operation code
- operations in same currency
- operations with same settlement account/institution
- operations with same value date

Financial institutions should agree whether only head office or also branches can be the Sender and/or Receiver of the MT 102 and whether FileAct and/or FIN will be used as transmission method:

	BIC Bank1	BIC Bank2
Only head-office		
Head office and all domestic branches		
Head office and a limited number of domestic branches as listed: only list party suffix and branch identifier		

In case FileAct is selected, financial institutions should agree on the maximum size of the MT 102 and whether more than one MT 102 may be contained within the same FileAct message. Financial institutions should also decide whether an MT 102 can be split over two or more FileAct messages as this may have an operational impact.

Maximum size of MT 102	Number of MT 102(s) per FileAct message	MT 102 split over two or more FileAct messages

Date and Time Frames

Financial institutions should agree on the timeframe needed by the Receiver to execute the payments accepted in its country. This timeframe starts counting as of an agreed cut-off time for receipt of incoming messages by the Receiver.

Messages received before cut-off time, will be settled on a pre-agreed day which is a (number of) day(s) following the day of receipt (day of receipt = D). For messages received after cut-off time, the settlement timeframe will be based on D+1.

D will also be the basis for calculating the execution dates (dates when the funds are available to the Beneficiary).

Date of receipt/acceptance = D

	Currency 1	Currency 2
Receiver's cut-off time		
Settlement timeframe	D (+)	D (+)
Execution timeframe for on/us payments (until funds are on the account of the Beneficiary)	D (+)	D (+)
Execution timeframe for not on/us payments (until funds are on the account of Beneficiary)	D (+)	D (+)

Level of Controls/Checks and Acceptance of Messages/Transactions

Message Level

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will take as a basis for their controls/checks all security aspects of FIN or FileAct as well as the MT 102 message syntax and semantics as defined in the MT 102 message specifications.

In order to achieve straight-through processing of the MTs 102 exchanged, financial institutions should define checks and controls relating to the bilaterally agreed items.

Unless otherwise agreed, messages passing the checks and controls, are considered accepted and therefore irrevocable, that is, to be posted to the nostro/loro account. In FileAct, the positive Acknowledgement sent by the Receiver confirms acceptance of the message received. In FIN, no specific message is required.

If messages do not pass the checks/controls, they will be rejected (see the next checkpoint).

Proposed checks and controls, relating to the bilaterally agreed items, performed by the Receiver and their error codes:

Control/Check	Yes/No	Error Code
Settlement amount		
Value date		
Sender		
Currencies present		
Bulking criteria used		
Information present in field 72		
Bank operation code		
Other		

Transaction Level

Once the message is accepted, further checks are proposed to take place at transaction level. Only if transaction(s) pass the checks, will they be executed. If not, they will be rejected (see the next

checkpoint).

Proposed checks and controls performed by the Receiver including error codes prior to the execution of the transactions:

Control/Check	Yes/No	Error Code
Account number of beneficiary		
Transaction amount		
Beneficiary bank identification		
Length of remittance data		
Other		

Rejects of Messages and/or Transactions

Message Rejects

For rejects due to a communication failure between the Sender and the Receiver, the existing FIN and FileAct rules apply.

Unless otherwise agreed, messages properly received but failing to pass the message level checks (as defined in the previous checkpoint) will be rejected by the Receiver without further processing. Financial institutions are recommended to use the MT 195 in FIN or the negative acknowledgement in FileAct to advise the rejection. The reject advice should contain at a minimum the reference of the rejected message and the error code(s). The maximum delay acceptable for the Receiver to notify the Sender and possible related charges should be bilaterally agreed.

Unless otherwise agreed, the notification returned to the Sender will exempt the Receiver from processing the message. The Sender will, after correction, resubmit the message.

Transaction Rejects

The return to the originator of transactions being rejected after the message which contained them has been posted to a nostro/loro account (between the Sender and the Receiver), will cause a settlement. Unless otherwise agreed, this settlement will adhere to the following rules:

- it should be in the same currency as the original transaction currency
- it should take place at a bilaterally agreed value date
- the original transaction amount should remain unchanged
- the settlement should take place via the same account relationship
- normal banking practice prevails.

Financial institutions should agree on a maximum of working days after receipt of the MT 102 for rejecting a transaction and on the charges applied.

The following chart provides details regarding the message/transaction rejects:

	Reject of message	Reject of transaction
Maximum delay as from moment of receipt to advise the reject to Sender		
Charges due to the reject		

Cancellations

Unless otherwise agreed, messages properly received and accepted are to be considered as irrevocable. Cancellation therefore should be the exception.

If however cancellations are accepted in the bilateral agreement, the following details should be agreed:

	BIC of Bank1	BIC of Bank2
Acceptable delay for the Sender to request cancellation of message		
Acceptable delay for acceptance and response by the Receiver to such request		
Charges due to the Receiver of such request		

Financial institutions are proposed to send their request for cancellation by MT 192, for response by MT 196.

The possible interbank costs of the failure are supported by the Sender.

Modifications and Changes

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will use the most up-to-date version of the MT 102 for the transmission of their transactions.

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will implement changes in the message specifications of the MT 102 according to the implementation dates as announced by SWIFT

A Sender who has not done the necessary modifications in time may not be able to correctly format the transactions concerned. In this case, the Receiver is not obliged to execute the transactions. Financial institutions should agree who is liable for any costs arising from the non-execution of these transactions. Unless otherwise agreed, the costs are to be supported by the Sender.

A Receiver who has not done the necessary modifications in time may not be able to process the transactions. The Receiver will remain responsible for executing the transactions. Financial institutions should agree who is liable for any costs arising from the non-execution of these transactions. Unless otherwise agreed, the costs are to be supported by the Receiver.

MT 102 STP Multiple Customer Credit Transfer

Note: The use of this message type requires Message User Group (MUG) registration.

The MT 102 STP allows the exchange of multiple customer credit transfers using a restricted set of fields and format options of the core MT 102 to make it straight through processable. The MT 102 STP is a compatible subset of the core MT 102 that is documented separately in this section.

The differences with the core MT 102 are:

- appropriate MT 102 STP format validation is triggered by the code STP in the validation flag field 119 ({{3:119:STP}}) of the user header of the message (block 3)
- fields 52 and 57 may only be used with letter option A
- field 51A is not used in MT 102 STP. This message may only be used on the FIN SWIFT network since it requires special validation
- field 23 may only contain codes CREDIT and SPAY
- subfield 1 (Account) of field 59a is always mandatory
- field 72, code INS must be followed by a valid financial institution BIC
- field 72, codes REJT/RETN must not be used
- field 72 must not include ERI information.

IMPORTANT: To trigger the MT 102 STP format validation, the user header of the message (block 3) is mandatory and must contain the code STP in the validation flag field 119 ({{3:119:STP}}).

MT 102 STP Scope

This message is sent by or on behalf of the financial institution of the ordering customer(s) to another financial institution for payment to the beneficiary customer(s).

It requests the Receiver to credit the beneficiary customer(s) directly or indirectly through a clearing mechanism or another financial institution.

This message is used to convey multiple payment instructions between financial institutions for clean payments. Its use is subject to bilateral/multilateral agreements between Sender and Receiver.

Amongst other things, these bilateral agreements cover the transaction amount limits, the currencies accepted and their settlement. The multiple payments checklist included below is recommended as a guide for institutions in the setup of their agreements.

MT 102 STP Format Specifications

The MT 102 STP consists of three sequences:

- Sequence A General Information is a single occurrence sequence and contains information which applies to all individual transactions described in sequence B.
- Sequence B Transaction Details is a repetitive sequence. Each occurrence is used to provide details of one individual transaction.
- Sequence C Settlement Details is a single occurrence sequence and contains information about the settlement.

MT 102 STP Multiple Customer Credit Transfer

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
Mandatory Sequence A General Information				
M	20	File Reference	16x	1
M	23	Bank Operation Code	16x	2
O	50a	Ordering Customer	A, F, or K	3
O	52A	Ordering Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	4
O	26T	Transaction Type Code	3!c	5
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	6
O	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	7
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	8
End of Sequence A General Information				
-----> Mandatory Repetitive Sequence B Transaction Details				
M	21	Transaction Reference	16x	9
M	32B	Transaction Amount	3!a15d	10
O	50a	Ordering Customer	A, F, or K	11
O	52A	Ordering Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	12
O	57A	Account With Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	13
M	59a	Beneficiary Customer	No letter option, A, or F	14
O	70	Remittance Information	4*35x	15
O	26T	Transaction Type Code	3!c	16
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	17
O	33B	Currency/Instructed Amount	3!a15d	18
O	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	19

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
----->				
O	71F	Sender's Charges	3!a15d	20

O	71G	Receiver's Charges	3!a15d	21
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	22
----- End of Sequence B Transaction Details				
Mandatory Sequence C Settlement Details				
M	32A	Value Date, Currency Code, Amount	6!n3!a15d	23
O	19	Sum of Amounts	17d	24
O	71G	Sum of Receiver's Charges	3!a15d	25
----->				
O	13C	Time Indication	/8c/4!n1!x4!n	26

O	53a	Sender's Correspondent	A or C	27
O	54A	Receiver's Correspondent	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	28
O	72	Sender to Receiver Information	6*35x	29
End of Sequence C Settlement Details				
M = Mandatory, O = Optional - Network Validated Rules may apply				

MT 102 STP Network Validated Rules

- C1** If field 19 is present in sequence C, it must equal the sum of the amounts in all occurrences of field 32B (Error code(s): C01).
- C2** The currency code in the fields 71G, 32B and 32A must be the same for all occurrences of these fields in the message (Error code(s): C02).
- C3** Field 50a must be present either in sequence A or in each occurrence of sequence B, but it must never be present in both sequences, nor be absent from both sequences (Error code(s): D17).

If 50a in sequence A is ...	Then 50a in each sequence B is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Mandatory

- C4** Field 71A must be present either in sequence A or in each occurrence of sequence B, but it must never be present in both sequences, nor be absent from both sequences (Error code(s): D20).

Sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 71A is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Mandatory

- C5** If a field 52A, 26T or 77B is present in sequence A, that field must not be present in any occurrence of sequence B. When a field 52A, 26T or 77B is present in any occurrence of sequence B, that field must not be present in sequence A (Error code(s): D18).

Sequence A if field 52A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 52A is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional

Sequence A if field 26T is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 26T is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional

Sequence A if field 77B is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 77B is ...
Present	Not allowed
Not present	Optional

- C6** Field 36 (sequence A or sequence B) must be present in the message if there is any sequence B which contains a field 33B with a currency code different from the currency code in field 32B; in all other cases, field 36 is not allowed in the message.

When a field 36 (sequence A or sequence B) is required, EITHER field 36 must be present in sequence A and not in any sequence B, OR it must be present in every sequence B which contains fields 32B and 33B with different currency codes and must not be present in sequence A or any other sequence B (Error code(s): D22).

Sequence A	Sequence B	
If field 36 is present	Then in minimum one occurrence of sequence B field 33B must be present and currency codes in fields 32B and 33B must be different	And field 36 is not allowed in any occurrence of sequence B

Sequence A	In each occurrence of sequence B		
If field 36 is ...	If field 33B is ...	And currency codes in fields 32B and 33B are ...	Then field 36 is ...
Not present	Present	Equal	Not allowed
		Not equal	Mandatory
	Not present	Not applicable	Not allowed

C7 If the country codes of the Sender's and the Receiver's BICs are within the following list: AD, AT, BE, BG, BV, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GF, GI, GP, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MQ, MT, NL, NO, PL, PM, PT, RE, RO, SE, SI, SJ, SK, SM, TF and VA, then field 33B is mandatory in each occurrence of sequence B, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D49).

If country code of Sender's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And country code of Receiver's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	In each occurrence of sequence B then field 33B is ...
Yes	Yes	Mandatory
Yes	No	Optional
No	Yes	Optional
No	No	Optional

Note: See Rule C9

C8 If field 71A in sequence A contains OUR, then field 71F is not allowed and field 71G is optional in any occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): E13).

In sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
OUR	Not allowed	Optional

If field 71A in sequence B contains OUR, then field 71F is not allowed and field 71G is optional in the same occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): E13).

In sequence B if field 71A is ...	In the same occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
OUR	Not allowed	Optional

Note: See rule C4 (rule C4 takes precedence over rule C8)

If field 71A in sequence A contains SHA, then fields 71F are optional and field 71G is not allowed in any occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D50).

In sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
SHA	Optional	Not allowed

If field 71A in sequence B contains SHA, then fields 71F are optional and field 71G is not allowed in the same occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D50).

In sequence B if field 71A is ...	In the same occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
SHA	Optional	Not allowed

Note: See rule C4 (rule C4 takes precedence over rule C8)

If field 71A in sequence A contains BEN, then at least one occurrence of field 71F is mandatory in each occurrence of sequence B and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): E15).

In sequence A if field 71A is ...	In each occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
BEN	Mandatory	Not allowed

If field 71A in sequence B contains BEN, then at least one occurrence of field 71F is mandatory in the same occurrence of sequence B and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): E15).

In sequence B if field 71A is ...	In the same occurrence of sequence B	
	Then field(s) 71F is (are) ...	And field 71G is ...
BEN	Mandatory	Not allowed

Note: See rule C4 (rule C4 takes precedence over rule C8)

C9 If either field 71F (at least one occurrence) or field 71G are present in an occurrence of sequence B, then field 33B is mandatory in the same occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D51).

In each occurrence of sequence B		
If field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...	Then field 33B is ...
Present	Present	Rejected ⁽¹⁾
Present	Not present	Mandatory
Not present	Present	Mandatory
Not present	Not present	Optional

(1) both fields 71F and 71G present is not a valid combination, see rule C8.

C10 If field 71G is present in an occurrence of sequence B, then field 71G is mandatory in the sequence C (Error code(s): D79).

If in any occurrence of sequence B field 71G is ...	In sequence C then field 71G is ...
Present	Mandatory

C11 If the country codes of the Sender's and the Receiver's BIC are within the following list: AD, AT, BE, BG, BV, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GF, GI, GP, GR, HR, HU, IE, IL, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MQ, MT, NL, NO, PL, PM, PT, RE, RO, SE, SI, SJ, SK, SM, TF and VA, then in each occurrence of sequence B the following apply:

- If field 57A is not present, the IBAN (ISO 13616) is mandatory in subfield Account of field 59a in that occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D19).
- If field 57A is present and the country code of the financial institution BIC in 57A is within the above list of country codes, the IBAN (ISO 13616) is mandatory in subfield Account of field 59a in that occurrence of sequence B (Error code(s): D19).

In all other cases, the presence of the IBAN (ISO 13616) is optional and its format is not validated in subfield Account of field 59a.

All ISO 13616-compliant, country-specific IBAN formats can be found in the IBAN Registry document on www.swift.com > Standards > Document Centre.

In header of MT		In each occurrence of sequence B		
If country code of Sender's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And country code of Receiver's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And field 57A is present	And country code of field 57A equals one of the listed country codes	Then an IBAN in subfield Account of field 59a in this occurrence of sequence B is ...
Yes	Yes	No	Not applicable	Mandatory
Yes	No	No	Not applicable	Optional
No	Yes	No	Not applicable	Optional
No	No	No	Not applicable	Optional
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Mandatory
Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Optional
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Optional
No	No	Yes	Yes	Optional
Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Optional
Yes	No	Yes	No	Optional
No	Yes	Yes	No	Optional
No	No	Yes	No	Optional

MT 102 STP Usage Rules

If a registered user receives an MT 102 STP without bilateral agreement with the Sender, the Receiver should query the message according to normal banking practice.

Usage Rules for Amount Related Fields

There is a relationship between the amount related fields 33B, 32B, 36, 71G, 71F, 19 and 32A which may be logically expressed in the following formulas:

- For each occurrence of sequence B, the instructed amount in field 33B, adjusted with the exchange rate in field 36, minus the Sender's charges in field(s) 71F, equals the transaction amount in field 32B.
- The sum of all transaction amounts in fields 32B, equals the total amount in field 19.
- The sum of all Receiver's charges in fields 71G of sequence B, equals the total Receiver's charges of field 71G in sequence C.
- The total amount in field 19 (or the sum of all transaction amounts in fields 32B), plus the total Receiver's charges in field 71G of sequence C, equals the interbank settled amount in field 32A.

Presence of the fields mentioned above is subject to the conditional field rules C5, C6, C7, C8, C9 and C10. If a field is not present, that field must not be taken into account in the formula. If field 71F is present more than once, all occurrences of that field must be taken into account in the formula.

Sequence A if field 71A is ...	Sequence B		
	then field 32B is ...	field 71F is ...	and field 71G is ...
OUR	Net amount to be credited to the Beneficiary. Charges have been prepaid by the ordering customer.	Not allowed	Optional
SHA	Amount as instructed by the originator, for example, invoice amount. Receiver will deduct its own charges.	Optional	Not allowed
BEN	Amount instructed by the originator, after sending bank has deducted its charges. Receiver will deduct its charges.	At least one occurrence mandatory	Not allowed

Sequence A if field 71A is ...	Sequence C		
	then field 19 is ...	field 32A is ...	and field 71G is ...
OUR	Sum of field(s) 32B of sequence B	Settlement Amount equals field 19 plus field 71G of sequence C	Sum of fields 71G of sequences B
SHA	Not used	Settlement Amount equals Sum of field(s) 32B of sequence B	Not allowed

Sequence A if field 71A is ...	Sequence C		
	then field 19 is ...	field 32A is ...	and field 71G is ...
BEN	Not used	Settlement Amount equals Sum of field(s) 32B of sequence B	Not allowed

MT 102 STP Field Specifications

1. Field 20: File Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference assigned by the Sender to unambiguously identify the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

This reference must be quoted in any related confirmation or statement, for example, MT 900 Confirmation of Debit and/or 950 Statement Message.

The file reference must be unique for each file and is part of the file identification and transaction identification which is used in case of queries, cancellations etc.

2. Field 23: Bank Operation Code

FORMAT

16x

Must be formatted as:

6a

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the type of operation.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

CREDIT	Credit transfer(s)	This message contains credit transfer(s) to be processed according to the pre-established bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver.
CRTST	Test credit transfer	This message contains credit transfers for test purpose(s).
SPAY	SWIFTPay	This message contains credit transfer(s) to be processed according to the SWIFTPay Service Level.

USAGE RULES

As tests in FIN should be done in Test & Training, the code CRTST is only valid when sent by a Test & Training destination.

3. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the customer ordering all transactions described in sequence B.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.

5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.
8	Additional Information	<p>The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.

- to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the ordering customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address), if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

4. Field 52A: Ordering Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
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PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution, when different from the Sender, which instructed the Sender to transmit all transactions described in sequence B. This is applicable even if field(s) 50a contain(s) an IBAN.

CODES

Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The coded information contained in field 52A must be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

5. Field 26T: Transaction Type Code

FORMAT

Option T 3!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field identifies the nature of, purpose of and/or reason for all transactions described in sequence B, for example, salaries, pensions or dividends.

USAGE RULES

The information given is intended both for regulatory and statutory requirements and/or to provide information to the beneficiary customer on the nature of the transaction.

Codes from the EUROSTAT list "Code List for Balance of Payments Collection Systems" may be used in this field.

In case the Receiver of the message is not legally obliged to forward the information to a regulatory body, he is allowed to ignore the content of this field.

6. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B 3*35x (Narrative)

In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of the Receiver or the Sender.

CODES

When the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes must be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

BENEFRES	Residence of the beneficiary customer.
ORDERRES	Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

In case the Receiver of the message is not legally obliged to forward the information to a regulatory body, he is allowed to ignore the content of this field.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field and is valid for all transactions described in sequence B.

7. Field 71A: Details of Charges

FORMAT

Option A 3!a (Code)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the charges for all transactions described in sequence B.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	All transaction charges are to be borne by the ordering customer.
SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.

8. Field 36: Exchange Rate

FORMAT

12d (Rate)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C6) in mandatory sequence A

DEFINITION

This field specifies the exchange rate used to convert all instructed amounts specified in field 33B in sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40, T43).

USAGE RULES

This field must be present, when a currency conversion has been performed on the Sender's side.

9. Field 21: Transaction Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the unambiguous reference for the individual transaction contained in a particular occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

In transaction related queries, cancellations etc., the content of field 20 File Reference together with the content of this field provides the transaction identification.

10. Field 32B: Transaction Amount

FORMAT

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the individual transaction amount remitted by the Sender to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

USAGE RULES

This amount will, taking into account the charging option, be the basis for the Receiver to calculate the amount to be credited to the beneficiary.

Depending on the charging option specified in field 71A, the content of field 32B is as follows:

- If field 71A is OUR, the net amount to be credited to the beneficiary, as charges have been prepaid by the ordering customer.
- If field 71A is SHA, the amount as instructed by the originator, for example, invoice amount, of which the Receiver will deduct its own charges.
- If field 71A is BEN, the amount as instructed by the originator minus the Senders' charges, and from which amount the Receiver will deduct its charges.

11. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field identifies the customer ordering the transaction in this occurrence of the sequence.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.
5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.

8	Additional Information	<p>The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.
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NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.
 - to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the ordering customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

12. Field 52A: Ordering Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
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PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution, when other than the Sender, which instructed the Sender to transmit the transaction. This is applicable even if field 50a contains an IBAN.

CODES

Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code

ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The coded information contained in field 52A must be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

13. Field 57A: Account With Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a][/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
----------	--------------------------------	---

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution which services the account for the beneficiary customer identified in the same sequence. This is applicable even if field 59a contains an IBAN.

CODES

Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code

BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When field 57a is not present, it means that the Receiver is also the account with institution.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 57A.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 57A.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. It must not be followed by any other information.

14. Field 59a: Beneficiary Customer

FORMAT

No letter option	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)
Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)

Option F	[/34x] 4*(1!n/33x)	(Account) (Number/Name and Address Details)
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PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer to which the transaction amount should be transmitted.

CODES

In option F, Number/Name and Address Details must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Beneficiary Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the beneficiary customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide for example, street name and number, building name or post office box number).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence, as provided by the ordering customer.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Account must be present (Error code(s): E10).

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

If an IBAN must be present in Account (C11), the IBAN must be a valid IBAN (ISO 13616) (Error code(s): D19,T73).

In option F, for subfields (Number)(Name and Address Details):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO Country code (Error code(s): T73).

USAGE RULES

At least the name or the non-financial institution BIC of the beneficiary customer is mandatory.

If a non-financial institution BIC is specified, it must be meaningful for the financial institution that services the account for the beneficiary customer.

If the account number of the beneficiary customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F:

- line numbers may be repeated
- if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in the additional details

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

15. Field 70: Remittance Information

FORMAT

4*35x (Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies details of the individual transaction which are to be transmitted to the beneficiary customer.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used, placed between slashes ('/')

INV	Invoice	Invoice (followed by the date, reference and details of the invoice).
IPI	International Payment Instruction	Unique reference identifying a related International Payment Instruction (followed by up to 20 characters).
RFB	Reference for Beneficiary	Reference for the beneficiary customer (followed by up to 16 characters).
ROC	Reference of Customer	Ordering customer's reference.
TSU	Trade Services Utility transaction	The code placed between slashes ('/') must be followed by the TSU transaction identifier, a slash ('/'), the invoice number, a slash ('/') and the amount paid.

USAGE RULES

This field must not contain information to be acted upon by the Receiver.

Due to clearing restrictions, which vary significantly from country to country, the Sender must agree to the maximum usable length of this field with the Receiver.

For STP purposes, when an ISO 11649 Creditor Reference is present in this field it must be on the first line, without any characters preceding it, and it must be the only information on that line.

16. Field 26T: Transaction Type Code

FORMAT

Option T 3!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field identifies the nature of, purpose of, and/or reason for the individual transaction, for example, salary, pension or dividend.

USAGE RULES

The information given is intended both for regulatory and statutory requirements and/or to provide information to the beneficiary customer on the nature of the transaction.

Codes from the EUROSTAT list "Code List for Balance of Payments Collection Systems" may be used in this field.

In case the Receiver of the message is not legally obliged to forward the information to a regulatory body, he is allowed to ignore the content of this field.

17. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B 3*35x (Narrative)

In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of the Receiver or the Sender.

CODES

When the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ("/"):

BENEFRES	Residence of the beneficiary customer.
ORDERRES	Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field.

18. Field 33B: Currency/Instructed Amount**FORMAT**

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C7 and C9) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the instruction. This amount is provided for information purposes and has to be transported unchanged through the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

If field 33B is present in the message received, it has to be forwarded unchanged to the next party.

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

If the transaction is within the scope of the EC Directive on cross border credit transfers, this amount is the original ordered amount as instructed by the ordering customer. Otherwise, it is the amount that the sending bank was instructed to pay.

As a consequence, if there are no Sender's or Receiver's charges and no currency conversion or exchange took place, field 32A equals 33B, if present.

19. Field 71A: Details of Charges

FORMAT

Option A 3!a (Code)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the charges for the transaction in the same occurrence of sequence B.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	The transaction charges are to be borne by the ordering customer.
SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.

20. Field 71F: Sender's Charges

FORMAT

Option F 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C9) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges deducted by the Sender and by previous banks in the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

These fields are conveyed for transparency reasons.

The net amount after deduction of the Sender's charges will be quoted as the transaction amount in field 32B.

This field may be repeated to specify to the Receiver the currency and amount of charges taken by preceding banks in the transaction chain. Charges should be indicated in the order in which they have been deducted from the transaction amount, that is, the first occurrence of this field specifies the charges of the first bank in the transaction chain that deducted charges; the last occurrence always gives the Sender's charges.

21. Field 71G: Receiver's Charges**FORMAT**

Option G 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C9) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges due to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

The Receiver's charges are to be conveyed to the Receiver, not for transparency but for accounting reasons, that is, to facilitate bookkeeping and to calculate or verify the total Receiver's charges amount stipulated in sequence C.

22. Field 36: Exchange Rate**FORMAT**

12d (Rate)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C6) in mandatory sequence B

DEFINITION

This field specifies the exchange rate used to convert the instructed amount specified in field 33B in the same occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field must be present when a currency conversion has been performed on the Sender's side.

23. Field 32A: Value Date, Currency Code, Amount

FORMAT

Option A 6!n3!a15d (Date)(Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Mandatory in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies the value date, the currency and the settlement amount. The settlement amount is the amount to be booked/reconciled at interbank level.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

USAGE RULES

Where field 71A indicates OUR payments, this field contains the sum of the amounts specified in the fields 19 and 71G.

Where field 71A indicates SHA or BEN payments, this field contains the total of all fields 32B.

24. Field 19: Sum of Amounts

FORMAT

17d (Amount)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies the sum of all amounts appearing in field 32B in each occurrence of sequence B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the currency specified in field 32A (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field is only to be used where the sum of amounts is different from the settlement amount specified in field 32A, that is, when one or more transactions in sequence B contains the charging option OUR in field 71A.

25. Field 71G: Sum of Receiver's Charges

FORMAT

Option G 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C10) in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and accumulated amount of the transaction charges due to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

Amount must not equal zero (Error code(s): D57).

USAGE RULES

Where field 71A indicates OUR payments either in sequence A, or in one or more occurrences of sequence B, this field identifies the sum of the charges due, which has been prepaid and included in the interbank settlement amount.

For transparency or accounting reasons, this field is not to be used when field 71A, either in sequence A or in all occurrences of sequence B, indicates BEN or SHA payments.

26. Field 13C: Time Indication

FORMAT

Option C /8c/4!n1!x4!n (Code)(Time indication)(Sign)(Time offset)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies one or several time indication(s) related to the processing of the payment instruction.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/'):

CLSTIME	CLS Time	The time by which the funding payment must be credited, with confirmation, to the CLS Bank's account at the central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
RNCTIME	Receive Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was credited at the receiving central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
SNDTIME	Send Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was debited at the sending central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).

CODES

One of the following codes must be used in Sign (Error code(s): T15):

+	Plus	The + sign.
-	Minus	The - sign.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Time indication must be a valid time expressed as HHMM (Error code(s): T38).

Time offset is expressed as 'HHMM', where the hour component, that is, 'HH', must be in the range of 00 through 13, and the minute component, that is, 'MM' must be in the range of 00 through 59. Any 'HH' or 'MM' component outside of these range checks will be disallowed (Error code(s): T16).

USAGE RULES

The time zone in which date and Time are expressed is to be identified by means of the offset against the UTC (Coordinated Universal Time - ISO 8601).

27. Field 53a: Sender's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Account)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

Where required, this field specifies the account or branch of the Sender or another financial institution through which the Sender will reimburse the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Absence of this field implies that the bilaterally agreed account is to be used for settlement.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option C must be used where only an account number is to be specified.

In those cases where there are multiple direct account relationships, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver, and one of these accounts is to be used for reimbursement, the account to be credited or debited must be indicated in field 53a.

If there is no direct account relationship, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver (or branch of the Receiver when specified in field 54A), then field 53A must be present.

When field 53A is present and contains a branch of the Sender, the need for a cover message is dependent on the currency of the transaction, the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver and the contents of field 54A, if present.

A branch of the Receiver may appear in field 53A if the financial institution providing reimbursement is both the Sender's correspondent and a branch of the Receiver, and the Sender intends to send a cover message to the branch of the Receiver. In this case, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 53A.

In all other cases, when field 53A is present, a cover message, that is, MT 202/203 or equivalent non-SWIFT must be sent to the financial institution identified in field 53A.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54a is, in all cases, dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and the Receiver relative to that currency.

28. Field 54A: Receiver's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
----------	--------------------------------	---

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

Where required, this field specifies the branch of the Receiver or another financial institution at which the funds will be made available to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The absence of fields 53a and 54A implies that the single direct account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver, in the currency of the transfer, will be used.

In those cases where field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver, and is not preceded by field 53a, or field 53a contains an account of the Sender serviced by the Receiver's branch, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch.

If field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver and field 53A contains a branch of the Sender, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch or will be paid by its branch, depending on the currency of the transfer and the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver.

In all other cases where field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 54A.

A branch of the Sender must not appear in field 54A.

If the branch of the Sender or other financial institution specified in field 53A is also the account servicer for the Receiver, field 54A must not be present.

Field 54A containing the name of a financial institution other than the Receiver's branch must be preceded by field 53A; the Receiver will be paid by the financial institution in field 54A.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54A is in all cases dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

29. Field 72: Sender to Receiver Information

FORMAT

6*35x (Narrative Structured Format)

The following line formats must be used:

Line 1	/8c/[additional information]	(Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-6	[/continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)
	or	or
	[/8c/[additional information]]	(Code)(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional in mandatory sequence C

DEFINITION

This field specifies additional information for the Receiver.

CODES

Unless bilaterally agreed otherwise between the Sender and the Receiver, the following code may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

INS	Instructing institution	The instructing institution which instructed the Sender to execute the transaction.
-----	-------------------------	---

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

If the code /INS/ is used at the beginning of a line, it must be followed by a valid financial institution BIC and be the only information on that line (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T44,T45,T46).

If the code /INS/ is present at the beginning of a line, it must not be used again at the beginning of any other line (Error code(s): T47).

If the code /INS/ is used anywhere else than at the beginning of a line, it is treated as free text and is ignored as far as validation is concerned. In this case, there is no validation of the following BIC either.

The codes /REJT/ or /RETN/ must not be used in this field (Error code(s): T81).

This field must not include ERI (Error code(s): T82).

USAGE RULES

Field 72 must never be used for information for which another field is intended.

Each item for which a code exists must start with that code and may be completed with additional information.

Each code used must be between slashes and appear at the beginning of a line. It may be followed by additional narrative text.

Narrative text relating to a preceding code, which is continued on the next line(s), must start with a double slash '//', and, if used, must begin on a new line. Narrative text should preferably be the last information in this field.

Use of field 72 with uncoded instructions is not allowed.

It is strongly recommended to use the standard code proposed above. In any case, where bilateral agreements covering the use of codes in this field are in effect, the code must conform to the structured format of this field.

If code INS is present in field 72 of a received message, then the code and the related details must be passed, unchanged, in field 72 of the subsequent message in the payment chain. Additional codes and details may be added to field 72 of the subsequent message but the original INS and related details must not be altered or removed.

MT 102 STP Checklist

This document provides a checklist which is strongly recommended to be used by financial institutions as a basis for setting up bilateral or multilateral agreements for the processing of crossborder customer payments, that is, Credit Transfers transmitted by MT 102 STP via FIN.

It is recommended that all items listed be covered in the bilateral or multilateral agreements. In order to further facilitate the set up of these agreements, common procedures have been defined which financial institutions, if they wish, may override.

The checklist is not intended to provide an exhaustive list of items nor does SWIFT claim any responsibility for it.

Currencies Accepted, their Transaction Amount Limit and Settlement

Currencies Accepted

Unless otherwise agreed, multiple payment transactions are either expressed in the currency of the sending or the receiving country. If financial institutions wish to accept third currencies this should be bilaterally agreed.

Transaction Amount Limit

If financial institutions agree to define amount limits to the individual transactions, they should specify them per currency.

If the agreement allows for transactions above amounts to which specific requirements apply, for example, regulatory reporting requirements, these requirements and their formatting should be specified as well in the agreement.

Settlement

Unless otherwise agreed, direct account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver will be used for the booking of the transactions exchanged. However if they wish, financial institutions may also bilaterally agree to include third reimbursement parties in the settlement.

Whatever the agreement, transactions contained in a same message will be booked in one single entry.

For each currency accepted, the amount limit, the account number(s) used for settlement, if other than the normal one(s), and/or the third reimbursement party(ies) involved, if any, can be indicated in the chart below:

Currencies accepted	Transaction amount limit	Settlement account	Third reimbursement institutions(s) if any

Charges

Charging Options and Amounts

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will accept the charging options as defined and allowed for in the MT 102 STP. If financial institutions wish to accept only one option, this should be bilaterally agreed.

Financial institutions which accept the OUR option should agree on and specify the transaction charges in the receiving country for 'on us' and if applicable 'not on us' payments.

These transaction charges can be an exact amount or formula (percentage) and cover the guarantee and processing of transactions which the Receiver provides to the Sender until the execution in the receiving country up to the posting to the beneficiary's account. The pricing of bank-customer services, for example, for the method of advice - for daily/weekly/monthly statement for instance, being different from institution to institution are considered not to be part of the charges.

Charges due to:	Type of payment: on us/not on us	Charges per message: formula or exact amount	Charges per transaction: formula or exact amount

The above charges are preferably set for each trimester, if necessary semester. Changes to these charges should be announced one month before the end of the term.

The messages sent as from that implementation date, will be subject to the new tariffs of the Receiver.

Charges Specifications in the MT 102 STP

Unless otherwise agreed, the pre-agreed charges will be included in the MTs 102 STP exchanged, as appropriate, for information and control purposes and this in a consistent manner.

Unless otherwise agreed, charges will always be expressed in the same currency as the transaction amount(s) and settlement amount of the message.

In case the charges amounts, due to the above rule, are quoted in a currency different to the one specified in the bilateral agreement, the exchange rate should be quoted in the message exchanged.

Settlement Procedure for Charges

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will separately indicate in the MT 102 STP the sum of charges due to the Sender and/or to the Receiver, as appropriate.

The amount settled between financial institutions with the value date specified includes at a minimum the sum of all transaction amounts. Whether the sum of charges due to the Sender and/or Receiver will also be included in the settlement amount, will depend on the agreed settlement procedure for charges. Regarding this procedure, financial institutions can agree that:

Charges are settled with same value date as the sum of all transaction amounts and booked together	
Charges are settled with same value date as the sum of all transaction amounts but booked separately	
Charges are settled periodically (once ...)	
Other	

Only when using the first or second option, the settlement amount will include the sum of charges.

Data Transmission and Bulking Criteria

Unless otherwise agreed, credit transfer transactions contained in the same MT 102 STP should be grouped as follows:

- operations with same bank operation code
- operations in same currency
- operations with same settlement account/institution
- operations with same value date

Financial institutions should agree whether only head office or also branches can be the Sender and/or Receiver of the MT 102 STP:

	BIC Bank1	BIC Bank2
Only head-office		

	BIC Bank1	BIC Bank2
Head office and all domestic branches		
Head office and a limited number of domestic branches as listed: only list party suffix and branch identifier		

Date and Time Frames

Financial institutions should agree on the timeframe needed by the Receiver to execute the payments accepted in its country. This timeframe starts counting as of an agreed cut-off time for receipt of incoming messages by the Receiver.

Messages received before cut-off time, will be settled on a pre-agreed day which is a (number of) day(s) following the day of receipt (day of receipt = D). For messages received after cut-off time, the settlement timeframe will be based on D+1.

D will also be the basis for calculating the execution dates (dates when the funds are available to the Beneficiary).

Date of receipt/acceptance = D

	Currency 1	Currency 2
Receiver's cut-off time		
Settlement timeframe	D (+)	D (+)
Execution timeframe for on/us payments (until funds are on the account of the Beneficiary)	D (+)	D (+)
Execution timeframe for not on/us payments (until funds are on the account of Beneficiary)	D (+)	D (+)

Level of Controls/Checks and Acceptance of Messages/Transactions

Message Level

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will take as a basis for their controls/checks all security aspects of FIN as defined in the SWIFT FIN User Handbook as well as the MT 102 STP message syntax and semantics as defined in the MT 102 STP message specifications.

In order to achieve straight-through processing of the MTs 102 STP exchanged, financial institutions should define checks and controls relating to the bilaterally agreed items.

Unless otherwise agreed, messages passing the checks and controls, are considered accepted and therefore irrevocable, that is, to be posted to the nostro/loro account.

If messages do not pass the checks/controls, they will be rejected (see the next checkpoint).

Proposed checks and controls, relating to the bilaterally agreed items, performed by the Receiver and their error codes:

Control/Check	Yes/No	Error Code
Settlement amount		
Value date		
Sender		
Currencies present		
Bulking criteria used		
Information present in field 72		
Bank operation code		
Other		

Transaction Level

Once the message is accepted, further checks are proposed to take place at transaction level. Only if transaction(s) pass the checks, will they be executed. If not, they will be rejected (see the next checkpoint).

Proposed checks and controls performed by the Receiver including error codes prior to the execution of the transactions:

Control/Check	Yes/No	Error Code
Account number of beneficiary		
Transaction amount		
Beneficiary bank identification		
Length of remittance data		
Other		

Rejects of Messages and/or Transactions

Message Rejects

For rejects due to a communication failure between the Sender and the Receiver, the existing FIN rules apply.

Unless otherwise agreed, messages properly received but failing to pass the message level checks (as defined in the previous checkpoint) will be rejected by the Receiver without further processing. Financial institutions are recommended to use the MT 195 to advise the rejection. The reject advice should contain at a minimum the reference of the rejected message and the error code(s). The maximum delay acceptable for the Receiver to notify the Sender and possible related charges should be bilaterally agreed.

Unless otherwise agreed, the notification returned to the Sender will exempt the Receiver from processing the message. The Sender will, after correction, resubmit the message.

Transaction Rejects

The return to the originator of transactions being rejected after the message which contained them has been posted to a nostro/loro account (between the Sender and the Receiver), will cause a settlement. Unless otherwise agreed, this settlement will adhere to the following rules:

- it should be in the same currency as the original transaction currency
- it should take place at a bilaterally agreed value date
- the original transaction amount should remain unchanged
- the settlement should take place via the same account relationship
- normal banking practice prevails.

Financial institutions should agree on a maximum of working days after receipt of the MT 102 for rejecting a transaction and on the charges applied.

The following chart provides details regarding the message/transaction rejects:

	Reject of message	Reject of transaction
Maximum delay as from moment of receipt to advise the reject to Sender		
Charges due to the reject		

Cancellations

Unless otherwise agreed, messages properly received and accepted are to be considered as irrevocable. Cancellation therefore should be the exception.

If however cancellations are accepted in the bilateral agreement, the following details should be agreed:

	BIC of Bank1	BIC of Bank2
Acceptable delay for the Sender to request cancellation of message		
Acceptable delay for acceptance and response by the Receiver to such request		
Charges due to the Receiver of such request		

Financial institutions are proposed to send their request for cancellation by MT 192, for response by MT 196.

The possible interbank costs of the failure are supported by the Sender.

Modifications and Changes

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will use the most up-to-date version of the MT 102 STP for the transmission of their transactions.

Unless otherwise agreed, financial institutions will implement changes in the message specifications of the MT 102 STP according to the implementation dates as announced by SWIFT

A Sender who has not done the necessary modifications in time may not be able to correctly format the transactions concerned. In this case, the Receiver is not obliged to execute the transactions. Financial institutions should agree who is liable for any costs arising from the non-execution of these transactions. Unless otherwise agreed, the costs are to be supported by the Sender.

A Receiver who has not done the necessary modifications in time may not be able to process the transactions. The Receiver will remain responsible for executing the transactions. Financial institutions should agree who is liable for any costs arising from the non-execution of these transactions. Unless otherwise agreed, the costs are to be supported by the Receiver.

MT 103 Single Customer Credit Transfer

The MT 103 is a General Use message, that is, no registration in a Message User Group (MUG) is necessary to send and receive this message. It allows the exchange of single customer credit transfers using all MT 103 fields. The MT 103 can be straight through processable if the message is properly formatted according to pre-agreed bilateral/multilateral rules.

Two variants of the MT 103 exist and these are documented separately:

1. The MT 103 STP is a general use message, that is, no registration in a MUG is necessary to send and receive this message. It allows for the exchange of single customer credit transfers using a network-validated, restricted set of fields and format options of the MT 103 to make it straight through processable.
2. The MT 103 REMIT requires registration in the Extended Remittance Information MUG. This MUG allows its subscribers to exchange MT 103 REMIT messages with an extended amount of remittance information in the additional field 77T Envelope Contents. This remittance information may optionally be exchanged in a non-SWIFT format, such as EDIFACT or ANSI-X12.

IMPORTANT: [User header block \(block 3\) must be present and must contain field 121 Unique End-to-end Transaction Reference \(UETR\). In cases where the sender is acting as intermediary and a UETR was present in the received message, the UETR must be passed, unchanged, to the next message in the transaction chain. In all other cases a new UETR must be used. Details of the format of the user header block and field 121, and also the required order of fields in the user header block, can be found in the FIN Operations Guide.](#)

MT 103 Scope

This message type is sent by or on behalf of the financial institution of the ordering customer, directly or through (a) correspondent(s), to the financial institution of the beneficiary customer.

It is used to convey a funds transfer instruction in which the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer, or both, are non-financial institutions from the perspective of the Sender.

This message may only be used for clean payment instructions. It must not be used to advise the remitting bank of a payment for a clean, for example, cheque, collection, nor to provide the cover for a transaction whose completion was advised separately, for example, via an MT 400.

MT 103 Format Specifications

MT 103 Single Customer Credit Transfer

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
M	20	Sender's Reference	16x	1
----->				
O	13C	Time Indication	/8c/4!n1!x4!n	2

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
M	23B	Bank Operation Code	4!c	3
----->				
O	23E	Instruction Code	4!c[/30x]	4

O	26T	Transaction Type Code	3!c	5
M	32A	Value Date/Currency/Interbank Settled Amount	6!n3!a15d	6
O	33B	Currency/Instructed Amount	3!a15d	7
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	8
M	50a	Ordering Customer	A, F, or K	9
O	51A	Sending Institution	[/1!a][[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	10
O	52a	Ordering Institution	A or D	11
O	53a	Sender's Correspondent	A, B, or D	12
O	54a	Receiver's Correspondent	A, B, or D	13
O	55a	Third Reimbursement Institution	A, B, or D	14
O	56a	Intermediary Institution	A, C, or D	15
O	57a	Account With Institution	A, B, C, or D	16
M	59a	Beneficiary Customer	No letter option, A, or F	17
O	70	Remittance Information	4*35x	18
M	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	19
----->				
O	71F	Sender's Charges	3!a15d	20

O	71G	Receiver's Charges	3!a15d	21
O	72	Sender to Receiver Information	6*35x	22
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	23
M = Mandatory, O = Optional - Network Validated Rules may apply				

MT 103 Network Validated Rules

- C1** If field 33B is present and the currency code is different from the currency code in field 32A, field 36 must be present, otherwise field 36 is not allowed (Error code(s): D75).

If field 33B is ...	And currency code in field 33B is ...	Then field 36 is ...
Present	Not equal to currency code in field 32A	Mandatory
	Equal to currency code in field 32A	Not allowed
Not present	Not applicable	Not allowed

- C2** If the country codes of the Sender's and the Receiver's BICs are within the following list: AD, AT, BE, BG, BV, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, GB, GF, GI, GP, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MQ, MT, NL, NO, PL, PM, PT, RE, RO, SE, SI, SJ, SK, SM, TF and VA, then field 33B is mandatory, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D49).

If country code of Sender's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And country code of Receiver's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	Then field 33B is ...
Yes	Yes	Mandatory
Yes	No	Optional
No	Yes	Optional
No	No	Optional

Note: See also Network Validated Rule C15 (Error code(s): D51).

- C3** If field 23B contains the code SPRI, field 23E may contain only the codes SDVA, TELB, PHOB, INTC (Error code(s): E01).

If field 23B contains one of the codes SSTD or SPAY, field 23E must not be used (Error code(s): E02).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 23E is ...
SPRI	Optional. It can contain only SDVA, TELB, PHOB or INTC
SSTD	Not allowed
SPAY	Not allowed
Not equal to SPRI, SSTD and SPAY	Optional

- C4** If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 53a must not be used with option D (Error code(s): E03).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 53a ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	Must not be used with option D

- C5** If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY and field 53a is present with option B, Party Identifier must be present in field 53B (Error code(s): E04).
- C6** If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 54a may be used with option A only (Error code(s): E05).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 54a ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	May be used with option A only

C7 If field 55a is present, then both fields 53a and 54a must also be present (Error code(s): E06).

If field 55a is ...	Then field 53a is ...	And field 54a is ...
Present	Mandatory	Mandatory
Not present	Optional	Optional

C8 If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 55a may be used with option A only (Error code(s): E07).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 55a ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	May be used with option A only

C9 If field 56a is present, field 57a must also be present (Error code(s): C81).

If field 56a is ...	Then field 57a is ...
Present	Mandatory
Not present	Optional

C10 If field 23B contains the code SPRI, field 56a must not be present (Error code(s): E16).

If field 23B contains one of the codes SSTD or SPAY, field 56a may be used with either option A or option C. If option C is used, it must contain a clearing code (Error code(s): E17).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 56a is ...
SPRI	Not allowed
SSTD or SPAY	Allowed with option A or C only (if option C: clearing code must be used)

C11 If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 57a may be used with option A, option C or option D. Subfield 1 (Party Identifier) in option D must be present (Error code(s): E09).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 57a is ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	Allowed only with options A, C or D (In option D: Party Identifier is mandatory)

C12 If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, subfield 1 (Account) in field 59a Beneficiary Customer is mandatory (Error code(s): E10).

C13 If any field 23E contains the code CHQB, subfield 1 (Account) in field 59a Beneficiary Customer is not allowed (Error code(s): E18).

C14 If field 71A contains OUR, then field 71F is not allowed and field 71G is optional (Error code(s): E13).

If field 71A is ...	Then field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...
OUR	Not allowed	Optional

If field 71A contains SHA, then field(s) 71F is(are) optional and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): D50).

If field 71A is ...	Then field(s) 71F is(are) ...	And field 71G is ...
SHA	Optional	Not allowed

If field 71A contains BEN, then at least one occurrence of field 71F is mandatory and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): E15).

If field 71A is ...	Then field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...
BEN	Mandatory (at least one occurrence)	Not allowed

- C15** If either field 71F (at least one occurrence) or field 71G is present, then field 33B is mandatory, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D51).

Note 1: The presence of both fields 71F and 71G is also regulated by the network validated rule C14 (Error code(s): E13,D50,E15).

Note 2: The presence of field 33B is also regulated by the Network Validated Rule C2 (Error code(s): D49).

- C16** If field 56a is not present, no field 23E may contain TELL or PHOI (Error code(s): E44).

If field 56a is ...	Then no occurrence of field 23E subfield 1 may contain ...
Not present	TELL or PHOI

- C17** If field 57a is not present, no field 23E may contain TELE or PHON (Error code(s): E45).

If field 57a is ...	Then no occurrence of field 23E subfield 1 may contain ...
Not present	TELE or PHON

- C18** The currency code in the fields 71G and 32A must be the same (Error code(s): C02).

MT 103 Usage Rules

- [When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, the originating bank must:](#)
 - [copy the content of field 20 of the MT 103 unchanged into field 21 of the related MT 202 COV;](#)
 - [copy the content of field 121, in the user header block, of the MT 103 unchanged into field 121, in the user header block, of the related MT 202 COV.](#)

- ~~When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, the originating bank must copy the content of field 20 of the MT 103 unchanged into field 21 of the related MT 202 COV.~~
- Field 72 may only be present when it is structured, that is, only contains coded information.
- When sending the message via FileAct, institutions should bilaterally agree on the maximum size of the message.

Usage Rules for Amount Related Fields

There is a relationship between the amount related fields 33B, 36, 71G, 71F and 32A which may be logically expressed in the following formula:

- The instructed amount in field 33B, adjusted with the exchange rate in field 36, plus the Receiver's charges in field 71G, minus the Sender's charges in field(s) 71F, equals the interbank settled amount in field 32A.

Presence of the fields mentioned above is subject to the conditional field rules C1, C2, C15 and C16. If a field is not present, that field must not be taken into account in the formula. If field 71F is present more than once, all occurrences of that field must be taken into account in the formula.

Examples: Transaction A

- Pay the equivalent of EUR 1000,00 in GBP to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom
- Exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Transaction charges on the Sender's side are EUR 5,00 (=GBP 3,1)
- Transaction charges on the Receiver's side are GBP 4 (=EUR 6,45)

Example A1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed Amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit Amount	EUR	1011,45

B. MT 103 extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		OUR
71G	GBP	4,00
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	623,99

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 623,99, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Interbank settlement amount	GBP	623,99
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	619,99

Example A2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1005,00

B. MT 103 extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		SHA
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	619,99

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 619,99, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Interbank settlement amount	GBP	619,99
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	615,99

Example A3: Charging option is BEN

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed amount = Debit amount	EUR	1000,00
----------------------------------	-----	---------

B. MT 103 extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		BEN
71F	GBP	3,1
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	616,89

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 616,89, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Equivalent of Instructed amount	GBP	619,99
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,1
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	612,89

Note: The beneficiary is also advised of the Sender's charges of GBP 3,1.

Examples: Transaction B

- Pay GBP 1000,00 to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom
- Exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Transaction charges on the Sender's side are EUR 5,00 (=GBP 3,1)
- Transaction charges on the Receiver's side are GBP 4,00 (=EUR 6,45)
- The ordering customer has an account in euro
- Sender and Receiver's BIC are within the EU-country list

Example B1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit amount	EUR	1624,38

B. MT 103 extract

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000,00
71A		OUR
71G	GBP	4,00
32A	GBP	1004,00

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 1004, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Instructed amount = Credit amount	GBP	1000,00
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Example B2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1617,93

B. MT 103 extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000,00
71A		SHA
32A	GBP	1000,00

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 1000, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Amount in 32A	GBP	1000,00
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	996,00

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

Example B3: Charging option is BEN

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount = Debit amount	EUR	1612,93

B. MT 103 extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000,00
71A		BEN
71F	GBP	3,10
32A	GBP	996,90

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 996,9 that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Instructed amount	GBP	1000,00
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,10
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	992,90

Note: The beneficiary is also advised of the Sender's charges of GBP 3,1.

MT 103 Market Practice Rules

As indicated in the MT 103 Guidelines, when an MT 103 is sent using the cover method, an MT 202 COV message must be sent to cover the transfer. A credit to a beneficiary's account that is based on the receipt of an MT 103, without receipt of the related cover payment, is a policy decision. Institutions have deployed processes that are approved by their internal risk committees; the risk lies clearly with the beneficiary institution. Guidelines for the processing of an MT 103 sent with the cover method have been published by the Payments Market Practice Group (PMPG).

For more details, see the market practice document *Guidelines for use of the MT 202 COV* on www.pmpg.info.

MT 103 Guidelines

- If the Sender and the Receiver wish to use their direct account relationship in the currency of the transfer, then the MT 103 message will contain the cover for the customer transfer as well as the payment details.
- If the Sender and the Receiver have no direct account relationship in the currency of the transfer or do not wish to use their account relationship, then third banks will be involved to cover the transaction. The MT 103 contains only the payment details and the Sender must cover the customer transfer by sending an MT 202 COV General Financial Institution Transfer to a third bank. This payment method is called 'cover'.
- Where more than two financial institutions are involved in the payment chain, and if the MT 103 is sent from one financial institution to the next financial institution in this chain, then the payment method is called 'serial'.
- If the Receiver does not service an account for the beneficiary customer, and no account servicing institution is indicated, nor any alternative instructions given, then the Receiver will act upon the customer credit transfer instruction in an appropriate manner of its choice.

- In order to allow better reconciliation by the beneficiary customer, the MT 103 supports full charges transparency and structured remittance information.
- In order to allow better reconciliation by the Receiver, the MT 103 gives an unambiguous indication of the interbank amount booked by the Sender/to be booked by the Receiver.
- The MT 103 gives the Sender the ability to identify in the message the level of service requested, that is, what service is expected from the Receiver for a particular payment, for example, SWIFTPay, Standard or Priority or any other bilaterally agreed service.
- The message also allows for the inclusion of regulatory information in countries where regulatory reporting is requested.

MT 103 Field Specifications

1. Field 20: Sender's Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference assigned by the Sender to unambiguously identify the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '//'
(Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

- This reference must be quoted in any related confirmation or statement, for example, MT 900, 910 and/or 950.
- When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, this reference must be quoted unchanged in field 21 of the related MT 202 COV.

2. Field 13C: Time Indication

FORMAT

Option C /8c/4!n1!x4!n (Code)(Time indication)(Sign)(Time offset)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies one or several time indication(s) related to the processing of the payment instruction.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

CLSTIME	CLS Time	The time by which the funding payment must be credited, with confirmation, to the CLS Bank's account at the central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
RNCTIME	Receive Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was credited at the receiving central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
SNDTIME	Send Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was debited at the sending central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).

CODES

One of the following codes must be used in Sign (Error code(s): T15):

+	Plus	The + sign.
-	Minus	The - sign.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Time indication must be a valid time expressed as HHMM (Error code(s): T38).

Time offset is expressed as 'HHMM', where the hour component, that is, 'HH', must be in the range of 00 through 13, and the minute component, that is, 'MM' must be in the range of 00 through 59. Any 'HH' or 'MM' component outside of these range checks will be disallowed (Error code(s): T16).

USAGE RULES

The time zone in which Time is expressed is to be identified by means of the offset against the UTC (Coordinated Universal Time - ISO 8601).

3. Field 23B: Bank Operation Code

FORMAT

Option B 4!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field identifies the type of operation.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T36):

CRED	Normal credit transfer	This message contains a credit transfer where there is no SWIFT Service Level involved.
CRTS	Test message	This message contains a credit transfer for test purposes.
SPAY	SWIFTPay	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the SWIFTPay Service Level.
SPRI	Priority	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the Priority Service Level.
SSTD	Standard	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the Standard Service Level.

USAGE RULES

The code CRTS should not be used on the FIN network.

4. Field 23E: Instruction Code**FORMAT**

Option E 4!c[/30x] (Instruction Code)(Additional Information)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3)

DEFINITION

This field specifies an instruction.

CODES

Instruction Code must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T47):

CHQB	Cheque	Pay beneficiary customer by cheque only. The optional account number line in field 59a must not be used.
CORT	Corporate Trade	Payment is made in settlement of a trade, for example, foreign exchange deal, securities transaction.
HOLD	Hold	Beneficiary customer/claimant will call; pay upon identification.
INTC	Intra-Company Payment	A payment between two companies belonging to the same group.
PHOB	Phone Beneficiary	Please advise/contact beneficiary/claimant by phone.
PHOI	Phone Intermediary	Please advise the intermediary institution by phone.
PHON	Telephone	Please advise account with institution by phone.
REPA	Related Payment	Payment has a related e-Payments reference.

SDVA	Same Day Value	Payment must be executed with same day value to the beneficiary.
TELB	Telecommunication	Please advise/contact beneficiary/claimant by the most efficient means of telecommunication.
TELE	Telecommunication	Please advise the account with institution by the most efficient means of telecommunication.
TELI	Telecommunication	Please advise the intermediary institution by the most efficient means of telecommunication.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Additional Information is only allowed when Instruction Code consists of one of the following codes: PHON, PHOB, PHOI, TELE, TELB, TELI, HOLD or REPA (Error code(s): D97).

If this field is repeated, the codes must appear in the following order (Error code(s): D98):

- SDVA
- INTC
- REPA
- CORT
- HOLD
- CHQB
- PHOB
- TELB
- PHON
- TELE
- PHOI
- TELI

When this field is used more than once, the following combinations are not allowed (Error code(s): D67):

SDVA	with	HOLD
SDVA	with	CHQB
INTC	with	HOLD
INTC	with	CHQB
REPA	with	HOLD
REPA	with	CHQB
REPA	with	CORT
CORT	with	HOLD
CORT	with	CHQB
HOLD	with	CHQB

PHOB	with	TELB
PHON	with	TELE
PHOI	with	TELI

If this field is repeated, the same code word must not be present more than once (Error code(s): E46).

USAGE RULES

This field may be repeated to give several coded instructions to one or more parties.

Code REPA indicates that the payment is the result of an initiation performed via an e-payments product between the customers. This code is intended for the beneficiary's bank who should act according to the specifications of the e-payments product.

5. Field 26T: Transaction Type Code

FORMAT

Option T	3!c	(Type)
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PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field identifies the nature of, purpose of, and/or reason for the individual transaction, for example, salaries, pensions, dividends.

USAGE RULES

The information given is intended both for regulatory and statutory requirements and/or to provide information to the beneficiary customer on the nature of the transaction.

Codes from the EUROSTAT list "Code List for Balance of Payments Collection Systems" may be used in this field.

6. Field 32A: Value Date/Currency/Interbank Settled Amount

FORMAT

Option A	6!n3!a15d	(Date)(Currency)(Amount)
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PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the value date, the currency and the settlement amount. The settlement amount is the amount to be booked/reconciled at interbank level.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

7. Field 33B: Currency/Instructed Amount

FORMAT

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C2 and C15)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the instruction. This amount is provided for information purposes and has to be transported unchanged through the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

If field 33B is present in the message received, it has to be forwarded unchanged to the next party.

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

If the transaction is within the scope of the EC Directive on cross border credit transfers, this amount is the original ordered amount as instructed by the ordering customer. Otherwise, it is the amount that the sending bank was instructed to pay.

As a consequence, if there are no Sender's or Receiver's charges and no currency conversion or exchange took place, field 32A equals 33B, if present.

8. Field 36: Exchange Rate

FORMAT

12d (Rate)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C1)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the exchange rate used to convert the instructed amount specified in field 33B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

9. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer ordering the transaction.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.

5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.
8	Additional Information	<p>The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.

- to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the ordering customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

10. Field 51A: Sending Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
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PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field identifies the Sender of the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Field 51A is only valid in FileAct (Error code(s): D63).

USAGE RULES

At least the first 8 characters of the BIC in this field must be identical to the originator of this FileAct message.

The content of field 20, Sender's reference together with the content of this field provides the message identification which is to be used in case of queries, cancellations etc.

11. Field 52a: Ordering Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution of the ordering customer, when different from the Sender, even if field 50a contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code

SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
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CODES

In option D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The coded information contained in field 52a must be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option D should only be used when the ordering financial institution has no BIC.

12. Field 53a: Sender's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C4, C5, and C7)

DEFINITION

Where required, this field specifies the account or branch of the Sender or another financial institution through which the Sender will reimburse the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27, T28, T29, T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Absence of this field implies that there is a unique account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver or that the bilaterally agreed account is to be used for settlement.

Option A is the preferred option.

In those cases where there are multiple direct account relationships, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver, and one of these accounts is to be used for reimbursement, the account to be credited or debited must be indicated in field 53a, using option B with the party identifier only.

If there is no direct account relationship, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver (or branch of the Receiver when specified in field 54a), then field 53a must be present.

When field 53a is present and contains a branch of the Sender, the need for a cover message is dependent on the currency of the transaction, the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver and the contents of field 54a, if present.

A branch of the Receiver may appear in field 53a if the financial institution providing reimbursement is both the Sender's correspondent and a branch of the Receiver, and the Sender intends to send a cover message to the branch of the Receiver. In this case, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in

field 53a.

In all other cases, when field 53a is present, a cover message, that is, MT 202 COV or equivalent non-SWIFT must be sent to the financial institution identified in field 53a.

When field 53B is used to specify a branch city name, it must always be a branch of the Sender.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54a is, in all cases, dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

13. Field 54a: Receiver's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C6 and C7)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the branch of the Receiver or another financial institution at which the funds will be made available to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When the funds are made available to the Receiver's branch through a financial institution other than that indicated in field 53a, this financial institution, that is, intermediary reimbursement institution shall be specified in field 54a and field 55a shall contain the Receiver's branch.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option B must only be used with a location.

In those cases where field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver, and is not preceded by field 53a, or field 53a contains an account of the Sender serviced by the Receiver's branch, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch.

If field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver and field 53a contains a branch of the Sender, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch or will be paid by its branch, depending on the currency of the transfer and the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver.

In all other cases where field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 54a.

A branch of the Sender must not appear in field 54a.

If the branch of the Sender or other financial institution specified in field 53a is also the account servicer for the Receiver, field 54a must not be present.

Field 54a containing the name of a financial institution other than the Receiver's branch must be preceded by field 53a; the Receiver will be paid by the financial institution in field 54a.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54a is in all cases dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

14. Field 55a: Third Reimbursement Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C8)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the Receiver's branch, when the funds are made available to this branch through a financial institution other than that indicated in field 53a.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Option A is the preferred option.

15. Field 56a: Intermediary Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C10)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution through which the transaction must pass to reach the account with institution.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C or D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When one of the codes //FW (with or without the 9-digit number), //AU, //CP, //IN or //RT is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56a and 57a of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. If it is used with option A, it must not be followed by any other information. If it is used with option C or D, it may be followed by another domestic clearing code.

Option A is always the preferred option.

Option C must be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

Option D must only be used in exceptional circumstances: when the party cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, when there is a need to be able to specify a name and address, for example, due to regulatory considerations or when there is a bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver permitting its use.

When qualified by a clearing system code or an account number, the use of option D may enable the automated processing of the instruction(s) by the Receiver.

16. Field 57a: Account With Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C9 and C11)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution which services the account for the beneficiary customer. This is applicable even if field 59a contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
----	-----	-----------------------

AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
ZA	6!n	South African National Clearing Code

CODES

In option C or D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code

NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)
ZA	6!n	South African National Clearing Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When field 57a is not present, it means that the Receiver is also the account with institution.

When one of the codes //FW (with or without the 9-digit number), //AU, //CP, //IN or //RT is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56a and 57a of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. If it is used with option A, it must not be followed by any other information. If it is used with option C or D, it may be followed by another domestic clearing code.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option C must be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

Option D must only be used in exceptional circumstances: when the party cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, when there is a need to be able to specify a name and address, for example, due to regulatory considerations or when there is a bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver permitting its use.

When qualified by a clearing system code or an account number, the use of option D may enable the automated processing of the instruction(s) by the Receiver.

17. Field 59a: Beneficiary Customer

FORMAT

No letter option	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)
Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	[/34x] 4*(!n/33x)	(Account) (Number/Name and Address Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer which will be paid.

CODES

In option F, Number/Name and Address Details must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Beneficiary Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the beneficiary customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide for example, street name and number, building name or post office box number).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence, as provided by the ordering customer.

CODES

Account may contain one of the following codes, preceded by a double slash '//':

CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
----	-----	----------------------------

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, for subfields (Number)(Name and Address Details):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

USAGE RULES

At least the name or the BIC of the beneficiary customer is mandatory.

If a non-financial institution BIC is specified, it must be meaningful for the financial institution that services the account for the beneficiary customer.

If the account number of the beneficiary customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F:

- line numbers may be repeated
- if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in the additional details

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

18. Field 70: Remittance Information

FORMAT

4*35x (Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies either the details of the individual transaction or a reference to another message containing the details which are to be transmitted to the beneficiary customer.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used, placed between slashes (/):

INV	Invoice	Invoice (followed by the date, reference and details of the invoice).
IPI	International Payment Instruction	Unique reference identifying a related International Payment Instruction (followed by up to 20 characters).
RFB	Reference for Beneficiary	Reference for the beneficiary customer (followed by up to 16 characters).

ROC	Reference of Customer	Ordering customer's reference.
TSU	Trade Services Utility transaction	The code placed between slashes (/) must be followed by the TSU transaction identifier, a slash (/), the invoice number, a slash (/) and the amount paid.

USAGE RULES

For clearing purposes, the Sender must check with the Receiver regarding length restrictions of field 70.

The information specified in this field is intended only for the beneficiary customer, that is, this information only needs to be conveyed by the Receiver.

Multiple references can be used, if separated with a double slash, '//'. Code must not be repeated between two references of the same kind.

For STP purposes, when an ISO 11649 Creditor Reference is present in this field it must be on the first line, without any characters preceding it, and it must be the only information on that line.

19. Field 71A: Details of Charges

FORMAT

Option A	3!a	(Code)
----------	-----	--------

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the charges for the transaction.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	All transaction charges are to be borne by the ordering customer.
SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.

20. Field 71F: Sender's Charges

FORMAT

Option F	3!a15d	(Currency)(Amount)
----------	--------	--------------------

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C14)

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges deducted by the Sender and by previous banks in the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

These fields are conveyed for transparency reasons.

The net amount after deduction of the Sender's charges will be quoted as the inter-bank settled amount in field 32A.

This field may be repeated to specify to the Receiver the currency and amount of charges taken by preceding banks in the transaction chain. Charges should be indicated in the order in which they have been deducted from the transaction amount, that is, the first occurrence of this field specifies the charges of the first bank in the transaction chain that deducted charges; the last occurrence always gives the Sender's charges.

21. Field 71G: Receiver's Charges

FORMAT

Option G 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C14)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges due to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

Amount must not equal zero (Error code(s): D57).

USAGE RULES

This field is conveyed for accounting reasons, that is, to facilitate bookkeeping.

Where field 71A indicates OUR payments, this field identifies the charges due, which have been prepaid and included in the interbank settlement amount.

22. Field 72: Sender to Receiver Information

FORMAT

6*35x (Narrative Structured Format)

The following line formats must be used:

Line 1	/8c/[additional information]	(Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-6	[/continuation of additional information] or [/8c/[additional information]]	(Narrative) or (Code)(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies additional information for the Receiver or other party specified.

CODES

Unless bilaterally agreed otherwise between the Sender and the Receiver, one of the following codes must be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

ACC	Account with institution	Instructions following are for the account with institution.
INS	Instructing institution	The instructing institution which instructed the Sender or previous institution in the transaction chain, to execute the transaction.
INT	Intermediary institution	Instructions following are for the intermediary institution.
REC	Receiver	Instructions following are for the Receiver of the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

If the first six characters in line 1 contain the character string /REJT/ or /RETN/, then it is mandatory to follow the *Payments Reject/Return Guidelines* described in the *Standards MT Usage Guidelines*(Error code(s): T80).

USAGE RULES

Field 72 must never be used for information for which another field is intended.

Each item for which a code exists must start with that code and may be completed with additional information.

Each code used must be between slashes and appear at the beginning of a line. It may be followed by additional narrative text.

Narrative text relating to a preceding code, which is continued on the next line(s), must start with a double slash '//', and, if used, must begin on a new line. Narrative text should preferably be the last information in this field.

Use of field 72, particularly with uncoded instructions, may cause delay, because, in automated systems, the presence of this field will normally require manual intervention.

It is strongly recommended to use the standard codes proposed above. In any case, where bilateral agreements covering the use of codes in this field are in effect, the code must conform to the structured format of this field.

The code INS may be repeated to specify all previously involved financial institutions in the transaction chain .

Instructing institutions should be indicated in the order in which they were involved in the transaction chain, that is, the first occurrence specifies the financial institution that received the instruction from the ordering institution and passed it on to the next institution in the transaction chain; the last occurrence always indicates the institution that instructed the sender of this message to execute the transaction.

If codes INS or ACC are present in field 72 of a received message, then these codes and the related details must be passed, unchanged, in field 72 of the subsequent message in the payment chain. Additional codes and details may be added to field 72 of the subsequent message but the original INS and ACC and related details must not be altered or removed.

23. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B 3*35x (Narrative)

In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of Receiver or Sender.

CODES

Where the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes (/):

BENEFRES Residence of the beneficiary customer.

ORDERRES Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field.

MT 103 REMIT Single Customer Credit Transfer

The MT 103 REMIT requires registration in the Extended Remittance Information message user group. This message user group allows its subscribers to exchange MT 103 REMIT messages with an extended amount of remittance information in field 77T. This remittance information may optionally be exchanged in a non-SWIFT format, such as EDIFACT or ANSI-X12.

The differences with the core MT 103 are:

- MT 103 REMIT requires registration in the Extended Remittance Information message user group.
- The user header (block 3 of the message) must contain the code REMIT in field 119 (3:119:REMIT).
- MT 103 REMIT has no field 70 Remittance Information.
- MT 103 REMIT has a field 77T Envelope Contents for extended remittance information.

IMPORTANT: User header block (block 3) must be present and must contain field 119 Validation Flag, with code REMIT, and field 121 Unique End-to-end Transaction Reference (UETR). In cases where the sender is acting as intermediary and a UETR was present in the received message, the UETR must be passed, unchanged, to the next message in the transaction chain. In all other cases, a new UETR must be used. Details of the format of the user header block and field 121, and also the required order of fields in the user header block, can be found in the FIN Operations Guide.

MT 103 REMIT Scope

This message type is sent by or on behalf of the financial institution of the ordering customer, directly or through (a) correspondent(s), to the financial institution of the beneficiary customer.

It is used to convey a funds transfer instruction in which the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer, or both, are non-financial institutions from the perspective of the Sender.

This message may only be used for clean payment instructions. It must not be used to advise the remitting bank of a payment for a clean, for example, cheque, collection, nor to provide the cover for a transaction whose completion was advised separately, for example, via an MT 400.

MT 103 REMIT Format Specifications

MT 103 REMIT Single Customer Credit Transfer

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
M	20	Sender's Reference	16x	1
----->				
O	13C	Time Indication	/8c/4!n1!x4!n	2

M	23B	Bank Operation Code	4!c	3

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
----->				
O	23E	Instruction Code	4!c[/30x]	4

O	26T	Transaction Type Code	3!c	5
M	32A	Value Date/Currency/Interbank Settled Amount	6!n3!a15d	6
O	33B	Currency/Instructed Amount	3!a15d	7
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	8
M	50a	Ordering Customer	A, F, or K	9
O	51A	Sending Institution	[/1!a][[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	10
O	52a	Ordering Institution	A or D	11
O	53a	Sender's Correspondent	A, B, or D	12
O	54a	Receiver's Correspondent	A, B, or D	13
O	55a	Third Reimbursement Institution	A, B, or D	14
O	56a	Intermediary Institution	A, C, or D	15
O	57a	Account With Institution	A, B, C, or D	16
M	59a	Beneficiary Customer	No letter option, A, or F	17
M	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	18
----->				
O	71F	Sender's Charges	3!a15d	19

O	71G	Receiver's Charges	3!a15d	20
O	72	Sender to Receiver Information	6*35x	21
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	22
M	77T	Envelope Contents	9000z	23
M = Mandatory, O = Optional - Network Validated Rules may apply				

MT 103 REMIT Network Validated Rules

- C1** If field 33B is present and the currency code is different from the currency code in field 32A, field 36 must be present, otherwise field 36 is not allowed (Error code(s): D75).

If field 33B is ...	And currency code in field 33B is ...	Then field 36 is ...
Present	Not equal to currency code in field 32A	Mandatory
	Equal to currency code in field 32A	Not allowed
Not present	Not applicable	Not allowed

- C2** If the country codes of the Sender's and the Receiver's BICs are within the following list: AD, AT, BE, BG, BV, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, EE, FI, FR, GB, GF, GI, GP, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MQ, MT, NL, NO, PL, PM, PT, RE, RO, SE, SI, SJ, SK, SM, TF and VA, then field 33B is mandatory, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D49).

If country code of Sender's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And country code of Receiver's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	Then field 33B is ...
Yes	Yes	Mandatory
Yes	No	Optional
No	Yes	Optional
No	No	Optional

Note: See also Network Validated Rule C16 (Error code(s): D51).

- C3** If field 23B contains the code SPRI, field 23E may contain only the codes SDVA, TELB, PHOB, INTC (Error code(s): E01).

If field 23B contains one of the codes SSTD or SPAY, field 23E must not be used (Error code(s): E02).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 23E is ...
SPRI	Optional. It can contain only SDVA, TELB, PHOB or INTC
SSTD	Not allowed
SPAY	Not allowed
Not equal to SPRI, SSTD and SPAY	Optional

- C4** If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 53a must not be used with option D (Error code(s): E03).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 53a ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	Must not be used with option D

- C5** If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY and field 53a is present with option B, Party Identifier must be present in field 53B (Error code(s): E04).

- C6** If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 54a may be used with option A only (Error code(s): E05).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 54a ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	May be used with option A only

C7 If field 55a is present, then both fields 53a and 54a must also be present (Error code(s): E06).

If field 55a is ...	Then field 53a is ...	And field 54a is ...
Present	Mandatory	Mandatory
Not present	Optional	Optional

C8 If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 55a may be used with option A only (Error code(s): E07).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 55a ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	May be used with option A only

C9 If field 56a is present, field 57a must also be present (Error code(s): C81).

If field 56a is ...	Then field 57a is ...
Present	Mandatory
Not present	Optional

C10 If field 23B contains the code SPRI, field 56a must not be present (Error code(s): E16).

If field 23B contains one of the codes SSTD or SPAY, field 56a may be used with either option A or option C. If option C is used, it must contain a clearing code (Error code(s): E17).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 56a is ...
SPRI	Not allowed
SSTD or SPAY	Allowed with option A or C only (if option C: clearing code must be used)

C11 If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, field 57a may be used with option A, option C or option D. Subfield 1 (Party Identifier) in option D must be present (Error code(s): E09).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 57a is ...
SPRI, SSTD or SPAY	Allowed only with options A, C or D (In option D: Party Identifier is mandatory)

C12 If field 23B contains one of the codes SPRI, SSTD or SPAY, subfield 1 (Account) in field 59a Beneficiary Customer is mandatory (Error code(s): E10).

C13 If any field 23E contains the code CHQB, subfield 1 (Account) in field 59a Beneficiary Customer is not allowed (Error code(s): E18).

C14 If field 71A contains OUR, then field 71F is not allowed and field 71G is optional (Error code(s): E13).

If field 71A is ...	Then field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...
OUR	Not allowed	Optional

If field 71A contains SHA, then field(s) 71F is(are) optional and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): D50).

If field 71A is ...	Then field(s) 71F is(are) ...	And field 71G is ...
SHA	Optional	Not allowed

If field 71A contains BEN, then at least one occurrence of field 71F is mandatory and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): E15).

If field 71A is ...	Then field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...
BEN	Mandatory (at least one occurrence)	Not allowed

- C15** If either field 71F (at least one occurrence) or field 71G is present, then field 33B is mandatory, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D51).

Note 1: The presence of both fields 71F and 71G is also regulated by the network validated rule C15 (Error code(s): E13,D50,E15).

Note 2: The presence of field 33B is also regulated by the Network Validated Rule C2 (Error code(s): D49).

- C16** If field 56a is not present, no field 23E may contain TELL or PHOI (Error code(s): E44).

If field 56a is ...	Then no occurrence of field 23E subfield 1 may contain ...
Not present	TELL or PHOI

- C17** If field 57a is not present, no field 23E may contain TELE or PHON (Error code(s): E45).

If field 57a is ...	Then no occurrence of field 23E subfield 1 may contain ...
Not present	TELE or PHON

- C18** The currency code in the fields 71G and 32A must be the same (Error code(s): C02).

MT 103 REMIT Usage Rules

- [When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, the originating bank must:](#)
 - [copy the content of field 20 of the MT 103 REMIT unchanged into field 21 of the related MT 202 COV;](#)
 - [copy the content of field 121, in the user header block, of the MT 103 REMIT unchanged into field 121, in the user header block, of the related MT 202 COV.](#)

- ~~When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, the originating bank must copy the content of field 20 of the MT 103 REMIT unchanged into field 21 of the related MT 202 COV.~~
- Field 72 may only be present when it is structured, that is, only contains coded information.
- When sending the message via FileAct, institutions should bilaterally agree on the maximum size of the message.

Usage Rules for Amount Related Fields

There is a relationship between the amount related fields 33B, 36, 71G, 71F and 32A which may be logically expressed in the following formula:

- The instructed amount in field 33B, adjusted with the exchange rate in field 36, plus the Receiver's charges in field 71G, minus the Sender's charges in field(s) 71F, equals the interbank settled amount in field 32A.

Presence of the fields mentioned above is subject to the conditional field rules C1, C2, C14 and C15. If a field is not present, that field must not be taken into account in the formula. If field 71F is present more than once, all occurrences of that field must be taken into account in the formula.

Examples: Transaction A

- Pay the equivalent of EUR 1000,00 in GBP to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom
- Exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Transaction charges on the Sender's side are EUR 5,00 (=GBP 3,1)
- Transaction charges on the Receiver's side are GBP 4 (=EUR 6,45)

Example A1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed Amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit Amount	EUR	1011,45

B. MT 103 REMIT extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		OUR
71G	GBP	4,00
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	623,99

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 623,99, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Interbank settlement amount	GBP	623,99
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	619,99

Example A2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1005,00

B. MT 103 REMIT extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		SHA
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	619,99

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 619,99, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Interbank settlement amount	GBP	619,99
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	615,99

Example A3: Charging option is BEN

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed amount = Debit amount	EUR	1000,00
----------------------------------	-----	---------

B. MT 103 REMIT extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		BEN
71F	GBP	3,1
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	616,89

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 616,89, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Equivalent of Instructed amount	GBP	619,99
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,1
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	612,89

Note: The beneficiary is also advised of the Sender's charges of GBP 3,1.

Examples: Transaction B

- Pay GBP 1000,00 to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom
- Exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Transaction charges on the Sender's side are EUR 5,00 (=GBP 3,1)
- Transaction charges on the Receiver's side are GBP 4,00 (=EUR 6,45)
- The ordering customer has an account in euro
- Sender and Receiver's BIC are within the EU-country list

Example B1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit amount	EUR	1624,38

B. MT 103 REMIT extract

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000,00
71A		OUR
71G	GBP	4,00
32A	GBP	1004,00

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 1004, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Instructed amount = Credit amount	GBP	1000,00
-----------------------------------	-----	---------

Example B2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1617,93

B. MT 103 REMIT extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000,00
71A		SHA
32A	GBP	1000,00

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 1000, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Amount in 32A	GBP	1000,00
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	996,00

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

Example B3: Charging option is BEN

- A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount = Debit amount	EUR	1612,93

- B. MT 103 REMIT extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000,00
71A		BEN
71F	GBP	3,10
32A	GBP	996,90

- C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 996,9 that is, field 32A.

- D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Instructed amount	GBP	1000,00
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,10
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	992,90

Note: The beneficiary is also advised of the Sender's charges of GBP 3,1.

MT 103 REMIT Market Practice Rules

As indicated in the MT 103 REMIT Guidelines, when an MT 103 REMIT is sent using the cover method, an MT 202 COV message must be sent to cover the transfer. A credit to a beneficiary's account that is based on the receipt of an MT 103 REMIT, without receipt of the related cover payment, is a policy decision. Institutions have deployed processes that are approved by their internal risk committees; the risk lies clearly with the beneficiary institution. Guidelines for the processing of an MT 103 REMIT sent with the cover method have been published by the Payments Market Practice Group (PMPG).

For more details, see the market practice document *Guidelines for use of the MT 202 COV* on www.pmpg.info.

MT 103 REMIT Guidelines

- If the Sender and the Receiver wish to use their direct account relationship in the currency of the transfer, then the MT 103 REMIT message will contain the cover for the customer transfer as well as the payment details.
- If the Sender and the Receiver have no direct account relationship in the currency of the transfer or do not wish to use their account relationship, then third banks will be involved to cover the transaction. The MT 103 REMIT contains only the payment details and the Sender

must cover the customer transfer by sending an MT 202 COV General Financial Institution Transfer to a third bank. This payment method is called 'cover'.

- Where more than two financial institutions are involved in the payment chain, and if the MT 103 REMIT is sent from one financial institution to the next financial institution in this chain, then the payment method is called 'serial'.
- If the Receiver does not service an account for the beneficiary customer, and no account servicing institution is indicated, nor any alternative instructions given, then the Receiver will act upon the customer credit transfer instruction in an appropriate manner of its choice.
- In order to allow better reconciliation by the beneficiary customer, the MT 103 REMIT supports full charges transparency and structured remittance information.
- In order to allow better reconciliation by the Receiver, the MT 103 REMIT gives an unambiguous indication of the interbank amount booked by the Sender/to be booked by the Receiver.
- The MT 103 REMIT gives the Sender the ability to identify in the message the level of service requested, that is, what service is expected from the Receiver for a particular payment, for example, SWIFTPay, Standard or Priority or any other bilaterally agreed service.
- The message also allows for the inclusion of regulatory information in countries where regulatory reporting is requested.

MT 103 REMIT Field Specifications

1. Field 20: Sender's Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference assigned by the Sender to unambiguously identify the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

- This reference must be quoted in any related confirmation or statement, for example, MT 900, 910 and/or 950.
- When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, this reference must be quoted unchanged in field 21 of the related MT 202 COV.

2. Field 13C: Time Indication

FORMAT

Option C /8c/4!n1!x4!n (Code)(Time indication)(Sign)(Time offset)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies one or several time indication(s) related to the processing of the payment instruction.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/'):

CLSTIME	CLS Time	The time by which the funding payment must be credited, with confirmation, to the CLS Bank's account at the central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
RNCTIME	Receive Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was credited at the receiving central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
SNDTIME	Send Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was debited at the sending central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).

CODES

One of the following codes must be used in Sign (Error code(s): T15):

+	Plus	The + sign.
-	Minus	The - sign.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Time indication must be a valid time expressed as HHMM (Error code(s): T38).

Time offset is expressed as 'HHMM', where the hour component, that is, 'HH', must be in the range of 00 through 13, and the minute component, that is, 'MM' must be in the range of 00 through 59. Any 'HH' or 'MM' component outside of these range checks will be disallowed (Error code(s): T16).

USAGE RULES

The time zone in which Time is expressed is to be identified by means of the offset against the UTC (Coordinated Universal Time - ISO 8601).

3. Field 23B: Bank Operation Code

FORMAT

Option B 4!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field identifies the type of operation.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T36):

CRED	Normal credit transfer	This message contains a credit transfer where there is no SWIFT Service Level involved.
CRTS	Test message	This message contains a credit transfer for test purposes.
SPAY	SWIFTPay	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the SWIFTPay Service Level.
SPRI	Priority	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the Priority Service Level.
SSTD	Standard	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the Standard Service Level.

USAGE RULES

The code CRTS should not be used on the FIN network.

4. Field 23E: Instruction Code

FORMAT

Option E 4!c[/30x] (Instruction Code)(Additional Information)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3)

DEFINITION

This field specifies an instruction.

CODES

Instruction Code must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T47):

CHQB	Cheque	Pay beneficiary customer by cheque only. The optional account number line in field 59a must not be used.
CORT	Corporate Trade	Payment is made in settlement of a trade, for example, foreign exchange deal, securities transaction.
HOLD	Hold	Beneficiary customer/claimant will call; pay upon identification.
INTC	Intra-Company Payment	A payment between two companies belonging to the same group.
PHOB	Phone Beneficiary	Please advise/contact beneficiary/claimant by phone.
PHOI	Phone Intermediary	Please advise the intermediary institution by phone.
PHON	Telephone	Please advise account with institution by phone.
REPA	Related Payment	Payment has a related e-Payments reference.
SDVA	Same Day Value	Payment must be executed with same day value to the beneficiary.
TELB	Telecommunication	Please advise/contact beneficiary/claimant by the most efficient means of telecommunication.
TELE	Telecommunication	Please advise the account with institution by the most efficient means of telecommunication.
TELI	Telecommunication	Please advise the intermediary institution by the most efficient means of telecommunication.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Additional Information is only allowed when Instruction Code consists of one of the following codes: PHON, PHOB, PHOI, TELE, TELB, TELI, HOLD or REPA (Error code(s): D97).

If this field is repeated, the codes must appear in the following order (Error code(s): D98):

SDVA
INTC
REPA
CORT
HOLD
CHQB
PHOB
TELB
PHON
TELE
PHOI
TELI

When this field is used more than once, the following combinations are not allowed (Error code(s): D67):

SDVA	with	HOLD
SDVA	with	CHQB
INTC	with	HOLD
INTC	with	CHQB
REPA	with	HOLD
REPA	with	CHQB
REPA	with	CORT
CORT	with	HOLD
CORT	with	CHQB
HOLD	with	CHQB
PHOB	with	TELB
PHON	with	TELE
PHOI	with	TELI

If this field is repeated, the same code word must not be present more than once (Error code(s): E46).

USAGE RULES

This field may be repeated to give several coded instructions to one or more parties.

Code REPA indicates that the payment is the result of an initiation performed via an e-payments product between the customers. This code is intended for the beneficiary's bank who should act according to the specifications of the e-payments product.

5. Field 26T: Transaction Type Code

FORMAT

Option T 3!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field identifies the nature of, purpose of, and/or reason for the individual transaction, for example, salaries, pensions, dividends.

USAGE RULES

The information given is intended both for regulatory and statutory requirements and/or to provide information to the beneficiary customer on the nature of the transaction.

Codes from the EUROSTAT list "Code List for Balance of Payments Collection Systems" may be used in this field.

6. Field 32A: Value Date/Currency/Interbank Settled Amount

FORMAT

Option A 6!n3!a15d (Date)(Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the value date, the currency and the settlement amount. The settlement amount is the amount to be booked/reconciled at interbank level.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

7. Field 33B: Currency/Instructed Amount

FORMAT

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C2 and C15)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the instruction. This amount is provided for information purposes and has to be transported unchanged through the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

If field 33B is present in the message received, it has to be forwarded unchanged to the next party.

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

If the transaction is within the scope of the EC Directive on cross border credit transfers, this amount is the original ordered amount as instructed by the ordering customer. Otherwise, it is the amount that the sending bank was instructed to pay.

As a consequence, if there are no Sender's or Receiver's charges and no currency conversion or exchange took place, field 32A equals 33B, if present.

8. Field 36: Exchange Rate

FORMAT

12d (Rate)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C1)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the exchange rate used to convert the instructed amount specified in field 33B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

9. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x (Account)
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Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address) 1!n/33x (Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier) 4!a/2!a/27x (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)

Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address) 1!n/33x (Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer ordering the transaction.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
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2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.
5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash '/', the issuer of the number, a slash '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the national identity number.
8	Additional Information	The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).

- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.
 - to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the ordering customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

10. Field 51A: Sending Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
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PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field identifies the Sender of the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Field 51A is only valid in FileAct (Error code(s): D63).

USAGE RULES

At least the first 8 characters of the BIC in this field must be identical to the originator of this FileAct message.

The content of field 20, Sender's reference together with the content of this field provides the message identification which is to be used in case of queries, cancellations etc.

11. Field 52a: Ordering Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution of the ordering customer, when different from the Sender, even if field 50a contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
----	-----	-----------------------

AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code

SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The coded information contained in field 52a must be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option D should only be used when the ordering financial institution has no BIC.

12. Field 53a: Sender's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C4, C5, and C7)

DEFINITION

Where required, this field specifies the account or branch of the Sender or another financial institution through which the Sender will reimburse the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Absence of this field implies that there is a unique account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver or that the bilaterally agreed account is to be used for settlement.

Option A is the preferred option.

In those cases where there are multiple direct account relationships, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver, and one of these accounts is to be used for reimbursement, the account to be credited or debited must be indicated in field 53a, using option B with the party identifier only.

If there is no direct account relationship, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver (or branch of the Receiver when specified in field 54a), then field 53a must be present.

When field 53a is present and contains a branch of the Sender, the need for a cover message is dependent on the currency of the transaction, the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver and the contents of field 54a, if present.

A branch of the Receiver may appear in field 53a if the financial institution providing reimbursement is both the Sender's correspondent and a branch of the Receiver, and the Sender intends to send a cover message to the branch of the Receiver. In this case, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 53a.

In all other cases, when field 53a is present, a cover message, that is, MT 202 COV or equivalent non-SWIFT must be sent to the financial institution identified in field 53a.

When field 53B is used to specify a branch city name, it must always be a branch of the Sender.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54a is, in all cases, dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

13. Field 54a: Receiver's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C6 and C7)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the branch of the Receiver or another financial institution at which the funds will be made available to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When the funds are made available to the Receiver's branch through a financial institution other than that indicated in field 53a, this financial institution, that is, intermediary reimbursement institution shall be specified in field 54a and field 55a shall contain the Receiver's branch.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option B must only be used with a location.

In those cases where field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver, and is not preceded by field 53a, or field 53a contains an account of the Sender serviced by the Receiver's branch, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch.

If field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver and field 53a contains a branch of the Sender, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch or will be paid by its branch, depending on the currency of the transfer and the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver.

In all other cases where field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 54a.

A branch of the Sender must not appear in field 54a.

If the branch of the Sender or other financial institution specified in field 53a is also the account servicer for the Receiver, field 54a must not be present.

Field 54a containing the name of a financial institution other than the Receiver's branch must be preceded by field 53a; the Receiver will be paid by the financial institution in field 54a.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54a is in all cases dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

14. Field 55a: Third Reimbursement Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C8)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the Receiver's branch, when the funds are made available to this branch through a financial institution other than that indicated in field 53a.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Option A is the preferred option.

15. Field 56a: Intermediary Institution**FORMAT**

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C10)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution through which the transaction must pass to reach the account with institution.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire

GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option C or D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)

SW 6!n Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When one of the codes //FW (with or without the 9-digit number), //AU, //CP, //IN or //RT is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56a and 57a of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. If it is used with option A, it must not be followed by any other information. If it is used with option C or D, it may be followed by another domestic clearing code.

Option A is always the preferred option.

Option C must be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

Option D must only be used in exceptional circumstances: when the party cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, when there is a need to be able to specify a name and address, for example, due to regulatory considerations or when there is a bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver permitting its use.

When qualified by a clearing system code or an account number, the use of option D may enable the automated processing of the instruction(s) by the Receiver.

16. Field 57a: Account With Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option C	/34x	(Party Identifier)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C9 and C11)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution which services the account for the beneficiary customer. This is applicable even if field 59a contains an IBAN.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
ZA	6!n	South African National Clearing Code

CODES

In option C or D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl

CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)
ZA	6!n	South African National Clearing Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When field 57a is not present, it means that the Receiver is also the account with institution.

When one of the codes //FW (with or without the 9-digit number), //AU, //CP, //IN or //RT is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56a and 57a of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 56a or 57a.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. If it is used with option A, it must not be followed by any other information. If it is used with option C or D, it may be followed by another domestic clearing code.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option C must be used containing a 2!a clearing system code preceded by a double slash '//'.

Option D must only be used in exceptional circumstances: when the party cannot be identified by a financial institution BIC, when there is a need to be able to specify a name and address, for example, due to regulatory considerations or when there is a bilateral agreement between the Sender and the Receiver permitting its use.

When qualified by a clearing system code or an account number, the use of option D may enable the automated processing of the instruction(s) by the Receiver.

17. Field 59a: Beneficiary Customer

FORMAT

No letter option	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)
Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	[/34x] 4*(1!n/33x)	(Account) (Number/Name and Address Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer which will be paid.

CODES

In option F, Number/Name and Address Details must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Beneficiary Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the beneficiary customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide for example, street name and number, building name or post office box number).

3	Country and Town	<p>The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence, as provided by the ordering customer.</p>
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CODES

Account may contain one of the following codes, preceded by a double slash '//':

CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
----	-----	----------------------------

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, for subfields (Number)(Name and Address Details):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

USAGE RULES

At least the name or the BIC of the beneficiary customer is mandatory.

If a non-financial institution BIC is specified, it must be meaningful for the financial institution that services the account for the beneficiary customer.

If the account number of the beneficiary customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F:

- line numbers may be repeated
- if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in the additional details

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

18. Field 71A: Details of Charges

FORMAT

Option A 3!a (Code)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the charges for the transaction.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	All transaction charges are to be borne by the ordering customer.
SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.

19. Field 71F: Sender's Charges

FORMAT

Option F 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C14)

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges deducted by the Sender and by previous banks in the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

These fields are conveyed for transparency reasons.

The net amount after deduction of the Sender's charges will be quoted as the inter-bank settled amount in field 32A.

This field may be repeated to specify to the Receiver the currency and amount of charges taken by preceding banks in the transaction chain. Charges should be indicated in the order in which they have been deducted from the transaction amount, that is, the first occurrence of this field specifies the charges of the first bank in the transaction chain that deducted charges; the last occurrence always gives the Sender's charges.

20. Field 71G: Receiver's Charges

FORMAT

Option G 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C14)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges due to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

Amount must not equal zero (Error code(s): D57).

USAGE RULES

This field is conveyed for accounting reasons, that is, to facilitate bookkeeping.

Where field 71A indicates OUR payments, this field identifies the charges due, which have been prepaid and included in the interbank settlement amount.

21. Field 72: Sender to Receiver Information

FORMAT

6*35x (Narrative Structured Format)

The following line formats must be used:

Line 1	/8c/[additional information]	(Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-6	[/continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)
	or	or
	[/8c/[additional information]]	(Code)(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies additional information for the Receiver or other party specified.

CODES

Unless bilaterally agreed otherwise between the Sender and the Receiver, one of the following codes must be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/');

ACC	Account with institution	Instructions following are for the account with institution.
INS	Instructing institution	The instructing institution which instructed the Sender or previous institution in the transaction chain, to execute the transaction.
INT	Intermediary institution	Instructions following are for the intermediary institution.
REC	Receiver	Instructions following are for the Receiver of the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

If the first six characters in line 1 contain the character string /REJT/ or /RETN/, then it is mandatory to follow the *Payments Reject/Return Guidelines* described in the *Standards MT Usage Guidelines*(Error code(s): T80).

USAGE RULES

Field 72 must never be used for information for which another field is intended.

Each item for which a code exists must start with that code and may be completed with additional information.

Each code used must be between slashes and appear at the beginning of a line. It may be followed by additional narrative text.

Narrative text relating to a preceding code, which is continued on the next line(s), must start with a double slash '//', and, if used, must begin on a new line. Narrative text should preferably be the last information in this field.

Use of field 72, particularly with uncoded instructions, may cause delay, because, in automated systems, the presence of this field will normally require manual intervention.

It is strongly recommended to use the standard codes proposed above. In any case, where bilateral agreements covering the use of codes in this field are in effect, the code must conform to the structured format of this field.

The code INS may be repeated to specify all previously involved financial institutions in the transaction chain .

Instructing institutions should be indicated in the order in which they were involved in the transaction chain, that is, the first occurrence specifies the financial institution that received the

instruction from the ordering institution and passed it on to the next institution in the transaction chain; the last occurrence always indicates the institution that instructed the sender of this message to execute the transaction.

If codes INS or ACC are present in field 72 of a received message, then these codes and the related details must be passed, unchanged, in field 72 of the subsequent message in the payment chain. Additional codes and details may be added to field 72 of the subsequent message but the original INS and ACC and related details must not be altered or removed.

22. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B 3*35x (Narrative)

In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of Receiver or Sender.

CODES

Where the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ("/"):

BENEFRES	Residence of the beneficiary customer.
ORDERRES	Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field.

23. Field 77T: Envelope Contents

FORMAT

Option T 9000z

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field can contain extended remittance information in different formats. The content of the field is subject to bilateral agreements between the ordering customer and the Beneficiary.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used, placed between slashes ('/'):

ANSI	ANSI	The content of the field is in the ANSI/X12 format.
IXML	XML content	The content of this field is in the ISO 20022 XML message format.
NARR	Narrative	The content of the field is narrative text.
SWIF	SWIFT format	The content of the field matches the structure proposed in field 70 of this message, that is, multiple references can be used, if separated with a double slash, '//'. Codes must not be repeated between two references of the same kind.
UED1	UN-EDIFACT	The content of the field is in the UN-EDIFACT format. The information will start with the UNH-segment, which contains all necessary information to process the rest of the field.

USAGE RULES

This field may contain any character defined in the 'z' character set. The 'z' character set contains the characters of both the 'x' and 'y' character set extended with the characters {, @, _ and #:

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z
 A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 . , - () / = ' + : ? ! " % & * < > ;
 { @ _ #

Cr Lf Space

It is highly recommended to take great care when using the character string 'CrLf', since these characters are used by the network to indicate an end of field or subfield.

The characters in the table below are not part of the z-character set on the SWIFT FIN network. Therefore, SWIFT recommends the use of the hexadecimal EBCDIC code for each character, preceded by two question marks (??) as an escape sequence. Use of this coding method must be bilaterally agreed.

Character	Name	Coding
	Vertical Bar	??5A

Character	Name	Coding
\$	Dollar	??5B
\	Reverse solidus (backslash)	??E0
~	Tilde	??A1
^	Circumflex	??5F
`	Grave accent	??79
[Left square bracket	??AD
]	Right square bracket	??BD
}	Right curly bracket	??D0

MT 103 STP Single Customer Credit Transfer

The MT 103 STP is a general use message, that is, no registration in a Message User Group is necessary to send and receive this message. It allows the exchange of single customer credit transfers using a restricted set of fields and format options of the core MT 103 to make it straight through processable. The MT 103 STP is a compatible subset of the core MT 103 that is documented separately.

The differences with the core MT 103 are:

- appropriate MT 103 STP format validation is triggered by the code STP in the validation flag field 119 ({{3:119:STP}}) of the user header of the message (block 3)
- fields 52, 54, 55, 56 and 57 may only be used with letter option A
- field 53 may only be used with letter options A and B
- field 51A is not used in MT 103 STP. This message may only be used on the FIN SWIFT network since it requires special validation
- field 23E may only contain codes CORT, INTC, SDVA and REPA
- if field 53a is used with option B, Party Identifier must be used
- subfield 1 (Account) of field 59a is always mandatory
- field 72, code INS must be followed by a valid financial institution BIC
- field 72, codes REJT/RETN must not be used
- field 72 must not include ERI information.

IMPORTANT: User header block (block 3) must be present and must contain field 119 Validation Flag, with code STP, and field 121 Unique End-to-end Transaction Reference (UETR). In cases where the sender is acting as intermediary and a UETR was present in the received message, the UETR must be passed, unchanged, to the next message in the transaction chain. In all other cases, a new UETR must be used. Details of the format of the user header block and field 121, and also the required order of fields in the user header block, can be found in the FIN Operations Guide.
~~To trigger the MT 103 STP format validation, the user header of the message (block 3) is mandatory and must contain the code STP in the validation flag field 119 ({{3:119:STP}}).~~

MT 103 STP Scope

This message type is sent by, or on behalf of, the financial institution of the ordering customer, directly or through (a) correspondent(s), to the financial institution of the beneficiary customer.

It is used to convey a funds transfer instruction in which the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer, or both, are non-financial institutions from the perspective of the Sender.

This message may only be used for clean payment instructions. It must not be used to advise the remitting bank of a payment for a clean, for example, cheque, collection, nor to provide the cover for a transaction whose completion was advised separately, for example, via an MT 400.

MT 103 STP Format Specifications

MT 103 STP Single Customer Credit Transfer

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
M	20	Sender's Reference	16x	1
----->				
O	13C	Time Indication	/8c/4!n1!x4!n	2

M	23B	Bank Operation Code	4!c	3
----->				
O	23E	Instruction Code	4!c[/30x]	4

O	26T	Transaction Type Code	3!c	5
M	32A	Value Date/Currency/Interbank Settled Amount	6!n3!a15d	6
O	33B	Currency/Instructed Amount	3!a15d	7
O	36	Exchange Rate	12d	8
M	50a	Ordering Customer	A, F, or K	9
O	52A	Ordering Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	10
O	53a	Sender's Correspondent	A or B	11
O	54A	Receiver's Correspondent	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	12
O	55A	Third Reimbursement Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	13
O	56A	Intermediary Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	14
O	57A	Account With Institution	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	15
M	59a	Beneficiary Customer	No letter option, A, or F	16
O	70	Remittance Information	4*35x	17
M	71A	Details of Charges	3!a	18
----->				
O	71F	Sender's Charges	3!a15d	19

O	71G	Receiver's Charges	3!a15d	20
O	72	Sender to Receiver Information	6*35x	21

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
O	77B	Regulatory Reporting	3*35x	22
M = Mandatory, O = Optional - Network Validated Rules may apply				

MT 103 STP Network Validated Rules

- C1** If field 33B is present and the currency code is different from the currency code in field 32A, field 36 must be present, otherwise field 36 is not allowed (Error code(s): D75).

If field 33B is ...	And currency code in field 33B is ...	Then field 36 is ...
Present	Not equal to currency code in field 32A	Mandatory
	Equal to currency code in field 32A	Not allowed
Not present	Not applicable	Not allowed

- C2** If the country codes of the Sender's and the Receiver's BICs are within the following list: AD, AT, BE, BG, BV, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GF, GI, GP, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MQ, MT, NL, NO, PL, PM, PT, RE, RO, SE, SI, SJ, SK, SM, TF and VA, then field 33B is mandatory, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D49).

If country code of Sender's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And country code of Receiver's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	Then field 33B is ...
Yes	Yes	Mandatory
Yes	No	Optional
No	Yes	Optional
No	No	Optional

Note: See also Network Validated Rule C8 (Error code(s): D51).

- C3** If field 23B contains the code SPRI, field 23E may contain only the codes SDVA or INTC (Error code(s): E01).

If field 23B contains one of the codes SSTD or SPAY, field 23E must not be used (Error code(s): E02).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 23E is ...
SPRI	Optional. It may contain only SDVA or INTC
SSTD	Not allowed
SPAY	Not allowed
Not equal to SPRI, SSTD and SPAY	Optional

- C4** If field 55A is present, both fields 53A and 54A must also be present (Error code(s): E06).

If field 55A is ...	Then field 53A is ...	And field 54A is ...
Present	Mandatory	Mandatory
Not present	Optional	Optional

- C5** If field 56A is present, field 57A must also be present (Error code(s): C81).

If field 56A is ...	Then field 57A is ...
Present	Mandatory
Not present	Optional

- C6** If field 23B contains the code SPRI, field 56A must not be present (Error code(s): E16).

If field 23B is ...	Then field 56A is ...
SPRI	Not allowed
SSTD or SPAY	Optional

- C7** If field 71A contains OUR, then field 71F is not allowed and field 71G is optional (Error code(s): E13).

If field 71A is ...	Then field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...
OUR	Not allowed	Optional

If field 71A contains SHA, then field(s) 71F is(are) optional and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): D50).

If field 71A is ...	Then field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...
SHA	Optional	Not allowed

If field 71A contains BEN, then at least one occurrence of field 71F is mandatory and field 71G is not allowed (Error code(s): E15).

If field 71A is ...	Then field 71F is ...	And field 71G is ...
BEN	Mandatory (at least one occurrence)	Not allowed

- C8** If either field 71F (at least one occurrence) or field 71G is present, then field 33B is mandatory, otherwise field 33B is optional (Error code(s): D51).

Note 1: The presence of both fields 71F and 71G is also regulated by the Network Validated Rule C7 (Error code(s): E13,D50,E15).

Note 2: The presence of field 33B is also regulated by the Network Validated Rule C2 (Error code(s): D49).

- C9** The currency code in the fields 71G and 32A must be the same (Error code(s): C02).

- C10** If the country codes of the Sender's and the Receiver's BICs are within the following list: AD, AT, BE, BG, BV, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GF, GI, GP, GR, HR, HU, IE, IL, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, MQ, MT, NL, NO, PL, PM, PT, RE, RO, SE, SI, SJ, SK, SM, TF and VA, then the following

apply:

- If field 57A is not present, the IBAN (ISO 13616) is mandatory in subfield Account of field 59a (Error code(s): D19).
- If field 57A is present and the country code of the financial institution BIC in 57A is within the above list of country codes, the IBAN (ISO 13616) is mandatory in subfield Account of field 59a (Error code(s): D19).

In all other cases, the presence of the IBAN (ISO 13616) is optional and its format is not validated in subfield Account of field 59a.

All ISO 13616-compliant, country-specific IBAN formats can be found in the IBAN Registry document on www.swift.com > Standards > Document Centre.

If country code of Sender's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And country code of Receiver's BIC equals one of the listed country codes	And field 57A is present	And country code of field 57A equals one of the listed country codes	Then an IBAN in subfield Account of field 59a is ...
Yes	Yes	No	Not applicable	Mandatory
Yes	No	No	Not applicable	Optional
No	Yes	No	Not applicable	Optional
No	No	No	Not applicable	Optional
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Mandatory
Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Optional
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Optional
No	No	Yes	Yes	Optional
Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Optional
Yes	No	Yes	No	Optional
No	Yes	Yes	No	Optional
No	No	Yes	No	Optional

MT 103 STP Usage Rules

When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, the originating bank must:

- copy the content of field 20 of the MT 103 STP unchanged into field 21 of the related MT 202 COV;
- copy the content of field 121, in the user header block, of the MT 103 STP unchanged into field 121, in the user header block, of the related MT 202 COV.

When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, the originating bank must copy the content of field 20 of the MT 103 unchanged into field 21 of the related MT 202 COV.

Usage Rules for Amount Related Fields

There is a relationship between the amount related fields 33B, 36, 71G, 71F and 32A which may be logically expressed in the following formula:

- The instructed amount in field 33B, adjusted with the exchange rate in field 36, plus the Receiver's charges in field 71G, minus the Sender's charges in field(s) 71F, equals the interbank settled amount in field 32A.

Presence of the fields mentioned above is subject to the conditional field rules C1, C2, C7 and C8. If a field is not present, that field must not be taken into account in the formula. If field 71F is present more than once, all occurrences of that field must be taken into account in the formula.

Examples: Transaction A

- Pay the equivalent of EUR 1000,00 in GBP to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom
- Exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Transaction charges on the Sender's side are EUR 5,00 (=GBP 3,1)
- Transaction charges on the Receiver's side are GBP 4 (=EUR 6,45)

Example A1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed Amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit Amount	EUR	1011,45

B. MT 103 STP extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		OUR
71G	GBP	4,00
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	623,99

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 623,99, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Interbank settlement amount	GBP	623,99
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	619,99

Example A2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed amount	EUR	1000,00
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1005,00

B. MT 103 STP extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		SHA
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	619,99

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 619,99, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Interbank settlement amount	GBP	619,99
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	615,99

Example A3: Charging option is BEN

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

Instructed amount = Debit amount	EUR	1000,00
----------------------------------	-----	---------

B. MT 103 STP extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	EUR	1000,00
71A		BEN
71F	GBP	3,1
36		0,61999
32A	GBP	616,89

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 616,89, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Equivalent of Instructed amount	GBP	619,99
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,1
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	612,89

Note: The beneficiary is also advised of the Sender's charges of GBP 3,1.

Examples: Transaction B

- Pay GBP 1000,00 to a beneficiary in the United Kingdom
- Exchange rate is 1 EUR for 0,61999 GBP
- Transaction charges on the Sender's side are EUR 5,00 (=GBP 3,1)
- Transaction charges on the Receiver's side are GBP 4,00 (=EUR 6,45)
- The ordering customer has an account in euro
- Sender and Receiver's BIC are within the EU-country list

Example B1: Charging option is OUR

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
+ Receiver's charges	EUR	6,45
= Debit amount	EUR	1624,38

B. MT 103 STP extract

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000
71A		OUR
71G	GBP	4,00
32A	GBP	1004,

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 1004, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Instructed amount = Credit amount	GBP	1000,00
-----------------------------------	-----	---------

Example B2: Charging option is SHA

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount	EUR	1612,93
+ Sender's charges	EUR	5,00
= Debit amount	EUR	1617,93

B. MT 103 STP extract:

Field Tag	Content	
71A		SHA
32A	GBP	1000,

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 1000, that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Amount in 32A	GBP	1000,00
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	996,00

Note: Field 36 does not have to be used since currency in fields 32A and 33B is the same.

Example B3: Charging option is BEN

A. Amount debited from the ordering customer's account:

	Debit on EUR-account	
Equivalent of Instructed amount = Debit amount	EUR	1612,93

B. MT 103 STP extract:

Field Tag	Content	
33B	GBP	1000,00
71A		BEN
71F	GBP	3,10
32A	GBP	996,90

C. The subsequent MT 950 shows one debit entry for GBP 996,9 that is, field 32A.

D. Amount credited to the beneficiary:

Instructed amount	GBP	1000,00
- Sender's charges	GBP	3,10
- Receiver's charges	GBP	4,00
= Credit amount	GBP	992,90

Note: The beneficiary is also advised of the Sender's charges of GBP 3,1.

MT 103 STP Market Practice Rules

As indicated in the MT 103 STP Guidelines, when an MT 103 STP is sent using the cover method, an MT 202 COV message must be sent to cover the transfer. A credit to a beneficiary's account that is based on the receipt of an MT 103, without receipt of the related cover payment, is a policy decision. Institutions have deployed processes that are approved by their internal risk committees; the risk lies clearly with the beneficiary institution. Guidelines for the processing of an MT 103 STP sent with the cover method have been published by the Payments Market Practice Group (PMPG).

For more details, see the market practice document *Guidelines for use of the MT 202 COV* on www.pmpg.info.

MT 103 STP Guidelines

- If the Sender and the Receiver wish to use their direct account relationship in the currency of the transfer, then the MT 103 STP message will contain the cover for the customer transfer as well as the payment details.
- If the Sender and the Receiver have no direct account relationship in the currency of the transfer or do not wish to use their account relationship, then third banks will be involved to cover the transaction. The MT 103 STP contains only the payment details and the Sender must cover the customer transfer by sending an MT 202 COV General Financial Institution Transfer to a third bank. This payment method is called 'cover'.
- Where more than two financial institutions are involved in the payment chain, and if the MT 103 STP is sent from one financial institution to the next financial institution in this chain, then the payment method is called 'serial'.
- In order to allow better reconciliation by the beneficiary customer, the MT 103 STP supports full charges transparency and structured remittance information.
- In order to allow better reconciliation by the Receiver, the MT 103 STP gives an unambiguous indication of the interbank amount booked by the Sender/to be booked by the Receiver.
- The MT 103 STP gives the Sender the ability to identify in the message the level of service requested, that is, what service is expected from the Receiver for a particular payment, for example, SWIFTPay, Standard or Priority or any other bilaterally agreed service.
- The message also allows for the inclusion of regulatory information in countries where regulatory reporting is requested.

MT 103 STP Field Specifications

1. Field 20: Sender's Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference assigned by the Sender to unambiguously identify the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '//'
(Error code(s): T26).

USAGE RULES

- This reference must be quoted in any related confirmation or statement, for example, MT 900, 910 and/or 950.
- When the cover method is used for a customer credit transfer, this reference must be quoted unchanged in field 21 of the related MT 202 COV.

2. Field 13C: Time Indication

FORMAT

Option C /8c/4!n1!x4!n (Code)(Time indication)(Sign)(Time offset)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies one or several time indication(s) related to the processing of the payment instruction.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

CLSTIME	CLS Time	The time by which the funding payment must be credited, with confirmation, to the CLS Bank's account at the central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
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RNCTIME	Receive Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was credited at the receiving central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).
SNDDTIME	Send Time	The time at which a TARGET2 payment was debited at the sending central bank, expressed in Central European Time (CET).

CODES

One of the following codes must be used in Sign (Error code(s): T15):

+	Plus	The + sign.
-	Minus	The - sign.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Time indication must be a valid time expressed as HHMM (Error code(s): T38).

Time offset is expressed as 'HHMM', where the hour component, that is, 'HH', must be in the range of 00 through 13, and the minute component, that is, 'MM' must be in the range of 00 through 59. Any 'HH' or 'MM' component outside of these range checks will be disallowed (Error code(s): T16).

USAGE RULES

The time zone in which Time is expressed is to be identified by means of the offset against the UTC (Coordinated Universal Time - ISO 8601).

3. Field 23B: Bank Operation Code

FORMAT

Option B 4!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field identifies the type of operation.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T36):

CRED	Normal credit transfer	This message contains a credit transfer where there is no SWIFT Service Level involved.
CRTS	Test message	This message contains a credit transfer for test purposes.
SPAY	SWIFTPay	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the SWIFTPay Service Level.

SPRI	Priority	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the Priority Service Level.
SSTD	Standard	This message contains a credit transfer to be processed according to the Standard Service Level.

USAGE RULES

The code CRTS should not be used on the FIN network.

4. Field 23E: Instruction Code

FORMAT

Option E 4!c[/30x] (Instruction Code)(Additional Information)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C3)

DEFINITION

This field specifies an instruction.

CODES

Instruction Code must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T48):

CORT	Corporate Trade	Payment is made in settlement of a trade, for example, foreign exchange deal, securities transaction.
INTC	Intra-Company Payment	A payment between two companies belonging to the same group.
REPA	Related Payment	Payment has a related e-Payments reference.
SDVA	Same Day Value	Payment must be executed with same day value to the beneficiary.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Additional Information is only allowed when Instruction Code consists of the following code: REPA (Error code(s): D97).

If this field is repeated, the codes must appear in the following order (Error code(s): D98):

SDVA
INTC
REPA
CORT

When this field is used more than once, the following combinations are not allowed (Error code(s): D67).

REPA with CORT

If this field is repeated, the same code word must not be present more than once (Error code(s): E46).

USAGE RULES

This field may be repeated to give several coded instructions to one or more parties.

Code REPA indicates that the payment is the result of an initiation performed via an e-payments product between the customers. This code is intended for the beneficiary's bank who should act according to the specifications of the e-payments product.

5. Field 26T: Transaction Type Code

FORMAT

Option T 3!c (Type)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field identifies the nature of, purpose of, and/or reason for the individual transaction, for example, salaries, pensions, dividends.

USAGE RULES

The information given is intended both for regulatory and statutory requirements and/or to provide information to the beneficiary customer on the nature of the transaction.

Codes from the EUROSTAT list "Code List for Balance of Payments Collection Systems" may be used in this field.

In case the Receiver of the message is not legally obliged to forward the information to a regulatory body, he is allowed to ignore the content of this field.

6. Field 32A: Value Date/Currency/Interbank Settled Amount

FORMAT

Option A 6!n3!a15d (Date)(Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the value date, the currency and the settlement amount. The settlement amount is the amount to be booked/reconciled at interbank level.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

The codes XAU, XAG, XPD and XPT are not allowed, as these are codes for commodities for which the category 6 commodities messages must be used (Error code(s): C08).

7. Field 33B: Currency/Instructed Amount

FORMAT

Option B 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rules C2 and C8)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the instruction. This amount is provided for information purposes and has to be transported unchanged through the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

If field 33B is present in the message received, it has to be forwarded unchanged to the next party.

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

If the transaction is within the scope of the EC Directive on cross border credit transfers, this amount is the original ordered amount as instructed by the ordering customer. Otherwise, it is the amount that the sending bank was instructed to pay.

As a consequence, if there are no Sender's or Receiver's charges and no currency conversion or exchange took place, field 32A equals 33B, if present.

8. Field 36: Exchange Rate

FORMAT

12d (Rate)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C1)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the exchange rate used to convert the instructed amount specified in field 33B.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

The integer part of Rate must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length (Error code(s): T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

This field must be present when a currency conversion or an exchange has been performed on the Sender's side.

9. Field 50a: Ordering Customer

FORMAT

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer ordering the transaction.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Ordering Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the ordering customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.

5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.
6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.
8	Additional Information	<p>The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.

- to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the ordering customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the ordering customer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the ordering customer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

10. Field 52A: Ordering Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
----------	--------------------------------	---

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution of the ordering customer, when different from the Sender, even if field 50a contains an IBAN.

CODES

Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The coded information contained in field 52A must be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

11. Field 53a: Sender's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4)

DEFINITION

Where required, this field specifies the account or branch of the Sender or another financial institution through which the Sender will reimburse the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

If field 53a is present with option B, Party Identifier must be present in field 53B (Error code(s): E04).

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

Absence of this field implies that there is a unique account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver or that the bilaterally agreed account is to be used for settlement.

In those cases where there are multiple direct account relationships, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver, and one of these accounts is to be used for reimbursement, the account to be credited or debited must be indicated in field 53B with the party identifier only.

If there is no direct account relationship, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver (or branch of the Receiver when specified in field 54A), then field 53a must be present with option A.

When field 53A is present and contains a branch of the Sender, the need for a cover message is dependent on the currency of the transaction, the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver and the contents of field 54A, if present.

A branch of the Receiver may appear in field 53A if the financial institution providing reimbursement is both the Sender's correspondent and a branch of the Receiver, and the Sender intends to send a cover message to the branch of the Receiver. In this case, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 53A.

In all other cases, when field 53A is present, a cover message, that is, MT 202 COV or equivalent non-SWIFT must be sent to the financial institution identified in field 53A.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54A is, in all cases, dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

12. Field 54A: Receiver's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
----------	--------------------------------	---

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C4)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the branch of the Receiver or another financial institution at which the funds will be made available to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When the funds are made available to the Receiver's branch through a financial institution other than that indicated in field 53A, this financial institution, that is, intermediary reimbursement institution shall be specified in field 54A and field 55A shall contain the Receiver's branch.

In those cases where field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver, and is not preceded by field 53A, or field 53B contains an account of the Sender serviced by the Receiver's branch, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch.

If field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver and field 53A contains a branch of the Sender, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch or will be paid by its branch, depending on the currency of the transfer and the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver.

In all other cases where field 54A contains a branch of the Receiver, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 54A.

A branch of the Sender must not appear in field 54A.

If the branch of the Sender or other financial institution specified in field 53A is also the account servicer for the Receiver, field 54A must not be present.

Field 54A containing the name of a financial institution other than the Receiver's branch must be preceded by field 53A; the Receiver will be paid by the financial institution in field 54A.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54A is in all cases dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

13. Field 55A: Third Reimbursement Institution**FORMAT**

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
----------	--------------------------------	---

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the Receiver's branch, when the funds are made available to this branch through a financial institution other than that indicated in field 53A.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

14. Field 56A: Intermediary Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
----------	--------------------------------	---

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C6)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution through which the transaction must pass to reach the account with institution.

CODES

Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code

NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When one of the codes //FW, //AU, //IN or //RT is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56A and 57A of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56A or 57A.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 56A or 57A.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. It must not be followed by any other information.

15. Field 57A: Account With Institution

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
----------	--------------------------------	---

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C5)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the financial institution which services the account for the beneficiary customer. This is applicable even if field 59a contains an IBAN.

CODES

Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
NZ	6!n	New Zealand National Clearing Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RT		Pay by Real Time Gross Settlement
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

When field 57a is not present, it means that the Receiver is also the account with institution.

When one of the codes //FW, //AU, //IN or //RT is used, it should appear only once and in the first of the fields 56A and 57A of the payment instruction.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the party in this field via Fedwire, US banks require that the code //FW appears in the optional Party Identifier of field 56A or 57A.

When it is necessary that an incoming SWIFT payment be made to the intermediary or the account with institution via real-time gross settlement (RTGS), the code //RT should appear in the optional Party Identifier of field 56A or 57A.

The code //RT is binding for the Receiver. It must not be followed by any other information.

16. Field 59a: Beneficiary Customer

FORMAT

No letter option	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)
Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	[/34x] 4*(!n/33x)	(Account) (Number/Name and Address Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the customer which will be paid.

CODES

In option F, Number/Name and Address Details must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T56):

1	Name of Beneficiary Customer	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the name of the beneficiary customer.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide for example, street name and number, building name or post office box number).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence, as provided by the ordering customer.

CODES

Account may contain one of the following codes, preceded by a double slash '//':

CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
----	-----	----------------------------

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Account must be present (Error code(s): E10).

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

If an IBAN must be present in Account (C10), the IBAN must be a valid IBAN (ISO 13616) (Error code(s): D19,T73).

In option F, for subfields (Number)(Name and Address Details):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

USAGE RULES

At least the name or the non-financial institution BIC of the beneficiary customer is mandatory.

If a non-financial institution BIC is specified, it must be meaningful for the financial institution that services the account for the beneficiary customer.

If the account number of the beneficiary customer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F:

- line numbers may be repeated
- if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in the additional details

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

17. Field 70: Remittance Information

FORMAT

4*35x (Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies either the details of the individual transaction or a reference to another message containing the details which are to be transmitted to the beneficiary customer.

CODES

One of the following codes may be used, placed between slashes ('/')

INV	Invoice	Invoice (followed by the date, reference and details of the invoice).
-----	---------	---

IPI	International Payment Instruction	Unique reference identifying a related International Payment Instruction (followed by up to 20 characters).
RFB	Reference for Beneficiary	Reference for the beneficiary customer (followed by up to 16 characters).
ROC	Reference of Customer	Ordering customer's reference.
TSU	Trade Services Utility transaction	The code placed between slashes (/) must be followed by the TSU transaction identifier, a slash (/), the invoice number, a slash (/) and the amount paid.

USAGE RULES

For clearing purposes, the Sender must check with the Receiver regarding length restrictions of field 70.

The information specified in this field is intended only for the beneficiary customer, that is, this information only needs to be conveyed by the Receiver.

Multiple references can be used, if separated with a double slash, '//'. Code must not be repeated between two references of the same kind.

For STP purposes, when an ISO 11649 Creditor Reference is present in this field it must be on the first line, without any characters preceding it, and it must be the only information on that line.

18. Field 71A: Details of Charges

FORMAT

Option A 3!a (Code)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies which party will bear the charges for the transaction.

CODES

One of the following codes must be used (Error code(s): T08):

BEN	Beneficiary	All transaction charges are to be borne by the beneficiary customer.
OUR	Our customer charged	All transaction charges are to be borne by the ordering customer.
SHA	Shared charges	All transaction charges other than the charges of the financial institution servicing the ordering customer account are borne by the beneficiary customer.

19. Field 71F: Sender's Charges

FORMAT

Option F 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C7)

DEFINITION

This repetitive field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges deducted by the Sender and by previous banks in the transaction chain.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

USAGE RULES

These fields are conveyed for transparency reasons.

The net amount after deduction of the Sender's charges will be quoted as the inter-bank settled amount in field 32A.

This field may be repeated to specify to the Receiver the currency and amount of charges taken by preceding banks in the transaction chain. Charges should be indicated in the order in which they have been deducted from the transaction amount, that is, the first occurrence of this field specifies the charges of the first bank in the transaction chain that deducted charges; the last occurrence always gives the Sender's charges.

20. Field 71G: Receiver's Charges

FORMAT

Option G 3!a15d (Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Conditional (see rule C7)

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the transaction charges due to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

Amount must not equal zero (Error code(s): D57).

USAGE RULES

This field is conveyed for accounting reasons, that is, to facilitate bookkeeping.

Where field 71A indicates OUR payments, this field identifies the charges due, which have been prepaid and included in the interbank settlement amount.

21. Field 72: Sender to Receiver Information

FORMAT

6*35x (Narrative Structured Format)

The following line formats must be used:

Line 1	/8c/[additional information]	(Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-6	[/continuation of additional information] or /8c/[additional information]]	(Narrative) or (Code)(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies additional information for the Receiver or other party specified.

CODES

Unless bilaterally agreed otherwise between the Sender and the Receiver, the following code may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/')

INS	Instructing institution	The instructing institution which instructed the Sender to execute the transaction.
-----	-------------------------	---

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

If the code /INS/ is used at the beginning of a line, it must be followed by a valid financial institution BIC and be the only information on that line (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T44,T45,T46).

If the code /INS/ is present at the beginning of a line, it must not be used again at the beginning of any other line (Error code(s): T47).

If the code /INS/ is used anywhere else than at the beginning of a line, it is treated as free text and is ignored as far as validation is concerned. In this case, there is no validation of the following BIC either.

The codes /REJT/ or /RETN/ must not be used in this field (Error code(s): T81).

This field must not include ERI (Error code(s): T82).

USAGE RULES

Field 72 must never be used for information for which another field is intended.

Each item for which a code exists must start with that code and may be completed with additional information.

Each code used must be between slashes and appear at the beginning of a line. It may be followed by additional narrative text.

Narrative text relating to a preceding code, which is continued on the next line(s), must start with a double slash '//', and, if used, must begin on a new line. Narrative text should preferably be the last information in this field.

Use of field 72 with uncoded instructions is not allowed.

It is strongly recommended to use the standard code proposed above. In any case, where bilateral agreements covering the use of codes in this field are in effect, the code must conform to the structured format of this field.

If code INS is present in field 72 of a received message, then the code and the related details must be passed, unchanged, in field 72 of the subsequent message in the payment chain. Additional codes and details may be added to field 72 of the subsequent message but the original INS and related details must not be altered or removed.

22. Field 77B: Regulatory Reporting

FORMAT

Option B 3*35x (Narrative)

In addition to narrative text, the following line formats may be used:

Line 1	/8a/2!a[//additional information]	(Code)(Country Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-3	[//continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the codes for the statutory and/or regulatory information required by the authorities in the country of Receiver or Sender.

CODES

When the residence of either the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer is to be identified, one of the following codes may be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/'):

BENEFRES	Residence of the beneficiary customer.
ORDERRES	Residence of the ordering customer.

USAGE RULES

Country Code consists of the ISO country code of the country of residence of the ordering customer or beneficiary customer.

The information specified must not have been explicitly conveyed in another field.

In case the Receiver of the message is not legally obliged to forward the information to a regulatory body, he is allowed to ignore the content of this field.

MT 104 Direct Debit and Request for Debit Transfer Message

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 105 EDIFACT Envelope

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 107 General Direct Debit Message

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 110 Advice of Cheque(s)

MT 110 Scope

This multiple message is sent by a drawer bank, or a bank acting on behalf of the drawer bank to the bank on which a/several cheque(s) has been drawn (the drawee bank).

It is used to advise the drawee bank, or confirm to an enquiring bank, the details concerning the cheque(s) referred to in the message.

MT 110 Format Specifications

MT 110 Advice of Cheque(s)

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No.
M	20	Sender's Reference	16x	1
O	53a	Sender's Correspondent	A, B, or D	2
O	54a	Receiver's Correspondent	A, B, or D	3
O	72	Sender to Receiver Information	6*35x	4
----->				
M	21	Cheque Number	16x	5
M	30	Date of Issue	6!n	6
M	32a	Amount	A or B	7
O	50a	Payer	A, F, or K	8
O	52a	Drawer Bank	A, B, or D	9
M	59a	Payee	No letter option or F	10

M = Mandatory, O = Optional - Network Validated Rules may apply				

MT 110 Network Validated Rules

- C1** The repetitive sequence must not be present more than ten times (Error code(s): T10).
- C2** The currency code in the amount field 32a must be the same for all occurrences of this field in the message (Error code(s): C02).

MT 110 Field Specifications

1. Field 20: Sender's Reference

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the reference assigned by the Sender to unambiguously identify the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '//'.
(Error code(s): T26).

2. Field 53a: Sender's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the account or branch of the Sender or another bank through which the Sender will reimburse the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27, T28, T29, T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The absence of fields 53a and 54a implies that the single direct account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver, in the currency of the cheques, will be used.

In those cases where there are multiple direct account relationships, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver, and one of these accounts is to be used for reimbursement, the account to be credited or debited must be indicated in field 53a, using option B with the party identifier only.

If there is no direct account relationship, in the currency of the transaction, between the Sender and the Receiver (or branch of the Receiver when specified in field 54a), then field 53a must be present.

When field 53a is present and contains a branch of the Sender, the need for a cover message is dependent on the currency of the transaction, the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver and the contents of field 54a, if present.

A branch of the Receiver may appear in field 53a if the financial institution providing reimbursement is both the Sender's correspondent and a branch of the Receiver, and the Sender intends to send a cover message to the branch of the Receiver. In this case, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 53a.

In all other cases, when field 53a is present, a cover message, that is MT 202/203 or equivalent non-SWIFT, must be sent to the financial institution identified in field 53a.

When field 53B is used to specify a branch city name, it must always be a branch of the Sender.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54a is, in all cases, dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

3. Field 54a: Receiver's Correspondent

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies the branch of the Receiver or another bank at which the funds will be made available to the Receiver.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

The absence of fields 53a and 54a implies that the single direct account relationship between the Sender and the Receiver, in the currency of the cheques, will be used.

In those cases where field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver, and is not preceded by field 53a, or field 53a contains an account of the Sender serviced by the Receiver's branch, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch.

If field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver and field 53a contains a branch of the Sender, the Receiver will claim reimbursement from its branch or will be paid by its branch, depending on the currency of the transfer and the relationship between the Sender and the Receiver.

In all other cases where field 54a contains a branch of the Receiver, the Receiver will be paid by its branch in field 54a.

A branch of the Sender must not appear in field 54a.

If the branch of the Sender or other financial institution specified in field 53a is also the account servicer for the Receiver, field 54a must not be present.

Field 54a containing the name of a financial institution other than the Receiver's branch must be preceded by field 53a; the Receiver will be paid by the financial institution in field 54a.

The use and interpretation of fields 53a and 54a is in all cases dictated by the currency of the transaction and the correspondent relationship between the Sender and Receiver relative to that currency.

4. Field 72: Sender to Receiver Information

FORMAT

6*35x (Narrative)

In addition to narrative text, structured text with the following formats may be used:

Line 1	/8c/[additional information]	(Code)(Narrative)
Lines 2-6	[/continuation of additional information]	(Narrative)
	or	or
	[/8c/[additional information]]	(Code)(Narrative)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field specifies additional information for the Receiver or other party specified.

CODES

Unless bilaterally agreed otherwise between the Sender and the Receiver, one of the following codes must be used in Code, placed between slashes ('/'):

ACC	Account with institution	Instructions following are for the account with institution.
INS	Instructing institution	The instructing institution which instructed the Sender to execute the transaction.
INT	Intermediary institution	Instructions following are for the intermediary institution.
REC	Receiver	Instructions following are for the Receiver of the message.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

If the first six characters in line 1 contain the character string /REJT/ or /RETN/, then it is mandatory to follow the *Payments Reject/Return Guidelines* described in the *Standards MT Usage Guidelines*(Error code(s): T80).

USAGE RULES

Field 72 must never be used for information for which another field is intended.

Use of field 72, particularly with uncoded instructions, may cause delay, because, in automated systems, the presence of this field will normally require manual intervention.

It is strongly recommended to use the standard codes proposed above. However, where bilateral agreements covering the use of codes in this field are in effect, the code must conform to the structure of this field.

Each item for which a code exists must start with that code and may be completed with additional information.

Each code used must be between slashes and appear at the beginning of a line. It may be followed by additional narrative text.

Narrative text relating to a preceding code, which is continued on the next line(s), must start with a double slash '//', and, if used, must begin on a new line. Narrative text should preferably be the last information in this field.

This field may include ERI to transport dual currencies, as specified in the chapter entitled "Euro-Related Information (ERI)" in the *Standards MT General Information*.

In order to comply with the EC-directive on cross border credit transfers, the optional code word EXCH may be used to transport an exchange rate. In line with ERI, the code word EXCH is placed between slashes, followed by the exchange rate, format 12d, and terminated with another slash.

5. Field 21: Cheque Number

FORMAT

16x

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field contains the number of the cheque being advised.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

This field must not start or end with a slash '/' and must not contain two consecutive slashes '/' (Error code(s): T26).

6. Field 30: Date of Issue

FORMAT

6!n (Date)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field contains the date on which the cheque was drawn.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

7. Field 32a: Amount

FORMAT

Option A	6!n3!a15d	(Date)(Currency)(Amount)
Option B	3!a15d	(Currency)(Amount)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field specifies the currency and amount of the cheque for which the Sender has credited the Receiver with the cheque amount; it may also specify the value date.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Date must be a valid date expressed as YYMMDD (Error code(s): T50).

Currency must be a valid ISO 4217 currency code (Error code(s): T52).

The integer part of Amount must contain at least one digit. A decimal comma is mandatory and is included in the maximum length. The number of digits following the comma must not exceed the maximum number allowed for the specified currency (Error code(s): C03,T40,T43).

Currency must be the same for all occurrences of this field in the message (Error code(s): C02).

USAGE RULES

Option A will be used when the Sender has credited the Receiver with the cheque amount.

8. Field 50a: Payer**FORMAT**

Option A	[/34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Account) (Identifier Code)
Option F	35x 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)
Option K	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)

In option F, the following line formats must be used (Error code(s): T54):

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	/34x	(Account)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

Or

Line 1 (subfield Party Identifier)	4!a/2!a/27x	(Code)(Country Code)(Identifier)
Lines 2-5 (subfield Name and Address)_copy	1!n/33x	(Number)(Details)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field identifies the payer of the cheque.

CODES

In option F, when Party Identifier is used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format, one of the following codes must be used in Code (Error code(s): T55):

ARNU	Alien Registration Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Alien Registration Number.
CCPT	Passport Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Passport Number.
CUST	Customer Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the Customer Identification Number.
DRLC	Driver's Licence Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuing authority, a slash, '/', the issuing authority, a slash, '/' and the Driver's Licence Number.
EMPL	Employer Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the registration authority, a slash, '/', the registration authority, a slash, '/' and the Employer Number.
NIDN	National Identity Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the National Identity Number.
SOSE	Social Security Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Social Security Number.
TXID	Tax Identification Number	The code followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the Tax Identification Number.

CODES

In option F, Number must contain one of the following values (Error code(s): T56):

1	Payer's Name	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the payer's name.
2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide, for example, street name and number, or building name).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence.
4	Date of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the date of birth in the YYYYMMDD format.
5	Place of Birth	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash '/' and the place of birth.

6	Customer Identification Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code of the issuer of the number, a slash, '/', the issuer of the number, a slash, '/' and the customer identification number.
7	National Identity Number	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the ISO country code, a slash, '/' and the national identity number.
8	Additional Information	<p>The number followed by a slash, '/' is followed by information that completes one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the identifier provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format. • the customer identification number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 6. • the national identity number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) with number 7.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: Country Code must be a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).
- Number 4 must not be used without number 5 and vice versa (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 4 must be followed by a valid date in the format YYYYMMDD and this date, local to the sender, must not be later than the date on which the message is successfully sent to SWIFT (Error code(s): T50).
- Numbers 5, 6 and 7 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73), a slash '/' and additional Details (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 must not be repeated (Error code(s): T56).
- The use of number 8 is only allowed in the following instances (Error code(s): T56):
 - to continue information on the Identifier of the ordering customer provided in subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format.
 - to continue information on the Customer Identification Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 6.
 - to continue information on the National Identity Number provided in subfield 2 (Name and Address) following number 7.

USAGE RULES

If the account number of the payer is known, it must be stated in Account.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): Numbers 1, 2 and 3 may be repeated.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in additional details.

In option F, subfield 1 (Party Identifier) used with the (Code)(Country Code)(Identifier) format: if additional space is required for providing the Identifier of the payer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the payer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

In option F, subfield 2 (Name and Address): if additional space is required for providing the Customer Identification Number (number 6) or the National Identity Number (number 7) of the payer, one of the following options must be used:

1. First option (preferred): Identify the payer with a different identifier where the length is not an issue.
2. Second option: Continue the information in subfield 2 (Name and Address) using number 8.

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

9. Field 52a: Drawer Bank

FORMAT

Option A	[/1!a]/[34x] 4!a2!a2!c[3!c]	(Party Identifier) (Identifier Code)
Option B	[/1!a]/[34x] [35x]	(Party Identifier) (Location)
Option D	[/1!a]/[34x] 4*35x	(Party Identifier) (Name and Address)

PRESENCE

Optional

DEFINITION

This field identifies the drawer bank.

CODES

In option A, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	without 9 digit code	Pay by Fedwire
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code
PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code

CODES

In option B or D, Party Identifier may be used to indicate a national clearing system code.

The following codes may be used, preceded by a double slash '//':

AT	5!n	Austrian Bankleitzahl
AU	6!n	Australian Bank State Branch (BSB) Code
BL	8!n	German Bankleitzahl
CC	9!n	Canadian Payments Association Payment Routing Number
CH	6!n	CHIPS Universal Identifier
CN	12..14n	China National Advanced Payment System (CNAPS) Code
CP	4!n	CHIPS Participant Identifier
ES	8..9n	Spanish Domestic Interbanking Code
FW	9!n	Fedwire Routing Number
GR	7!n	HEBIC (Hellenic Bank Identification Code)
HK	3!n	Bank Code of Hong Kong
IE	6!n	Irish National Clearing Code (NSC)
IN	11!c	Indian Financial System Code (IFSC)
IT	10!n	Italian Domestic Identification Code

PL	8!n	Polish National Clearing Code (KNR)
PT	8!n	Portuguese National Clearing Code
RU	9!n	Russian Central Bank Identification Code
SC	6!n	UK Domestic Sort Code
SW	3..5n	Swiss Clearing Code (BC code)
SW	6!n	Swiss Clearing Code (SIC code)

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

Identifier Code must be a registered financial institution BIC (Error code(s): T27,T28,T29,T45).

Identifier Code must be a financial institution BIC. This error code applies to all types of BICs referenced in a FIN message including connected BICs, non-connected BICs, Masters, Synonyms, Live destinations and Test & Training destinations (Error code(s): C05).

USAGE RULES

This field is used when the drawer bank is a branch of the Sender or a bank other than the Sender of the message.

The coded information contained in field 52a must be meaningful to the Receiver of the message.

Option A is the preferred option.

Option D should only be used when the ordering financial institution has no BIC.

10. Field 59a: Payee

FORMAT

No letter option	[/34x] 4*35x	(Account) (Name and Address)
Option F	[/34x] 4*(1!n/33x)	(Account) (Number/Name and Address Details)

PRESENCE

Mandatory

DEFINITION

This field identifies the beneficiary of the cheque.

CODES

In option F, Number/Name and Address Details must contain one of the following codes (Error code(s): T56):

1	Payee's Name	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by the payee's name.
---	--------------	---

2	Address Line	The number followed by a slash, '/' must be followed by an address line (Address Line can be used to provide for example, street name and number, building name or post office box number).
3	Country and Town	The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a slash, '/', the ISO country code and, optionally, additional details that are preceded by a slash '/'. Other occurrences of number 3 must be followed by a slash '/' and the continuation of additional details. Additional details can contain town, which can be complemented by postal code (for example zip) and country subdivision (for example state, province, or county). The country code and town should, preferably, indicate the country and town of residence, as provided by the ordering customer.

NETWORK VALIDATED RULES

In option F, for subfield (Number/Name and Address Details):

- The first line must start with number 1 (Error code(s): T56).
- Numbers must appear in numerical order (Error code(s): T56).
- Number 2 must not be used without number 3 (Error code(s): T56).
- The first occurrence of number 3 must be followed by a valid ISO country code (Error code(s): T73).

USAGE RULES

Account must not be used.

In option F:

- line numbers may be repeated
- if number 2 is present, the first occurrence of number 3 must include the town in the additional details

[When Chinese characters are necessary and when use is bilaterally agreed, the Chinese Commercial Code e-table and guidelines must be followed as published in \[www.swift.com\]\(http://www.swift.com\) > Standards > Document centre > Market Practice > Chinese Commercial Code eTable Information.](#)

MT 111 Request for Stop Payment of a Cheque

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 112 Status of a Request for Stop Payment of a Cheque

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 190 Advice of Charges, Interest and Other Adjustments

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 191 Request for Payment of Charges, Interest and Other Expenses

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 192 Request for Cancellation

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 195 Queries

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 196 Answers

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 198 Proprietary Message

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

MT 199 Free Format Message

This message type does not change in the Standards MT Release 2018.

Details of this message are still available in the current version of the Standards MT documentation on www.swift.com > Ordering & Support > User Handbook Home > A-Z.

Glossary of Terms

In addition to the definitions which appear in the *Standards MT General Information*, Glossary of Terms, the following terms apply to category 1 message types:

Available Funds	Funds available for transfer or withdrawal in cash.
Bankleitzahl	An eight digit numeric code used to identify banks in Germany. It may only be assigned, changed or cancelled by Deutsche Bundesbank, in Germany.
CHIPS (Clearing House Interbank Payments System)	A private telecommunications payment service operated by the New York Clearing House Association for banks in the New York area, which handles US dollar payments only.
CHIPS Participant	A bank authorized to send and receive payments on the CHIPS system.
CHIPS Participant ID (ABA Number)	A unique number identifying a CHIPS participant. The first four digits are the participant's number, followed by a one digit group identifier. For SWIFT purposes, only the first four digits of the CHIPS Participant ID will be used.
CHIPS Settling Participant	A CHIPS Participant responsible for the settlement of its own CHIPS net debit or credit position at the end of the CHIPS business day.
CHIPS Universal Identifier (U.I.D.)	A unique six digit number assigned by CHIPS to identify an account.
Cover Payment	The reimbursement of a correspondent for a payment.
Debit Transfer Contract	The agreement between the creditor and its own account-holding institution, relating to the services offered and under what terms. It is accepted without reference in the text, that there is an underlying contract between the creditor and the debtor for the service which has been provided, and which requires payment. Agreement also exists between the account-holding institution and the body which acts as the data processing centre and/or clearing centre for direct debit transactions.
Debit Transfer Mandate	A debit transfer mandate is an agreement between a creditor and a debtor and possibly the debtor's bank. It authorises the creditor to debit the debtor's account according to the terms of the debit transfer mandate.
Drawee Bank	The bank on which a cheque is drawn. It is the bank which is expected to accept and pay a cheque.
Drawer Bank	The bank which signs the cheque giving an order to another bank (drawee bank) to pay the amount for which the cheque is drawn.
Federal Funds	US dollars on deposit at a Federal Reserve Bank in the United States.
Fedwire	A payment service operated by the US Federal Reserve System as a private wire network for transfers between financial institutions having accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank.
Fedwire Routing Number	A nine digit numeric code used to identify banks in the United States.
Funds Transfer	Complete movement of funds between the originator and the beneficiary. A funds transfer may consist of one or more funds transfer transactions.

Funds Transfer Transaction	The movement of funds directly between two parties, involving no intermediaries other than a payment or communications service.
Immediate Funds	Same day funds in which the settlement is simultaneous with execution of the transaction.
Instructing Party	The party instructing the Sender to execute a transaction.
Intermediary Reimbursement Institution	For SWIFT purposes, an institution receiving funds on behalf of the Receiver's Correspondent from the Sender's Correspondent.
Originator	Initiator of the transfer instructions. Equivalent to the ordering customer, for example, field 50a in the MT 103.
Originator's Institution	Identifies the financial institution which is acting for the Originator of the transfer. Equivalent to the ordering institution, for example, field 52a in the MT 103.
Payee	The beneficiary of a cheque.
Remitter	The party which is the source of funds in a payment order.
Same Day Funds	The funds available for transfer today, or for withdrawal in cash, subject to the settlement of the transaction through the payment mechanism used.
Settlement	A transfer of funds to complete one or more prior transactions made, subject to final accounting.

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